# WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



# INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 7:

C12N 15/12, C07K 14/705, C12N 15/85, 5/10, C07K 16/28

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 00/32766

(43) International Publication Date:

8 June 2000 (08.06.00)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/EP99/09284

A1

(22) International Filing Date:

30 November 1999 (30.11.99)

(30) Priority Data:

9826359.3

1 December 1998 (01.12.98) GB

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): GLAXO GROUP LIMITED [GB/GB]; Glaxo Wellcome House, Berkeley Avenue, Greenford, Middlesex UB6 0NN (GB).

(72) Inventors; and

- (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): DELANY, Natalie, Samantha [GB/GB]; Glaxo Wellcome plc, Gunnels Wood Road, Stevenage, Hertfordshire SG1 2NY (GB). SANSEAU, Philippe [FR/GB]; Glaxo Wellcome plc, Gunnels Wood Road, Stevenage, Hertfordshire SG1 2NY (GB). TATE, Simon, Nicholas [GB/GB]; Glaxo Wellcome plc, Gunnels Wood Road, Stevenage, Hertfordshire SG1 2NY (GB).
- (74) Agent: DOLTON, Peter, I.; Glaxo Wellcome plc, Glaxo Wellcome House, Berkeley Avenue, Greenford, Middlesex UB6 0NN (GB).

(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

#### Published

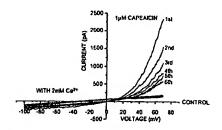
With international search report.

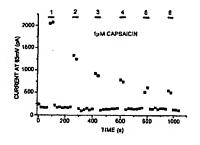
Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

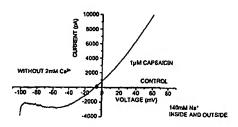
(54) Title: HUMAN VANILLOID RECEPTORS AND THEIR USES

#### (57) Abstract

The invention provides novel human vanilloid receptor (hVR) proteins, in particular hVR1 and hVR3, nucleotide sequences encoding for the novel hVR proteins, and hVR proteins for use in a method for screening for agents useful in the treatment or prophylaxis of disorders which are responsive to modulation of hVr activity in a human patient. The invention also provides expression vectors comprising said nucleotide sequences, stable cell lines comprising said expression vectors, antibodies specific for the novel hVR proteins, methods for the identification of compounds which exhibit hVR modulating activity, compounds identifiable and identified by such methods, and methods of treatment or prophylaxis of disorders which are responsive to modulation of hVR activity in a human patient.







### FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA ·	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	zw	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal .		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	Li	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden	•	
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

# HUMAN VANILLOID RECEPTORS AND THEIR USES

#### Field of the Invention

5

25

30

35

The present invention relates to human vanilloid receptor (hVR) proteins and to related nucleotide sequences, expression vectors, cell lines, antibodies screening methods, compounds, methods of production and methods of treatment, as well as other related aspects.

#### Background of the Invention

Capsaicin, the irritant in hot peppers and a member of the vanilloid family 10 activates a sub-group of sensory neurons: the nociceptors. These neurons transmit nociceptive and thermoceptive pain information back to pain-processing centres in the central nervous system such as the spinal cord and the brain. They are also sites for the release of pro-inflammatory mediators in the periphery (1). Nociceptors show heterogeneity in their sensitivity to capsaicin. 15 Excitation and prolonged exposure of these neurons to capsaicin is followed by a refractory state known as desensitisation (2) when they become insensitive to capsaicin and other noxious stimuli (3). The long-term response to insensitivity could be explained by death of the nociceptors or destruction of its peripheral terminals (4). Because of the desensitisation phenomenon, capsaicin has been 20 used therapeutically for decades as an analgesic agent for the treatment of pain in a range of disorders (5).

It has been speculated that the endogenous target for capsaicin plays an important function in the detection of painful stimuli. It has been shown by electrophysiological and biochemical studies that capsaicin induces a flux of cations in dorsal root ganglion (DRG) neurons (6,7). Because other vanilloid derivatives show responses in a dose dependent manner (8,9) a receptor is the most likely candidate to explain the mechanism. Therefore, based on indirect evidence it has been anticipated that these actions of capsaicin (excitation / desensitisation) are mediated by a specific membrane-bound receptor named vanilloid receptor (10).

Evidence for the existence of a vanilloid receptor came from binding experiments with resiniferatoxin (RTX), a capsaicin analog (11), and a competitive antagonist

of capsaicin, capsazepine (12). Vanilloid receptors have been visualised by using ([<sup>3</sup>H]-RTX) autoradiography in dorsal root ganglia (DRG) and spinal cord of different species including man (13,14).

Recently, a rat vanilloid receptor termed VR1 has been identified using an expression-cloning strategy to isolate the complementary DNA (cDNA) encoding the corresponding protein from a rat DRG cDNA library (15). The cDNA clone was completely sequenced. The rat VR1 cDNA has an open reading frame of 2,514 nucleotides and encodes for a protein of 838 amino acids with a predicted relative molecular mass of 95,000. Analysis of the amino acid sequence identified 6 potential transmembrane regions with a short hydrophobic stretch between the transmembrane regions 5 and 6. The N-terminus (amino terminal) contains three ankyrin repeat domains. No motifs have been identified at the C-terminus (carboxy terminal).

15

20

25

30

35

It has been noted that rat VR1 transfected cells exhibit an increase in calcium levels after heat treatment and it has been suggested that *in vivo* VR1 and vanilloid receptors are involved in detection of noxious heat (but not innocuous heat). It has also been proposed that protons could act as modulators of the vanilloid receptors (16, 17, 18).

While it has been recognised that the rat capsaicin receptor, VR1, is a member of the family of non-selective ion channels that are gated by ligands and that it is involved in pain sensation, the natural ligand of VR1 remains unknown. It is therefore suggested that human vanilloid receptor sub-types may provide targets for the development of novel analgesic agents (agonists and antagonists) and agents which may interact with other disorders.

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to locate and characterise human vanilloid receptors. Other objects of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description thereof.

#### Summary of the Invention

According to one embodiment of the present invention there is provided an isolated human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein or a variant thereof. Preferably

3

the hVR protein is an hVR1 or hVR3 protein or a variant thereof. In a particularly preferred aspect of the invention the hVR protein has an amino acid sequence as shown in figure 3 or in figure 18.

According to another aspect of the invention, there is provided a human vanilliod receptor (hVR) protein or a variant thereof, preferably hVR1 or hVR3 or a variant thereof, for use in a method of screening for agents useful in the treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to the modulation of hVR activity, preferably hVR1 or hVR3 activity, in a human patient. Preferably the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), a respiratory disorder such as asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), a urological disorder such as diabetic neuropathy, incontinence and interstitial cystitis, or an inflammatory disorder.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a nucleotide sequence encoding a human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein or a variant thereof as hereinbefore described, or a nucleotide sequence that is complementary thereto. Preferably the nucleotide sequence encodes an hVR1, hVR3 protein or variant thereof or a nucleotide sequence which is complementary thereto. Particularly preferably the nucleotide sequence is as shown in figure 2 and figure 17.

20

30

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided an expression vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence as referred to above which is capable of expressing an hVR protein as hereinbefore described or a variant thereof, preferably hVR1 or hVR3 or a variant thereof. Preferably the expression vector is as displayed in figure 6 or figure 20.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a stable cell line comprising an expression vector as referred to above which is capable of expressing an hVR protein as hereinbefore described or a variant thereof, preferably hVR1 or hVR3 or a variant thereof. The stable cell line is preferably a

WO 00/32766

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

4

modified mammalian cell line, preferably HEK293, CHO, COS, HeLa or BHK although transient expression may be preferred in *Xenopus* oocytes.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided an antibody specific for an hVR protein as hereinbefore described or a variant thereof, preferably specific for hVR1 or hVR3 or a variant thereof.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a method for identification of a compound which exhibits hVR modulating activity, comprising contacting an hVR protein as hereinbefore described or a variant thereof, preferably hVR1 or hVR3 or a variant thereof, with a test compound and detecting modulating activity or inactivity.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a compound which modulates hVR activity, preferably that of hVR1 or hVR3, identifiable by the method referred to above.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a compound which modulates hVR activity, preferably that of hVR1 or hVR3, identifiable by the method referred to above, for use in therapy.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided the use of a compound which modulates hVR activity, preferably that of hVR1 or hVR3, identifiable by the method referred to above, in the manufacture of a medicament for treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to the modulation of hVR activity, preferably hVR1 activity or hVR3 activity, in a human patient. Preferably the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), a respiratory disorder such as asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), a urological disorder such as neuropathy, incontinence or interstitial cystitis, or an inflammatory disorder.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a method of treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to modulation of hVR.

preferably hVR1 or hVR3, activity in a human patient which comprises administering to said patient an effective amount of a compound identifiable by the method referred to above. Preferably the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), respiratory disorders such as asthma and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and urological disorders including diabetic neuropathy, incontinence and interstitial cystitis and inflammatory disorders.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a compound which modulates hVR activity, preferably that of hVR1 or hVR3, identifiable by the method referred to above, excluding the compounds capsaicin, resiniferatoxin, piperine, zingerone, polydodial, warburganal, aframodial, cinnamodial, cinnamosmolide, cinnamolide, isovelleral, scalaradial, ancistrodial, β-acaridial, scutigeral, merulidial, anandamide and capsazepine.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a compound which modulates hVR activity, preferably that of hVR1 or hVR3, identifiable by the method referred to above, excluding the compounds capsaicin, resiniferatoxin, piperine, zingerone, polydodial, warburganal, aframodial, cinnamodial, cinnamosmolide, cinnamolide, isovelleral, scalaradial, ancistrodial,  $\beta$ -acaridial, scutigeral, merulidial, anandamide and capsazepine, for use in therapy.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided the use of a compound which modulates hVR activity, preferably that of hVR1 or hVR3, identifiable by the method referred to above, excluding the compounds capsaicin, resiniferatoxin, piperine, zingerone, polydodial, warburganal, aframodial, cinnamodial, cinnamosmolide, cinnamolide, isovelleral, scalaradial, ancistrodial, β-acaridial, scutigeral, merulidial, anandamide and capsazepine, in the manufacture of a medicament for treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to the modulation of hVR activity, preferably hVR1 activity or hVR3 activity, in a human patient. Preferably the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic

6

pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), a respiratory disorder such as asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), a urological disorder such as neuropathy, incontinence or interstitial cystitis, or an inflammatory disorder.

5

10

15

20

30

35

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a method of treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to modulation of hVR, preferably hVR1 or hVR3, activity in a human patient which comprises administering to said patient an effective amount of a compound identifiable by the method referred to above, excluding the compounds capsaicin, resiniferatoxin, piperine, zingerone, polydodial, warburganal, aframodial, cinnamodial, cinnamosmolide, cinnamolide, isovelleral, scalaradial, ancistrodial, β-acaridial, scutigeral, merulidial, anandamide and capsazepine. Preferably the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), respiratory disorders such as asthma and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and urological disorders including diabetic neuropathy, incontinence and interstitial cystitis and inflammatory disorders.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a compound identified by the method referred to above.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a compound identified by the method referred to above, for use in therapy.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided the use of a compound identified by the method referred to above in the manufacture of a medicament for treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to the modulation of hVR activity, preferably hVR1 activity or hVR3 activity, in a human patient. Preferably the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), a respiratory disorder such as asthma or chronic

obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), a urological disorder such as neuropathy, incontinence or interstitial cystitis, or an inflammatory disorder.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a method of treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to modulation of hVR, preferably hVR1 or hVR3, activity in a human patient which comprises administering to said patient an effective amount of a compound identified by the method referred to above. Preferably the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), respiratory disorders such as asthma and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and urological disorders including diabetic neuropathy, incontinence and interstitial cystitis and inflammatory disorders.

15

20

10

5

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a method of producing an hVR protein as hereinbefore described or a variant thereof, preferably hVR1 or hVR3 or a variant thereof, comprising introducing into an appropriate cell line a suitable vector comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding for an hVR protein or a variant thereof, preferably hVR1 or hVR3 or a variant thereof, under conditions suitable for obtaining expression of the hVR protein or a variant thereof, preferably hVR1 or hVR3 or a variant thereof.

#### **Brief Description of the figures**

Figure 1 is an alignment of hVR1 *in silico* derived clusters with rat VR1.

Figure 2 displays the human VR1 nucleotide sequence including the 5'UTR (nt – 773 to nt 0), coding region (nt 1 to 2517) and 3'UTR (nt 2518 to nt 3560).

Figure 3 illustrates the nucleotide and encoded amino acid sequence of the human VR1sequence.

Figure 4 depicts the amino acid sequence of the hVR1 gene, the shading denotes predicted trans-membrane regions (boxed) and the ankyrin binding domains (unboxed). The predicted phosphorylation sites are underlined. Figure 5 is a comparison of the amino acid sequences of the rat (rVR1) and human (hVR1) vanilloid receptors.

20

Figure 6 illustrates constructs pBluescriptSK(+) (A) and pCIN5-new (B) with the full length hVR1 gene cloned via Notl and EcoRI restriction sites.

Figure 7 shows a Slot Blot hybridisation with hVR1 probe with positive labelling of both rat and human DRG mRNA.

Figure 8 displays a Western blot probed with anti-VR1 antibodies with the arrow indicating the VR1 specific protein.

Figure 9 shows localisation of VR1 in rat DRG tissue sections, the arrow points to VR1 expressing small diameter ( $<25\mu n$ ) neurone cell bodies.

Figure 10 depicts the *in situ* localisation of VR1 in human DRG sections (A) and human skin (B).

Figure 11 illustrates the functional response to capsaicin and blockade by capsazepine (CPZ) (A) with the current voltage relationship plotted in (B) on human VR-1 channels, transiently expressed in HEK293T cells.

Figure 12 shows capsaicin-induced desensitisation of human VR-1 channels in the presence of 2mM external calcium (A), maximum current (65mV) against time (B) and current voltage relationship in the absense of Ca<sup>2+</sup> (C).

Figure 13 shows the influx of calcium into transiently transfected HEK293T cells over a time course in the presence of agonist capsaicin, anandamide and resiniferatoxin in the absence (A, B, D and F) or presence (C, E, G) of the antagonist, capsezipine.

Figure 14 illustrates a graphical presentation the results shown in figure 13 examining the response of hVR1 transfected HEK293T cells over time before and after exposure to agonists: capsaicin, anandamide and resiniferatoxin in the absence (A, B, D and F) or presence (C, E, G) of the antagonist, capsezipine.

Figure 15 displays the proposed assay strategy to carry out drug screening. Figure 16 displays an alignment of *in silico* derived hVR3 specific clusters with rat VR1.

Figure 17 depicts the hVR3 nucleotide sequence including the 5' UTR (nt -686 to nt 0) Coding region (nt1 to nt 2889), 3'UTR (nt 2890 to nt 3418).

Figure 18 shows the nucleotide and amino acid sequence of hVR3.

Figure 19 is of the amino acid sequence of hVR3, the shading denotes predicted trans-membrane regions (boxed) and the ankyrin binding domains (unboxed).

Figure 20 displays constructs pBluescriptSK(+) (A) and pCDNA3.1 (+) (B) with the full length hVR3 gene cloned via Notl and Xhol restriction sites.

9

Figure 21 illustrates a multiple comparison of the amino acid sequences of the rat VR1 and the human vanilloid receptors: hVR1, hVRL-1 and hVR3.

Figure 22 Northern Blot hybridisation with hVR3 probe with strong signals detected in trachea (A), prostate (B), placenta, kidney and pancreas (C).

5

10

15

# **Detailed Description of the Invention**

Throughout the present specification and the accompanying claims the words "comprise" and "include" and variations such as "comprises", "comprising", "includes" and "including" are to be interpreted inclusively. That is, these words are intended to convey the possible inclusion of other elements or integers not specifically recited, where the context allows.

As referred to above, the present invention relates to isolated human vanilloid receptor (hVR) proteins, and in particular to the human vanilloid receptors which will be termed respectively human vanilloid receptors 1 and 3 (hVR1, and hVR3), sequence information for which is provided in figures 2 (hVR1) and 17 (hVR3). In the context of this invention the term "isolated" is intended to convey that the receptor protein is not in its native state, insofar as it has been purified at least to some extent or has been synthetically produced, for example by recombinant methods. The term "isolated" therefore includes the possibility of the receptor protein being in combination with other biological or non-biological material, such as cells, suspensions of cells or cell fragments, proteins, peptides, organic or inorganic solvents, or other materials where appropriate, but excludes the situation where the receptor protein is in a state as found in nature.

25

20

Routine methods, as further explained in the subsequent experimental section, can be employed to purify and/or synthesise the receptor proteins according to the invention. Such methods are well understood by persons skilled in the art, and include techniques such as those disclosed in Sambrook, J. et al. (28), the disclosure of which is included herein in its entirety by way of reference.

30

35

By the term "variant" what is meant throughout the specification and claims is that other peptides or proteins which retain the same essential character of the human vanilloid receptor proteins for which sequence information is provided, are also intended to be included within the scope of the invention. For example,

WO 00/32766

other peptides or proteins with greater than about 80%, preferably at least 90% and particularly preferably at least 95% homology with the sequences provided are considered as variants of the receptor proteins. Such variants may include the deletion, modification or addition of single amino acids or groups of amino acids within the protein sequence, as long as the peptide maintains the biological functionality of a human vanilloid receptor. This biological functionality can of course be assessed by conducting binding studies with known vanilloid modulators such as capsaicin, capsazepine (12) and resiniferatoxin (11).

Human VR1 is preferentially expressed in human dorsal root ganglia (DRG) and relative to hVR3 has the highest sequence homology with the rat VR1. Therefore, hVR1 is likely to be the human orthologue to rat VR1. hVR3 is less similar to rat VR1 and is expressed in a wider range of tissues. Nucleotide sequence analysis of hVR1 reveals a 2517bp open reading frame which encodes an 839 amino acid protein (see figures 2, 3 and 4). This deduced hVR1 protein sequence is 86 % identical to the rat VR1 (15) and shares many of its characteristics such as 6 transmembrane regions with an hydrophobic stretch between transmembrane 5 and 6 and an N-terminus which contains 3 ankyrin repeat domains. Similarly hVR3 has an open reading frame of 2889bp open reading frame which encodes a 963 amino acid protein (see figures 17, 18 and 19). The deduced hVR3 protein is 46 % identical to rat VR1 and 44 % identical to hVR1 sharing many of VR1's characteristics such as 6 transmembrane regions with an hydrophobic stretch between transmembrane 5 and 6 and an N-terminus which contains 3 ankyrin repeat domains.

25

30

35

20

5

10

15

The invention also includes nucleotide sequences which encode for human vanilloid receptor proteins or variants thereof as well as nucleotide sequences which are complementary thereto. Preferably the nucleotide sequence is a DNA sequence and most preferably, a cDNA sequence. Preferably the proteins are hVR1, hVR3 or variants thereof. Such nucleotides can be isolated or synthesised according to methods well know in the art. See reference 28, the disclosure of which is included herein in its entirety by way of reference.

The present invention also includes expression vectors which comprise nucleotide sequences encoding for the hVR, preferably hVR1 or hVR3, receptor

proteins or variants thereof. A further aspect of the invention relates to an expression vector comprising nucleotide sequences encoding for hVR1 or hVR3 receptor proteins or variants thereof. Such expression vectors are routinely constructed in the art of molecular biology and may for example involve the use of plasmid DNA and appropriate initiators, promoters, enhancers and other elements, such as for example polyadenylation signals which may be necessary, and which are positioned in the correct orientation, in order to allow for protein expression. Suitable vectors for use in practicing the present invention include pBluescript (Stratagene), pCR-Script (Stratagene), pCR2.1-TOPO (Invitrogen), pCRII-TOPO (Invitrogen), pCR-Blunt (Invitrogen), with vectors such as pCIN (32) (available from Clontech as pIRES-neo), pCDNA 3.1 (Invitrogen) or pClneo (Promega) required for mammalian expression. Appropriate methods can be effected by following protocols described in many standard laboratory manuals (28, 29).

The invention also includes cell lines which have been modified to express the novel receptor. Such cell lines include transient, or preferably stable higher eukaryotic cell lines, such as mammalian cells or insect cells, lower eukaryotic cells, such as yeast or prokaryotic cells such as bacterial cells. Particular examples of cells which have been modified by insertion of vectors encoding for the receptor proteins according to the invention include HEK293T cells and *Xenopus* oocytes. Preferably the cell line selected will be one which is not only stable, but also allows for mature glycosylation and cell surface expression of the inventive receptor. Representive examples of appropriate hosts include animal cells such as HEK293, CHO, COS, HeLa and BHK.

It is also possible for the receptors of the invention to be transiently expressed in a cell line or on a membrane, such as for example in a baculovirus expression system. Such systems, which are adapted to express the receptors according to the invention, are also included within the scope of the present invention.

In particular, the functional hVR protein may include hVR receptor proteins selected from hVR1 and hVR3 and thereof or even other hVR protein subtypes or splice variants which have not yet been identified.

12

According to another aspect, the present invention also relates to antibodies, preferably monoclonal antibodies, which have been raised by standard techniques and are specific for the receptor proteins or variants thereof according to the invention. Such antibodies could for example be useful in purification, isolation or screening involving immuno precipitation techniques and may be used as tools to further ellucidate hVR, preferably hVR1 or hVR3, protein function, or indeed as therapeutic agents in their own right. Antibodies may also be raised against specific epitopes of the receptors according to the invention.

10

15

20

25

30

35

5

An important aspect of the present invention is the use of receptor proteins according to the invention in screening methods designed to identify compounds which act as receptor ligands and which may be useful to modulate receptor activity. In general terms, such screening methods will involve contacting the receptor protein concerned, preferably hVR1 or hVR3, with a test compound and then detecting modulation in the receptor activity, or indeed detecting receptor inactivity, which results. For further details on the screening strategy refer to figure 15. The present invention also includes within its scope those compounds which are identified as possessing useful hVR, preferably hVR1 or hVR3. modulation activity, by the screening methods referred to above. The screening methods comprehended by the invention are generally well known to persons skilled in the art. High throughput screens may include fluorescence based assays using the Fluorometric Imaging Plate Reader (FLIPR) with calcium sensitive dyes, and reporter gene assays using calcium sensitive photoproteins that emit light on the influx of calcium and can be detected using an Imaging system. Secondary screens may involve electrophysiological assays utilising patch clamp technology to identify small molecules, antibodies, peptides, proteins or other types of compounds that interact with hVR, preferably hVR1 or hVR3, to modulate activity. Tertiary screens may involve the study of modulators in well characterised rat and mouse models of pain. These models of pain include, but are not restricted to, intraplantar injection of inflammatory agents such as carageenan, formalin and complete freunds adjuvant (CFA). Models of neuropathic pain such as loose ligature of the sciatic nerve are also included. Other screens may involve the study of modulators in human volunteers subject to topically applied capsaicin.

13

5

10

15

20

25

30

Another aspect of the present invention is the use of compounds which have been identified by screening techniques referred to above in the treatment or prophylaxis of disorders which are responsive to modulation of hVR, preferably hVR1 or hVR3, receptor activity, in a human patient. By the term "modulation" what is meant is that there will be either agonism or antagonism at the receptor site which results from ligand binding of the compound at the receptor. By the term "modulation" what is meant is that there will be either agonism or antagonism at the receptor site which results from ligand binding of the compound at the receptor excluding the compounds capsaicin, resiniferatoxin, zingerone. polydodial, warburganal, aframodial. cinnamodial, cinnamosmolide, cinnamolide, isovelleral, scalaradial, ancistrodial, β-acaridial, scutigeral, merulidial, anandamide and capsazepine. hVR, preferably hVR1 and hVR3, proteins have been implicated in disorders of the central nervous system (CNS), gastrointestinal (GI) tract, lungs and bladder and therefore modulation of hVR, preferably hVR1 or hVR3, receptor activity in these tissues will result in a positive therapeutic outcome in relation to such disorders. In particular, the compounds which will be identified using the screening techniques according to the invention will have utility for treatment and/or prophylaxis of disorders such as pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, IBS, respiratory disorders such as asthma and COPD, urological disorders including diabetic neuropathy, incontinence and interstitial cystitis, and inflammatory disorders. It is to be understood however, that the mention of such disorders is by way of example only, and is not intended to be limiting on the scope of the invention.

The compounds which are identified according to the screening methods outlined above may be formulated with standard pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and/or excipients as is routine in the pharmaceutical art, and as fully described in Remmington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Company, Eastern Pennsylvania, 17th Ed, 1985, the disclosure of which is included herein in its entirety by way of reference.

The compounds may be administered via enteral or parenteral routes such as via oral, buccal, anal, pulmonary, intravenous, intraarterial, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, topical or other appropriate administration routes.

The present invention will be further explained, by way of examples, in the appended experimental section. Reference examples are provided.

#### Experimental details

15

20

25

30

35

10 Reference Example A: Identification of related human ESTs (Expressed Sequence Tags) (19) to the rat VR1 sequence by *in silico* analysis

The full-length rat VR1 amino acid sequence (15) was used as a query sequence using the tBlastn (20) alignment program to identify related human genes in the dbEST (21) and Incyte (Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 3174 Porter Drive, Palo Alto, California 94304, USA) databases. Several human ESTs were identified and those with similarities greater than 50% selected for further analysis. One of these ESTs was T12251 previously shown to have 68% aminoacid identity and 84% similarity over a region of 70 amino acids (15). Full-length cloning and functional characterisation of the gene represented by this cluster has been completed (30). This gene was denoted hVRL-1 and encoded a protein of 764 amino acid protein that was 48 % identical to the rat VR1 protein. All human ESTs from both databases were clustered to identify overlapping identical ESTs belonging to the same transcript. The GCG package (Wisconsin Package Version 9.0, Genetics Computer Group (GCG), Madison, Wisconsin) and a program developed in house termed ESTBlast (22) were used to build up these clusters. In total, forty-three ESTs derived from different tissue sources and both EST databases were clustered into ten groups, one of these clusters represented hVRL-1. The remaining nine clusters have been named hVRa, hVRb, hVRc, hVRd, hVRe, hVRf, hVRg, hVRh and hVRi. For each EST the tissue source was assigned according to the annotations in the dbEST and Incyte databases. Since no obvious starting codon was present and the cluster sequences were shorter than the rat VR1 transcript none of these clusters were likely to represent a full-length vanilloid receptor transcript. Finally hVRg, hVRh and hVRi collapsed into a single contig. Sequence analysis has shown that

25

30

35

these cDNAs are likely to be chimeric. The 5' end has weak similarities with the rat VR1 gene but the 3' end is identical to a DNA binding protein. No more work was pursued with that transcript.

# Reference Example B: Isolation of the human orthologue to the rat VR1 gene (reference examples B1-B4):

# Reference Example B1: In silico assembly of human VR1

The consensus nucleotide sequences from the ten clusters were searched with the tBlastx program (20) against the rat VR1 sequences to identify the most likely open reading frames. Frame shifts were corrected when the sequence trace files were available. Each cluster was aligned against the rat VR1 amino-acid sequence according to the Blastx results. The Blastx alignment program (20) was used to compare the full-length rat VR1 protein with the amino-acid sequences of the ten clusters. The three clusters with the highest homology, displayed in figure 1, were aligned with the rat VR1 gene.

Cluster hVRa shared a high homology (70% identity and 75% similarity over a stretch of 107 amino acids) with the 5' of the rat VR1 sequence but did not seem to have a potential start codon. It contained two ESTs (EST1 and EST2) derived from the same tissue, bladder, and from the same patient. These two ESTs were selected for further investigation since this cluster was the most 5', had high homology with rat VR1 and the bladder tissue could be contaminated with sensory neurones. Both cDNA clones were ordered but only clone EST1 was received as EST2 failed the recovery procedure.

Cluster hVRb composed of two EST's (EST3 and EST4), with 89% identity and 92% similarity over 90 residues, showed the highest degree of homology to the rodent sequence. The overlap between both sequences was located towards the middle of the gene.

hVRc (EST5) also while having high homology (71% identity and 75% similarity over 65 residues) with rat VR1 was closely related to the C-terminus of the rat protein sequence.

## Reference Example B2: Sequencing of clones

All DNA sequences were determined by automated DNA sequencing based on the dideoxy chain-termination method using the ABI 373A / 377 sequencers (Applied Biosystems). Sequence-specific primers were used with the 'Big-Dye' Terminator Cycle Sequencing kit (Applied Biosystems). The nucleotide sequence was analysed using programs from the University of Wisconsin Genetics Computer Group package.

10

5

More specifically when sequencing an EST clone, the following protocol was adopted. The EST1 clone was grown using standard procedures and DNA was isolated using Qiagen columns. SP6 (5' ATTTAGGTGACACTATAG) and T7 (5' TAATACGACTCACTATAGGG) primers flanking the cloning site were used to sequence both ends. Plasmid DNA (0.6 pmol) was used with 10.0 pmol of each primer for the dye terminator reaction. The SP6 end corresponded to the *in silico* derived EST sequence (identical to EST1). The T7 end did not have homologies with VR1 nor did it possess a long open reading frame or a polyadenylation motif. The size of the insert was determined by enzyme digestion of the DNA with the endonucleases Notl and EcoRI and calculated to be approximately 3kb.

20

15

Plasmid DNA (50ng) was used to amplify the insert by Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) with T7 and SP6 as primers. The PCR conditions included an initial hot-start at 94°C for 2 minutes, followed by 35 cycles at 94°C for 45 seconds, 50°C for 45 seconds and 72°C for 1 minute and terminated by 5 minutes at 72°C. The resulting PCR amplicon was separated on a 1.2% agarose gel and shown to be of ~3kb in size.

30

35

25

To fully sequence the PCR product the nuclease-Bal-31 technique was used where both strands of duplex DNA are degraded from both ends (23). After ethanol precipitation of the PCR product, the pellet was re-suspended in 30ml of 1X Bal-31 buffer (add buffer composition). A time-course digest with 2 units of Bal-31 enzyme (Roche Molecular Biochemicals) was carried out with 12 time points taken over 90 minutes (30 seconds, 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 15, 25, 45, 75 and 90 minutes). Three pools were made respectively from digests 1 to 4, 5 to 8 and 9

10

25

30

35

to 12. Each pool was blunt-ended and sub-cloned into the pCR-Script SK (+) plasmid from Stratagene at the Srfl site. After transformation, 16 colonies from each pool were screened by PCR with the flanking Reverse (5' GGAAACAGCTATGACCATG) and M13-20 (5' GTAAAACGACGGCCAGT) primers. The amplicons of 6 positive colonies per pool were subjected to direct sequencing (24) using the T3 (5' AATTAACCCTCACTAAAGGG) and T7 primers. The DNA sequences obtained were assembled using the GCG package, translated and aligned against the rat VR1 gene using the Blast tools. After analysis, the 3079bp amplicon was shown to have 2 introns of 603bp and 1221bp. The latter intron was located at the 3'end of the PCR product. The coding sequence covered 1255 bp and was separated by the former intron. Therefore the clone EST1 was likely to be a partially spliced and incomplete cDNA.

The clone belonging to cluster 1b (EST3) and derived from a kidney cDNA library was ordered and sequenced using the Bal-31 technique. After assembly of the sequences using the GCG package an identical overlap was identified with the DNA sequence of the cluster hVRc. Moreover a 3'end with a polyadenlyation signal and tail was identified. The complete sequence of the combined hVRb Bal-31 derived sequence and hVRc was 2063 bp (1020 bp of coding and 1043 bp of 3' untranslated sequence).

# Reference Example B3: Amplification of the middle section of hVR1 using the Polymerase Chain Reaction

We formulated the hypothesis that both sequences (hVRa and hVRb/c) were part of a common transcript. If the human and rat VR1 were going to be similar, the 2 contigs should be separated by a gap of approximately 275bp. Primers were designed on both sides of the gap to amplify mRNA from brain tissues in order to clone the gap. A smear was obtained with the sense primer (5' TCTACTTCGGTGAACTGCCC) and antisense (5' ACGGCAGGGAGTCATTCTTC). For specificity 50ng of the PCR product were amplified with the nested sense (5' CTGCAGAACTCCTGGCAGA) and antisense (5' GTCACCACCGCTGTGGAAAA) primers. The 900bp nested amplicon was sequenced and shown to be identical to hVRa at one end and

15

20

25

30

35

hVRb/c at the other end. The middle part of the PCR product was homologous to the rat VR1 sequence. This region corresponded to 91 amino acids. When the sequences of hVRa, hVRb/hVRc and the internal amplicon are combined the total length of the Open Reading Frame (ORF) is 824 amino acids followed by a 3' untranslated sequence of 1043 bp. The human amino acid sequence is 87% identical to the rat sequence over that part of the coding region. This sequence was termed hVR1 because of its high degree of identity with the rat VR1 sequence.

# 10 Reference Example B4: Isolation of the 5' Terminus of hVR1 by PAC isolation

Since no start codon was identified at the 5' end an additional strategy was designed to identify the full-length sequence. Two primers, sense (5' TCCTCTGGCTTCCAACCCGTT) antisense (5' GAACTGGGCAGAAAGTGCCT) were designed to amplify a 150bp product from the first intron mentioned in reference example B2. A P1 Artificial Chromosome (PAC) genomic clone (25) was isolated by PCR screening of a PAC library (Genome Systems, St Louis, Missouri). PAC DNA was recovered by using standard plasmid isolation protocol (26). An anti-sense primer was designed (5' CTGGAGTTAGGGTCTCCATCC) to sequence the genomic clone towards the potential 5' end of the gene. An open reading frame with a starting codon was identified. The gene structure was confirmed by using the GenScan software (27). The complete gene has a nucleotide sequence of 2517bp (figure 2) and encoded a 839 amino acid protein (Figures 3 and 4). The gene was named hVR1. Multiple alignment of the amino acid sequence of hVR1 and rat VR1 shows a remarkable degree of identity and similarities between both sequences (figure 5). The rVR1 and hVR1 amino acid sequences are 86% identical. Moreover after protein analysis 6 trans-membrane domains and 3 ankyrin binding domains were identified in hVR1 as in the rat VR1 gene.

# Example 1: Full-length Amplification of hVR1 from human DRG and assembly into cloning vectors

HVR1 was PCR amplified in three sections from human DRG template. The 5' fragment was amplified using a sense primer encoding a NotI site and a strong

19

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Kozak motif followed by specific gene sequence (5' GTCATAGCGGCCGCCGCCACCATGAAGAAATGGAGCAGCAC) and an antisense primer (5' AGGCCCACTCGGTGAACTTC). The thermo-cycling conditions used for this amplification included a hot start at 94°C for 4 mins. followed by 35 cycles of 94°C for 1 min, 54°C for 1 min and 72°C for 1 min, A final extension step of 72°C for 5 min completed the reaction. The resulting PCR products were separated on a 2% agarose gel and cloned into pCR®II-TOPO according to the manufacturers instructions supplied with the TOPO™ TA Cloning® kit (Invitrogen). The middle section of hVR1 was PCR amplified using the sense primer: 5' GACGAGCATGTACAATGAGA and antisense primer: 5' GTCACCACCGCTGTGGAAAA. The cycling conditions included a hot start at 94°C for 4 mins, followed by 35 cycles of 1 min at 94°C, 56°C and 72°C. A final extension step of 72°C for 5 min completed the reaction. A band of approximately 870 bp was excised from a 2 % agarose gel and cloned as detailed by the TOPO™ TA Cloning® kit into the vector pCR2.1®-TOPO. Finally end PCR amplified with the the 3' was sense primer: TGTGGACAGCTACAGTGAGA and the antisense primer: 5'TGCACTGAATTCGAGCACTGGTGTTCCCTCAG which encoded an EcoRI site for cloning. The PCR conditions included a 90 sec hot start at 94°C followed by 35 cycles of 94°C for 50 sec, 50°C for 50 sec and 72°C for 50 sec. The cycling was completed with a 72°C step for 5 min. PCR products were separated on a 2% agarose gel and cloned into the vector pCR2.18-TOPO.

Resulting clones for each of the three hVR1-fragments were taken for sequence analysis and separate clones coding a consensus sequence were used in the full length assembly of the gene. The Notl/DrallI (New England Biolabs) digested 5' end fragment ligated together with the middle DrallI/EcoRI fragment into a Notl/EcoRI restricted pBluescript SK (+) vector (Stratagene). Finally, the remaining 3' fragment was introduced into the resulting construct via MscI and EcoRI restriction sites, a map of the resulting construct is displayed in figure 6A.

Several clones were selected for sequence analysis to confirm that constructs still encoded the hVR1 consensus sequence. These were then digested with Notl/EcoRI and ligated into the mammalian expression vector pCIN5-new (a modified version of pCIN1 (32) having an IVS deletion as well as a 36 bp

20

deletion repositioning the start codon of neomycin phosphotransferase immediately after the upstream EMVC IRES) as illustrated in figure 6B.

# **Example 2: Chromosomal Localisation**

The primers used to isolate the PAC clone (reference example B4) were selected for PCR on the G3 radiation hybrid panel from Stanford commercially available from Research Genetics (Huntsville, Alabama). The positive lanes and negative patterns were analysed using the public web server at Stanford University (<a href="http://www-sghc.stanford.edu">http://www-sghc.stanford.edu</a>). After analysis the hVR1 gene appears to be located on human chromosome 17 around marker SHGC-36073 (lod score=9.55).

#### **Example 3: mRNA Distribution**

The tissue distribution of hVR1 was established by slot-blot hybridisation. RNA was transferred onto a sheet of GeneScreen hybridisation transfer membrane (DUPONT) sandwiched in a slot blotter by suction via a vacuum pump. Once the membrane was rinsed in 2x SSC (3M sodium chloride and 0.3M sodium citrate pH7) for 2 min it was exposed to UV using an Ultraviolet crosslinker (Amersham Life Science) for 1min at 15000uW/cm<sup>2</sup> thus enabling cross-linkage of the RNA onto the membrane. The amounts of RNA on the blot are unknown. The probe was obtained by PCR amplification of a 260 bp product of the coding region of hVR1 with the following two primers: 5' TGTGGACAGCTACAGTGAGA and 5' GTGGAAAACCCGAACAAGA. Membranes were hybridised for 4 hr shaking at 60°C in a 10% dextran sulphate, 1% SDS (sodium dodecyl sulphate) and 1M NaCl solution. The probe was labelled with [ $\alpha$ 32P]dCTP (Amersham) using the Rediprime™DNA labelling system (Amersham), so as to obtain approximately 500,000cpm of the labelled probe per ml of prehybridisation solution. Briefly 100ng of probe was boiled for 3 minutes (denaturization) and then cooled on ice for 2 minutes in a total volume of  $45\mu l$ . This was added to the labelling tube from the kit together with  $3\mu l$  of 32P dCTP followed by an incubation at  $37^{\circ}C$  for 30minutes. 400µl of Herring Sperm DNA (Sigma) at a concentration of 8µg/ml was added to the labelled probe and heated at 99°C for 3 minutes followed by rapid cooling on ice. The labelled probe was added and mixed well in pre-hybridisation solution. The membranes were hybridised overnight at 55°C.

5

10

15

20

25

30

10

15

20

25

30

35

The membranes were then washed, first at room temperature in 2xSSC and 1% SDS for 5 minutes, followed by 2x SSC and 1% SDS for 30 min at 50°C. If necessary further washes with 1x SSC and 0.5% SDS or 0.1xSSC and 0.1% for 30 mins at the same temperature were carried out. The membranes were then exposed to Scientific Imaging Film AR (Kodak) using intensifying screens at – 70°C overnight and the film developed.

The results are shown on figure 7. Strong signals were observed with the positive controls (slots 4B and 5B). Signals are detected on the human DRG slots (1A and 1B). No signals were detected with the water control (slot 3B). Three multi-tissue northern blots (Clontech) with a wide range of tissues have also been hybridised with the same probe, however no signals were detected. RT-PCR was performed on various tissues with the primer combination used to amplify the probe. A strong band was detected in DRG RNA. Taken together these hybridisations suggest that hVR1 is specifically expressed in neuronal tissue and DRG in particular.

# Example 4: Design and production of Anti-hVR1 Antibody

The peptides CHIFTTRSRTRLFGKGDSEEASC (peptide68) and CGSLKPEDAEVFKDSMVPGEK (peptide69) were synthesised by standard solid phase techniques and purified by gel filtration chromatography. These peptides were conjugated via their Cys residues to the carrier protein, Tuberculin PPD (purified protein derivative) using sulpho-SMCC (sulfosuccinimidyl 4-[Nmaleimidomethyl]-cyclohexan-1-carboxylate). Rabbits, previously sensitised to Bacillus Calmette Guerin (BCG), were inoculated with the resulting conjugates emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant at approx monthly intervals. Serum was prepared from blood samples taken 7 days after each immunisation. The specific antibody response was followed by indirect enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) using free peptide as antigen. Immunoglobulins were purified from high titre sera using immobilsed peptide affinity columns (sulpholink Pierce). Rabbits designated M143, 144 and 145 received peptide68 conjugate, rabbits M146, 147 and 148, peptide69 conjugate.

The antibodies have been validated by specific staining of the recombinant protein expressed in HEK293 cells. Whole cell lysates were prepared in Sample

Buffer (4 ml d $H_2O$ , 1 ml 0.5 M Tris-HCl, pH 6.8, 0.8 ml glycerol, 1.6 ml 10 % w/v SDS, 0.4 ml 2- $\beta$  mercaptoethanol and 0.2 ml of 0.05 % w/v bromophenol blue) and proteins separated by SDS-PAGE and transferred to a nitrocellulose filter by electroblotting. Following incubation with the antisera, bound immunoglobulins were revealed using HRP-conjugated secondary antibodies and enhanced chemiluminescence (ECL) detection. The antisera showed specific binding to a protein(s) of the appropriate molecular weight(s) in extracts of VR1 transfected cells, but not in control extracts, this is illustrated in figure 8.

### 10 Example 5: *Insitu* localisation of hVR1 using specific antibody

5

15

20

30

35

The purified immunoglobulins have been used for immunohistochemical staining of rat DRG tissue sections. Fixed cryosections of DRG were incubated with antibodies for 48h at 4°C at concentrations between 0.1 to 0.5µg/ml. Following a washing step, bound antibodies were detected by indirect immunofluorescence. The antibodies recognised exclusively small diameter cell bodies of the peripheral sensory neurones as displayed in figure 9. This observation has been extended to human DRG tissues for the anti-peptide68 peptide antibodies demonstrating cross-reactivity with the human sequence as expected. Figure 10A demonstrates labelling of DRG cell bodies with an arrow that points to small diameter neuronal cell body) and in figure 10B the arrow points to labelled neurones innervating human skin.

### Example 6: Mammalian Cell Expression (examples 6a-6b)

#### 25 Example 6a: Transient expression of hVR1 in mammalian cells

HEK293 cells were plated onto a 6 well plate, containing poly-l-lysine coated coverslips, at 5 x  $10^4$  cells per well. Next day, fresh media was added to the cells (50% confluent). CalPhos Mammalian Transfection Protocol (Clontech, K2051-1) was used for DNA transfection. For each well of cells, solution A was made up containing 8ug hVR1pCIN5, 2 $\mu$ g pEYFP-N1 reporter DNA, 12.4  $\mu$ l calcium solution and water to  $100\mu$ l. Solution B (hepes buffered saline) was slowly vortexed while solution A was added dropwise. The mixture was incubated at room temperature for 20 minutes, and then added to cells. The plate was slowly rocked to distribute the solution. The cells were incubated at  $37^{\circ}$ C for 5 hours, and then washed with phosphate buffered saline. Fresh culture

10

15

20

25

30

35

medium was added and the plate was incubated 24-48 hours for functional analysis.

# Example 6b: Stable expression of hVR1 in mammalian cells

HEK293 cells were plated onto a 6 well plate at 1 x 10<sup>5</sup> cells per well. Next day, fresh media was added to the cells (50% confluent). CalPhos Mammalian Transfection Protocol (Clontech, K2051-1) was used for DNA transfection. For each well of cells, solution A was made up containing 2μg hVR1pClN5, 12.4μl 2M calcium solution and water to 100μl. Solution B (hepes buffered saline) was slowly vortexed while solution A was added dropwise. The mixture was incubated at room temperature for 20 minutes, and then added to cells. The plate was slowly rocked to distribute the solution. The cells were incubated at 37°C for 5 hours, and then washed with phosphate buffered saline. Fresh culture medium was added and the plate was incubated 48 hours at 37°C, 5% CO2. Cells were harvested into 100mm dishes in selection medium containing 800μg/ml geneticin. Cells were then incubated and fed at 4 day intervals. In total around 10 days selection is required for each single cell to multiply into a visible clone. Well-separated clones were each picked (with a gilson tip) into separate wells of a 96 well plate, containing maintenance medium (400µg/ml geneticin). Cells were expanded into flasks for freezing stocks and functional analysis. Stable cells may be plated at 1  $\times$  10<sup>5</sup> cells onto poly-I-lysine coated coverslips in 6 well plate, for calcium imaging next day.

# Example 7: Functional Analysis of hVR1(examples 7a-7c):

# Example 7a: Electrophysiology using patch clamp methods

The activation of human VR-1 channels transiently expressed in HEK293T cells by capsaicin was investigated. Cells grown on poly-L-lysine-coated glass coverslips were placed in a recording chamber (0.5ml) and superfused with extracellular solution (2ml min<sup>-1</sup>). The extracellular solution contained: NaCl (140mM), KCl (5mM), MgCl2 (2mM), CaCl2 (2mM), 4-(2-hydroxethyl)-1-piperazineethanesulphonic acid (HEPES, 10mM) and glucose (10mM). The pH was adjusted to 7.4 with NaOH and osmolarity ranged from 310-320mOsm l<sup>-1</sup>. Patch pipettes (borosilicate glass) were pulled using a Sutter P-97 electrode puller. The pipettes were filled with an internal solution consisting of: CsCl

(140mM), ethylene glycol-bis(β-aminoethyl ether) N,N,N',N'-tetra acetic acid Cs salt (Cs-EGTA, 5mM) and HEPES (10mM). The pH was adjusted to 7.25 using CsOH and the osmolarity ranged from 275-290 mOsm. When filled with this internal solution, patch electrodes had resistances of 2-5 MΩ. Currents were recorded using standard whole-cell voltage clamp recording techniques (31) at room temperature (21-23°C) using an Axopatch 200A amplifier and signals were sampled at 2 or 0.1 kHz. The majority of series resistance errors (80-85%) were minimized with compensation circuitry. Membrane potentials were not corrected for junction potentials (<4 mV). Voltage pulses and data collection were performed on-line using pClamp8 software (Axon Instruments) interfaced with amplifiers. Membrane potentials were maintained at -60mV between protocols.

Capsaicin or capsazepine (CPZ) were applied, using a 'fast-flow sytem', directly onto the recording cell (<1s to equilibrate). The effects of capsaicin were measured either by application during constant recording while holding the membrane potential at -60mV to elicit an inward current, or applying voltage ramps (-100 to +60mV) in the absence and presence of capsaicin. Similarly both these methods of recording currents evoked by the application of capsaicin were used to demonstrate the blockade by the antagonist (CPZ).

20

5

10

15

Figure 11A reveals that application of capsaicin (1  $\mu$ M), on human VR1 channels transiently expressed in HEK293T cells, produces an inward current when the membrane was held at a potential of -60mV. This response was abolished by 1 $\mu$ M CPZ and the blockade was partially reversible.

25

In the presence of 1  $\mu$ M capsaicin, voltage ramps (-100 to +70mV) produced a current-voltage relationship demonstrating a substantial outward rectification. Addition of 1 $\mu$ M CPZ completely blocked the current (figure 11B). Again, only partial recovery was observed, especially for the inward currents evoked by negative potentials.

30

35

Capsaicin-induced desensitisation of human VR-1 channels in the presence of 2mM external calcium is illustrated in figure 12. Voltage ramps (-100 to +70) were applied and the addition of capsaicin (1 $\mu$ M) evoked an outwardly rectifying current. Repeated additions of capsaicin resulted in a progressive 'rundown' in

25

the size of the response (figure 12A). Figure 12B shows a plot of the current elicited at a potential of +65mV against time illustrating the 'rundown' in current amplitude. Voltage ramps were applied every 20s and capsaicin added at 2min intervals for approximately 40s. By the 6th addition the current had reduced about 4-fold.

When the external calcium was replaced with 5mM EGTA the size of the current increased dramatically (figure 12C). However, when calcium was re-applied to the external solution, the current evoked by capsaicin  $(1\mu\text{M})$  was approximately equivalent to that of the 6th addition shown in (figure 12A).

#### Example 7b: Calcium Imaging with HEK293 expressing hVR1

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

HEK293 cells expressing hVR1 transiently or stably, were plated onto poly-llysine coated cover slips at 1 x 10<sup>5</sup> cells per well. They were analysed on the following day by calcium imaging (QuantiCell 700, Applied Imaging). On the day of experiment, WASH buffer was prepared by adding CaCl2 to extracellular medium (ECM) to a final concentration of 2mM, (ECM contains 125mM NaCl, 5mM KCl, 2mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.5mM NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, 5mM NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, 10mM Hepes, 10mM glucose, 0.1% BSA, pH7.4). The calcium sensitive dye solution was prepared by adding 50µl 5% pluronic F-127 in DMSO (Molecular Probes) to a vial of fura2-AM (Molecular Probes). After mixing, 20µl of the fura2-AM solution was added to 10ml WASH. 1.5 ml was then added to cells, which were then incubated at 37°C for 30 minutes. The plate was washed three times with WASH. 1ml WASH was added and stored in dark. Agonists and antagonists were prepared in WASH at 5x their required assay concentrations. The reagents and assay temperature was kept at 37°C. For the transiently transfected cells, the YFP reporter DNA fluorescence (490nm excitation) was used to identify the transfected cells. Cells were initially imaged in 400µl WASH (or 300µl WASH plus 100µl antagonist e.g. capsazepine). After approximately 1 min, 100ul agonist (e.g. capsaicin, anadamide or resiniferatoxin) at 5 x the desired concentration was added to give final 1x concentration. A sequence of images (340/380nm excitation) were taken to monitor calcium influx response in cells before (30-60 secs), and after the addition of agonist (2-5 mins). Figure 13 displays time courses taken for each of the tests set up to look at the affect of the different agonists mentioned above in the presence or absence of the rat VR1 antagonist, capsazepine. The Imager

15

20

25

30

35

also plots graphs of respective calcium concentration (nM) versus time (seconds) as shown in figure 14. After the addition of agonist (e.g. capsaicin, indicated by the vertical arrow on graph), the cells expressing hVR1 are stimulated to influx calcium. This is shown by the appearance of peak on the trace. The peak height correlates with hVR1 expression level. Varying levels of expression is some times seen depending on which cells are selected for the graph. Similar experiments may be accomplished to examine the response of protons and heat.

## 10 Example 7c: Use of a FLIPR assay with VR1

FLIPR (Fluorometric Imaging Plate Reader) is a high throughput fluorescencebased drug discovery tool for functional cell analysis. Intracellular calcium is monitored with the calcium sensitive dye, fluo3-AM. HEK293 cells stably expressing rat VR1 were plated into a 96 well, poly-l-lysine treated FLIPR plate at 3 x 104 cells per well. On the following day, the plate was processed for FLIPR. FBP buffer was prepared (15μM Probenecid (calcium ATPase pump blocker) in 1x FLIPR buffer (145mM NaCl, 5mM KCl, 1mM MgCl2, 2mM CaCl2, 10mM glucose, 20mM Hepes). FBP buffer pH was then adjusted to 7.4 with NaOH. 400μl DMSO was added to a vial of fluo3-AM (Cambridge Bioscience, F-1241). The fluo3-AM solution was incubated at 37°C for 10 min and vortexed. LOAD was prepared by adding 20µl of fluo3-AM solution and 20µl 20% pleuronic F-127 in DMSO (Cambridge Bioscience, P-3000) into 10 ml FBP. The 96 well plate containing cells was flicked off to remove cell medium. 100µl LOAD was added per well. Cells were then incubated at 37°C for 60 minutes. Capsaicin (a rVR1 agonist) and capsazepine (CPZ, a rVR1 antagonist) were prepared at 10x the desired final assay concentrations in FBP. The plate was flicked to remove LOAD from cells, and 180µ! FBP was added per well. The FLIPR machine added 20<sub>µl</sub> capsaicin per well to give a final 1x concentration. Cells were monitored for 70 seconds after agonist addition. The FLIPR traces (fluorescence change (counts) versus time (seconds)) were produced for each well. Peaks indicate capsaicin-gated calcium influx, by cells expressing rVR1. The peak height correlates with the rVR1 expression level. To measure antagonism of the VR1 response 20µl 10x antagonist CPZ was added into wells to give a final 1x concentration. The plate was incubated for 15 minutes at room temperature prior reading in the FLIPR. The FLIPR traces recorded for each well show that the

25

peak heights are reduced in cells pre-incubated in CPZ. The same FLIPR assay may be used to monitor the response of human VR1 on exposure to agonists and antagonists.

## 5 Example 8: Example of a screen using human VR1.

FLIPR assay technology may be utilised to screen for hVR1 modulators according to the procedure described in figure 15. Human VR1 may be gated with protons, capsaicin or heat.

Reference Example C: Identification and partial characterisation of additional human vanilloid receptors (referenence examples C1-C3):

# Reference Example C1: Identification and characterisation of a novel vanilloid–like receptor, hVR3

ESTs belonging to the remaining clusters were characterised by *in silico* cloning (reference example A). The following clones were used during this process: - EST6/EST7 (hVRd), -EST8. (hVRe), - EST9/EST10. (hVRf). These EST clusters have been aligned with rat VR1 in figure 16, note that this diagram is not to scale.

## Reference Example C2: Sequencing of clones

Further sequencing, as detailed in reference example B2, and *in silico* cloning, enabled clusters hVRd, hVRe and hVRf to collapse forming a single contig of 583 amino acids. This sequence was named hVR3 and has 49 % identity with the rat VR1 sequence. It was unlikely that this single contig was a full-length vanilloid receptor transcript as no obvious starting codon was present and it was shorter than the rat VR1 transcript.

# Reference Example C3: Identification of the 5' terminus of hVR3

Two primers (sense primer 5' ATGGCCACCAGCAGGGTTAC and antisense primer 5' TCTGCCAGGTTCCAGCTG) designed to PCR amplify an amplicon stretching the 3' end of hVR3 and its 3'utr were used to isolate a genomic PAC clone (Genome Systems. St Louis, Missouri). The hVR3 specific PAC clone was then used as template to generate a library. This was achieved by sonicating 6μg of Qiagen purified PAC construct, size selecting fragmented DNA of 500-

2000bp. These resulting fragments were then blunt ended and cloned into the vector pCR®-Blunt as detailed in the manufacturers protocol supplied with the Zero Blunt™ PCR cloning kit (Invitrogen). Clones were then sequenced (reference example B2) to identify the complete 5' end of the hVR3 transcript. The full-length nucleotide sequence of the hVR3 gene is displayed in figure 17. Figure 18 illustrates both nucleotide and encoded amino acid sequence of the human VR1 and figure 19 depicts the amino acid sequence of the hVR3 gene with shaded regions denoting predicted trans-membrane regions (boxed) and the ankyrin binding domains (unboxed).

10

15

20

25

30

5

Example 9: Full-length Amplification of hVR3 from human kidney template

Human kidney was used as a source of template for the PCR amplification of hVR3. Primers used for amplification were designed to isolate the gene in three fragments. Primers designed to isolate the 5' end included a sense primer encoding a Not! site and a strong Kozak motif followed by gene specific sequence (5' GTCATAGCGGCCGCGCCCACCATGCCCAGGGTAGTTGGAC and antisense primer (5' CACCTCTTGTTGTCACTGGA). The PCR conditions used were a hot start at 94°C for 4 mins, followed by 35 cycles of 94°C for 1 min, 56°C for 1 min and 72°C for 1 min and finally one cycle at 72°C for 5 min. The resulting PCR products were separated on a 2% agarose gel and cloned into pCR®II-TOPO according to the manufacturers instructions supplied with the TOPO™ TA Cloning® kit (Invitrogen). The middle fragment was PCR generated using sense and antisense primers 5' CAAATCTGCGCATGAAGTTCCAG and 5' GCCACGAGAAGTTCCACGTAGTG respectively in the presence of 5% DMSO. PCR thermo-cycling required 35 cycles of 1 min at 94°C, 58°C and 72°C for successful amplification of the fragment which was then excised from a 2% agarose gel for cloning into the pCRII®-TOPO vector. Finally the 3' fragment was amplified with a sense primer 5' GCTGCTCCCATTCTTGCTGA and an antisense primer 5' TGCACTCTCGAGAAATGAGTGGGCAGAGAAGC encoding a Xhol restriction site. This fragment was successfully amplified using a hot start at 94°C for 4 min followed by 35 cycles of 94°C for 50 sec, 48°C for 50 sec and 72°C for 2 min. The cycling was completed with a 72°C step for 5 min. The amplified fragment was excised from a 2% agarose gel and clone into the pCRII®-TOPO vector.

29

Resulting clones for each of the three PCR generated hVR3-fragments were taken for sequence analysis and separate clones coding a consensus sequence were used in the full-length assembly of the gene. The DrallI restriction site of the pBluescript SK (+) vector (Stratagene) was firstly abolished by digestion with DrallI followed by a blunt ending step using T<sub>4</sub> DNA polymerase (New England Biolabs). This modified vector was then restricted to enable the ligation of both a Notl/Ncol 5' fragment and Ncol/ EcoRI middle fragment. Finally, the remaining 3' fragment was introduced into the resulting construct via DrallI and Xhol sites (figure 20A).

10

15

20

25

5

Several clones were selected for sequence analysis to confirm that the constructs still encoded the hVR3 consensus sequence. These were then digested with Notl/XhoI and ligated into the mammalian expression vector pCDNA3.1 (+) (Invitrogen) as seen in figure 20B. The resulting hVR3 consensus sequence is shown in the multiple alignment along with the full-length sequence of hVR1 and the published hVRL-1 in figure 21.

#### **Example 10: Chromosomal localisation**

The 3' terminus, including the 3' UTR sequence of hVR3 was used to design two primers amplify а product of 360 bp: sense primer 5' ATGGCCACCAGCAGGGTTAC and 5' antisense primer TCTGCCAGGTTCCAGCTG. The G3 radiation hybrid panel from Stanford University (Research Genetics, Huntsville, Alabama) was screened by PCR. The positive and negative lanes were analysed using the public web server at Stanford University (http://www-sghc.stanford.edu). After analysis the hVR3 gene appears to be located on human chromosome 12 around markers D12S177E (lod score=15) and D12S1893 (lod score=14).

#### **Example 11: mRNA distribution**

The following primers (5' ACAAGAAGGCGGACATGCGG and 5' ATCTCGTGGCGGTTCTCAAT) were used to obtain a PCR product from the coding region of hVR3. This amplicon was used as a probe on multi-tissue northern blots, the protocol of which is detailed in example 3, to determine the tissue distribution of the gene (figures 22A, 22B and 22C). A transcript of approximately 3.8 kb was detected in the following tissues (the intensities of the

30

signals are indicated in brackets): trachea (very strong), kidney (strong), pancreas (strong), prostate (strong), placenta (strong), bone marrow (weak), adrenal gland (weak), lymph node (weak), spinal cord (weak), thyroid (weak), stomach (weak), lung (weak) and liver (weak).

5

10

15

20

25

Since these commercial blots (Clontech, Palo Alto, California, USA) should have the same amount of RNA it is interesting to note the very strong signal in the trachea lane (figure 22A). This could indicate the potential of hVR3 as a target for respiratory pathologies. It was shown by RT-PCR with the primer combination used to produce the probe that the gene is not expressed in DRG.

#### Example 12: Riboprobe generation for the in situ localisation of hVR3

The same probe, which was specific to hVR3 in Northern blot analysis (example 11), was used to generate a riboprobe. This hVR3 specific probe was cloned into the T7 and SP6 encoding pCRII®-TOPO vector (Invitrogen). This construct was then used in the *in vitro* transcription of DIG labelled RNA strands from the vectors promoters as described in the manufacturers instructions as detailed in the DIG RNA labelling kit (Roche Molecular Biochemicals). This riboprobe may be used to identify the cellular localisation of hVR3 present in tissues such as trachea, lung, pancreas, prostate, placenta and kidney.

### **Example 13: Mammalian Cell Expression of hVR3**

Expression of hVR3 may be accomplished by transfecting a mammalian cell line such as: HEK283T, HEK293, CHO, COS, HeLa and BHK. A detailed method for both transient and stable transfection is detailed in example 6.

### **Example 14: Functional Analysis of hVR3**

The functional analysis of hVR3 may be studied using the electrophysiology, calcium imaging and FLIPR methods as detailed in examples 7a to 7c.

30

35

#### Example 15: Example of a drug screen using human VR3.

A stable cell line expressing hVR3 may be used in a drug screen such as a selectivity screen using test compounds that have been identified to have an agonistic or antagonistic action on hVR1. FLIPR assay technology may be utilised to screen for hVR3 modulators as proposed in figure 15.

#### References

- 1. Szallasi, A. and Blumberg, P.M (1993) Mechanisms and therapeutic potential of vanilloids (capsaicin-like molecules). *Adv. Pharmacol.*, 24, 123-155.
- 2. Jansco, G. (1968) Desensitisation with capsaicin and related acylamides as a tool for studying the function of pain receptors. In: K. Lin, D. Armstrong and E.G. Pardo (Eds), Pharmacology of Pain, Pergamon Press, Oxford, 33-55.
- 3. Szolcsanyi, J. (1993) In *Capsaicin in the study of pain*. Ed. J. Wood, J. London: Academic Press, 1-26.
- 4. Szallasi, A. and Blumberg, P.M. (1996) Vanilloid receptors: new insights enhance potential as a therapeutic target. *Pain*, 68, 195-208.
- 5. Jansco, G., Kiraly, E. and Jansco-Gabor, A. (1977) Pharamacologically induced selective degeneration of chemosensitive primary sensory neurons. *Nature*, 270, 741-743.
- 6. Oh, U., Hwang, S.W. and Kim, D. (1996) Capsaicin activates a nonselective cation channel in cultured neonatal rat dorsal root ganglion neurons. *J. Neurosciences*, 16, 1659-1667.
- 7. Wood, J.N et al. (1988) Capsaicin-induced ion fluxes in dorsal root ganglion cells in culture. *J. Neurosciences*, 8, 3208-3220.
- 8. Szolcsanyi, J. and Jansco-Gabor, A. (1975) Sensory effects of capsaicin congeners I. Relationship between chemical structure and pain-producing potency of pungent agents. *Drug Res.*, 25, 1877-1881.
- 9. Szolcsanyi, J. and Jansco-Gabor, A. (1976) Sensory effects of capsaicin congeners II. Importance of chemical structure and pungency in desensitising activity of capsaicin-like compounds. Drug res., 26, 33-37.

32

- 10. James, I.F., Nikina, N. and Wood, J.N. (1993) The capsaicin receptor. In Capsaicin in the Study of Pain. Ed. Wood, J. London: Academic Press, 83-104.
- 11. Szallasi, A. and Blumberg, P.M. (1990) Specific binding of resiniferatoxin, an ultrapotent capsaicin analog, by dorsal root ganglion membranes. Brain Research, 524, 106-111.
- 12. Bevan, S., Hothi, S., Hughes, G., James, I.F., Rang, H.P., Shah, K., Walpole. C.S.J. and Yeats, J.C. (1992) Capsazepine: a competitive antagonist of the sensory neurone excitant capsaicin. British Journal of Pharmacology, 101, 423-431.
- 13. Szallasi, A., Blumberg, P.M., Nilsson, S., Hokfelt, T. and Lundberg, J.M. (1994) Vizualisation by [3H] resiniferatoxin autoradiography of capsaicinsensitive neurons in the rat, pig, and man. European Journal of Pharmacology. 264, 217-221.
- 14. Szallasi, A., Nillson, S., Farkas-Szallasi, T., Blumberg, J.M., Hokfelt, T. and Lundberg, J.M. (1995) Vanilloid (capsaicin) receptors in the rat: distribution in the brain, regional differences in the spinal cord, axonal transport to the periphery, and depletion by systemic vanilloid treatment. Brain Research, 703, 175-183.
- 15. Caterina, M.J., et al. (1997) The capsaicin receptor: a heat-activated ion channel in the pain pathway. Nature, 389, 816-824
- 16. Bevan, S. and Gepetti P. (1994) Protons: small stimulants of capsaicinsensitive sensory nerves. Trends in Neurociences, 17, 509-512.
- 17. Petersen, M. and LaMotte, R.H. (1993) Effect of protons on the inward current evoked by capsaicin in isolated dorsal root ganglion cells. Pain, 54, 37-42.
- 18. Kress, M. Fetzer, S., Reeh, P.W. and Vyklicky, L. (1996) Low pH facilitates capsaicin responses in isolated sensory neurons of the rat. Neurosciences Letters, 211, 5-8.

- 19. Wilcox, A.S., Khan, A.S., Hopkins, J.A., and Sikela, J.M. (1991). Use of 3' untranslated sequences of human cDNAs for rapid chromosome assignment and conversion to STSs: Implications for an expression map of the genome. *Nucleic Acids Res.*, 19, 1837-1843.
- 20. Altschul, S.F., Warren, G., Webb, M., Myers, E.W., and Lipman, D.J., (1990). Basic local alignment search tool. *J. Mol. Biol.*, 215, 403-410.
- 21. Boguski, M.S., Lowe, T.M. and Tolstohev, C.M. (1993) dbEST: database for 'Expressed Sequence Tags' Nature Genetics, 4, 332-333.
- 22. Gill, R.W., Hodgman, C.T., Littler, C.B., Oxer, M.D., Montgomery, D.S., Taylor, S. and Sanseau, P. (1997). A new dynamic tool to perform assembly of Expressed Sequence Tags (ESTs). *Computer Applications in Biosciences (CABIOS)*, 13, 453-457.
- 23. Lau, P.P. and Gray H.B. (1979). Nucleic Acids Research, 6, 331.
- 24. Trower MK., Burt D., Purvis IJ., Dykes CW. & Christodoulou C. (1995). Fluorescent dye-primer cycle sequencing using non-purified PCR products as templates; development of a protocol amenable to high-throughput DNA sequencing. *Nucleic Acids Research*, 23, 2348-2349
- 25. Shepherd, N., Pfogner, B., Coulby, J., Ackerman, S., Vaidyanathan, G., Sauer, R., Balkenhol, T. and Sternberg, N. (1994). Preparation and screening of an arrayed human genomic library generated with the P1 cloning system. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA.*, 91, 2629-2633.
- 26. Birboim, H.C. and Doly, J. (1979). Nucl. Acids Res., 7, 1513-1523.
- 27. Burge, C. and Karlin, S. (1997). Prediction of complete gene structures in human genomic DNA. *J. Mol. Biol.* 268, 78-94.

- 28. Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E.F. and Maniatis, T. Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. CSH Laboratory Press. (1989)
- 29. Davis L. G., Battey J. F. & Dibner M.D., Basic Methods in Molecular Biology. 1<sup>st</sup> Edition. Elsevier (1986).
- 30. Caterina, M. C., Rosen, T. A., Tominaga, M., Brake, A. J. & Julius, D. (1999) A capsaicin-receptor homologue with a high threshold for noxious heat. *Nature*, 398,436-441.
- 31. Hamill, O.P. Marty, A., Neher, E., Sakmann, B., & Sigworth, F.J. (1981). Improved patch-clamp techniques for high resolution current recording from cells and cell-free membrane patches. *Pflügers Arch.*, 391, 85-100.
- 32. Rees. S., Coote, J., Stables, J., Goodson, S., Harris, S. & Lee, M. G. (1996) Bicistronic vector for the creation of stable mammalian cell lines that predisposes all antibiotic-resistant cells to express recombinant protein. Biotechniques, 20, 102-110.

#### Claims

10

- 1. An isolated human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein or a variant thereof.
- 5 2. An isolated human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein according to claim 1 which is hVR1 or a variant thereof.
  - 3. An isolated human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein according to claim 1 which is hVR3 or a variant thereof.
  - 4. An isolated human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein according to claim 2 having an amino acid sequence as shown in Figure 3.
- 5. An isolated human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein according to claim 3
   having an amino acid sequence as shown in Figure 18.
  - 6. A nucleotide sequence encoding a human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein or a variant thereof, or a nucleotide sequence which is complementary thereto.
  - 7. A nucleotide sequence according to claim 6 encoding for an hVR1 protein or a variant thereof, or a nucleotide sequence which is complementary thereto.
- 8. A nucleotide sequence according to claim 6 encoding for an hVR3 protein or a variant thereof, or a nucleotide sequence which is complementary thereto.
- A nucleotide sequence according to claim 6 which is a cDNA
   sequence.
  - 10. A nucleotide sequence according to claim 7 which is a cDNA sequence
  - 11. A nucleotide sequence according to claim 8 which is a cDNA sequence

- 12. A nucleotide sequence according to claim 7 as shown in Figure 2.
- 13. A nucleotide sequence according to claim 8 as shown in Figure 17.

5

- 14. An expression vector comprising a nucleotide sequence according to any one of claims 6 to 13, which is capable of expressing an hVR protein or a variant thereof.
- 10 15. An expression vector according to claim 14 which is capable of expressing an hVR1 protein or a variant thereof.
  - 16. An expression vector according to claim 14 which is capable of expressing an hVR3 protein or a variant thereof.

15

- 17. A stable cell line comprising an expression vector according to claim 14.
- 18. A stable cell line comprising an expression vector according to claim 15.
  - 19. A stable cell line comprising an expression vector according to claim 16.
- 25 20. A stable cell line according to claim 17 which is a modified HEK293, CHO, COS, HeLa or BHK cell line.
  - 21. A stable cell line according to claim 18 which is a modified HEK293, CHO, COS, HeLa or BHK cell line.

- 22. A stable cell line according to claim 19 which is a modified HEK293, CHO, COS, HeLa or BHK cell line.
- 23. An antibody specific for a human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein or a variant thereof as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5.

- 24. An antibody according to claim 23 which is specific for hVR1 or a variant thereof.
- 5 25. An antibody according to claim 23 which is specific for hVR3 or a variant thereof.
- 26. A method for identification of a compound which exhibits hVR modulating activity comprising contacting a human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein or a variant thereof according to any one of claims 1 to 5 with a test compound and detecting modulating activity or inactivity.
  - 27. A compound which modulates hVR activity, identifiable by a method according to claim 26.
  - 28. A compound according to claim 27 for use in therapy.

15

20

- 29. The use of a compound according to claim 27 in the manufacture of a medicament for treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to the modulation of hVR activity in a human patient.
- 30. The use according to claim 28 wherein the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), a respiratory disorder, asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), a urological disorder, neuropathy, incontinence, interstitial cystitis or an inflammatory disorder.
- 31. A method of treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to modulation of hVR activity in a human patient which comprises administering to said patient an effective amount of a compound according to claim 27.
- 32. A method according to claim 31 wherein the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain,

rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), a respiratory disorder, asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), a urological disorder, neuropathy, incontinence, interstitial cystitis or an inflammatory disorder.

- 33. A compound which modulates hVR activity, identifiable by a method according to claim 26, excluding the compounds capsaicin, resiniferatoxin, piperine, zingerone, polydodial, warburganal, aframodial, cinnamodial, cinnamosmolide, cinnamolide, isovelleral, scalaradial, ancistrodial, β-acaridial, scutigeral, merulidial, anandamide and capsazepine.
- 34. A compound according to claim 33 for use in therapy.

5

10

30

- 15 35. The use of a compound according to claim 33 in the manufacture of a medicament for treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to the modulation of hVR activity in a human patient.
- 36. The use according to claim 35 wherein the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), a respiratory disorder, asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), a urological disorder, neuropathy, incontinence, interstitial cystitis or an inflammatory disorder.
  - 37. A method of treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to modulation of hVR activity in a human patient which comprises administering to said patient an effective amount of a compound according to claim 33.
  - 38. A method according to claim 37 wherein the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), a respiratory disorder, asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), a

5

10

15

urological disorder, neuropathy, incontinence, interstitial cystitis or an inflammatory disorder.

- 39. A compound identified by the method according to claim 26.
- 40. A compound according to claim 39 for use in therapy.
- 41. The use of a compound according to claim 39 in the manufacture of a medicament for treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to the modulation of hVR activity in a human patient.
  - 42. The use according to claim 41 wherein the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), a respiratory disorder, asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), a urological disorder, neuropathy, incontinence, interstitial cystitis or an inflammatory disorder.
- 43. A method of treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to modulation of hVR activity in a human patient which comprises administering to said patient an effective amount of a compound according to claim 39.
- 44. A method according to claim 43 wherein the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), a respiratory disorder, asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), a urological disorder, neuropathy, incontinence, interstitial cystitis or an inflammatory disorder.
  - 45. A method of producing an hVR protein or a variant thereof according to any one of claims 1-5 comprising introducing into an appropriate cell line a suitable vector comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding for an hVR protein or

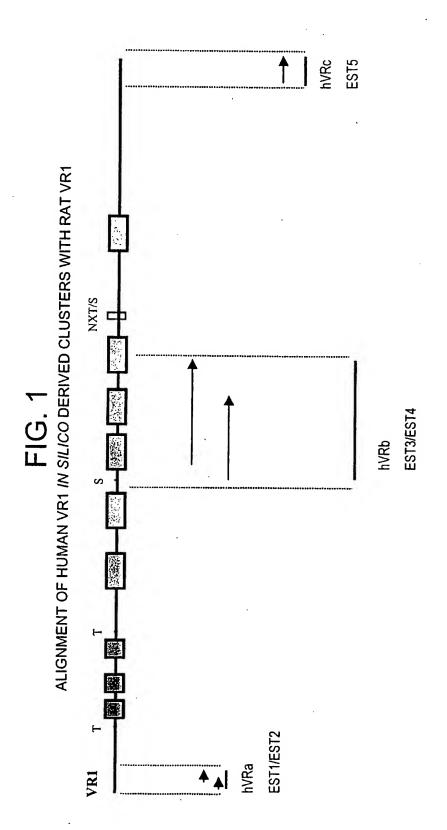
15

20

25

a variant thereof, under conditions suitable for obtaining expression of the hVR protein or variant thereof.

- 46. A method of producing an hVR1 protein or a variant thereof comprising introducing into an appropriate cell line a suitable vector comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding for an hVR1 protein or a variant thereof, under conditions suitable for obtaining expression of the hVR1 protein or variant thereof.
- 47. A method of producing an hVR3 protein or a variant thereof comprising introducing into an appropriate cell line a suitable vector comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding for an hVR3 protein or a variant thereof, under conditions suitable for obtaining expression of the hVR3 protein or variant thereof.
  - 48. A human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein or a variant thereof for use in a method of screening for agents useful in the treatment or prophylaxis of a disorder which is responsive to the modulation of hVR activity in a human patient
  - 49. A human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein according to claim 48 wherein the disorder is pain, neuropathic pain, inflammatory pain, chronic pain, post-operative pain, rheumatoid arthritic pain, neuropathies, neuralgia, algesia, neurodegeneration, nerve injury, stroke, ischaemia migraine, irritable bowl syndrome (IBS), a respiratory disorder, asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), a urological disorder, neuropathy, incontinence, interstitial cystitis or an inflammatory disorder.
    - 50. A human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein according to claim 48 or 49 which is hVR1 or a variant thereof.
- 51. A human vanilloid receptor (hVR) protein according to claim 48 or 49 which is hVR3 or a variant thereof.



**SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)** 

## FIG. 2

hVR1 SEQUENCE INCLUDING THE 5'UTR (nt -773 TO nt 0), CODING REGION (nt 1 TO 2517) AND 3'UTR (nt 2518 TO nt 3560)

-773	. cccccagccacacacacacacacacacacacacacacac	-714
-713		-654
-653	tgtataageteagtggetgtggegggttgaagageaaaggeagge	-594
-593		-534
-533		-474
-473	ccatcctcatcaccgagatcctccctgaattcagcccacgacagccaccccggccgtttt	-414
413	ccttgttctgtgtggaagggaggcagcgcggtggttatcaacctcaccctgcagaggag	-354
353		-294
293		-234
·233		-174
173	gttctagggggctgggggcagcagctgggttttggggtaccctgcttcacagggc	-114
113		-54
-53		6
7	AAATGGAGCAGCACAGACTTGGGGGCAGCTGCGGACCCACTCCAAAAGGACACCTGCCCA	66
67	GACCCCTGGATGGAGACCCTAACTCCAGGCCACCTCCAGCCCAGCTCTCCACG	126
127	GCCAAGAGCCGCACCCGGCTCTTTGGGAAGGGTGACTCGGAGGAGGCTTTCCCGGTGGAT	186
187	TGCCCTCACGAGGAGGTGAGCTGGACTCCTGCCCGACCATCACAGTCAGCCCTGTTATC	246
247	ACCATCCAGAGGCCAGGAGACGGCCCCACCGGTGCCAGGCTGCTGTCCCAGCACTCTGTC	306

307	GCCGCCAGCACCGAGAAGACCCTCAGGCTCTATGATCGCAGGAGTATCTTTGAAGCCGTT	366
367	GCTCAGAATAACTGCCAGGATCTGGAGAGGCCTGCTGCTCTTCCTGCAGAAGAGCCAAGAAG	. 426
427	CACCTCACAGACAACGAGTTCAAAGACCCTGAGACAGGGGAAGACCTGTCTGCTGAAAGCC	486
487	ATGCTCAACCTGCACGACGACAGAACACCACCATCCCCTGCTCCTGGAGATCGCGCGG	546
547	CAAACGGACAGCCTGAAGGAGCTTGTCAACGCCAGCTACACGGACAGCTACTACAAGGGC	606
607	CAGACAGCACTGCACATCGCCATCGAGAGACGCAACATGGCCCTGGTGACCCTCCTGGTG	666
667	GAGAACGGAGCAGACGTCCAGGCTGCGGCCCATGGGGACTTCTTTAAGAAAACCAAAGGG	726
727	CGGCCTGGATTCTACTTCGGTGAACTGCCCCTGTCCCTGGCCGCGTGCACCAACCA	786
787	GGCATCGTGAAGTTCCTGCTGCAGAACTCCTGGCAGACGGCCGACATCAGCGCCAGGGAC	846
847	TCGGTGGCCAACACGGTGCTGCACGCCCTGGTGGAGGTGGCCGACAACACGGCCGACAAC	906
907	ACGAAGTTTGTGACGAGCATGTACAATGAGATTCTGATCCTGGGGGCCAAACTGCACCCG	966
967	ACGCTGAAGCTGGAGGAGCTCACCAACAAGAAGGGAATGACGCCGCTGGCTCTGGCAGCT	1026
1027	GGGACCGGGAGATCGGGGTCTTGGCCTATATTCTCCAGCGGGAGATCCAGGAGCCCGAG	1086
1087	TGCAGGCACCTGTCCAGGAAGTTCACCGAGTGGGCCTACGGGCCCGTGCACTCCTCGCTG	1146
1147	TACGACCTGTCCTGCATCGACACCTGCGAGAAGAACTCGGTGCTGGAGGTGATCGCCTAC	1206
1207	AGCAGCAGCGAGACCCCTAATCGCCACGACATGCTCTTGGTGGAGCCGCTGAACCGACTC	1266
1267	CTGCAGGACAAGTGGGACAGATTCGTCAAGCGCATCTTCTACTTCAACTTCCTGGTCTAC	1326
1327	TGCCTGTACATGATCATCTTCACCATGGCTGCCTACTACAGGCCCGTGGATGGCTTGCCT	1386
1387	CCCTTTAAGATGGAAAAATTGGAGACTATTTCCGAGTTACTGGAGAGATCCTGTCTGT	1446

FIG. 2cont'd

1447 TTAGGAGGAGTCTACTTCTTTTCCGAGGGGATTCAGTATTTCCTGCAGAGGCGGCCGTCG 1506 1507 ATGAAGACCCTGTTTGTGGACAGCTACAGTGAGATGCTTTTCTTCTGCAGTCACTGTTC 1566 ATGCTGGCCACCGTGGTGCTGTACTTCAGCCACCTCAAGGAGTATGTGGCTTCCATGGTA 1626 TTCTCCCTGGCCTTGGGCTGGACCAACATGCTCTACTACACCCGCGGTTTCCAGCAGATG 1686 GGCATCTATGCCGTCATGATAGAGAAGATGATCCTGAGAGACCTGTGCCGTTTCATGTTT 1746 GTCTACATCGTCTTCTTGTTCGGGTTTTCCACAGCGGTGGTGACGCTGATTGAAGACGGG 1806 1866 1926 ATCGGCATGGGCGACCTGGAGTTCACTGAGAACTATGACTTCAAGGCTGTCTTCATCATC  $\tt CTGCTGCTGGCCTATGTAATTCTCACCTACATCCTCCTGCTCAACATGCTCATCGCCCTC$ 2046 ATGGGTGAGACTGTCAACAAGATCGCACAGGAGAAGAACATCTGGAAGCTGCAGAGA 2106 GCCATCACCATCCTGGACACGGAGAAGAGCTTCCTTAAGTGCATGAGGAAGGCCTTCCGC 2166 TCAGGCAAGCTGCTGCAGGTGGGGTACACACCTGATGCCAAGGACGACTACCGGTGGTGC 2226 TTCAGGGTGGACGAGGTGAACTGGACCACCTGGAACACGTGGGCATCATCAACGAA 2286 GACCCGGGCAACTGTGAGGGCGTCAAGCGCACCCTGAGCTTCTCCCTGCGGTCAAGCAGA 2346 GTTTCAGGCAGACACTGGAAGAACTTTGCCCTGGTCCCCCTTTTAAGAGAGGCAAGTGCT 2406  ${\tt CGAGATAGGCAGTCTGCTCAGCCCGAGGAAGTTTATCTGCGACAGTTTTCAGGGTCTCTG}$ 2466 AAGCCAGAGGACGCTGAGGTCTTCAAGAGTCCTGCCGCTTCCGGGGAGAAGtgaggacgt 2526 2527 cacgcagacagcactgtcaacactgggccttaggagaccccgttgccacggggggctgct

FIG.2CONT'D

2587	gagggaacaccagtgctctgtcagcagcctggcctggcc	2646
2647		2706
2707		2766
2767		2826
2827		2886
2887		2946
2947	aagtagcttggattacaggtgagcactaccacgcccggctaatttttgtatttttaatag	3006
3007	agacggggtttcaccatgttggccaggctggtctcgaactcttgacctcaggtgatctgc	3066
3067		3126
3127		3186
3187		3246
3247		3306
3307		3366
3367		3426
3427		3486
3487		3546
3547	acagatatgtatacaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	

FIG. 2contd

### FIG. 3

NUCLEOTIDE AND AMINO ACID SEQUENCE OF hVR1 INCLUDING THE 5'UTR (nt -773 TO nt 0), CODING REGION (nt TO 2517) AND 3'UTR (nt 2518 TO nt 3560)

-773	cccccagccacacacacacacacacacacatacacacaca	-71
-713	aaggccagaagcttgacagatgttgattcataaaaatgcaaaagccaaaatccaaaatct	-65
-653	tgtataagctcagtggctgtggcagcgaggttgaagagcaaaggcaggc	-59
-593	ctgatgatgtgtggacccgttgcacagcagggcccgcagtgcggtgtggggtgtgggg	-53
-533	ccagtctctgccgctcaccctattccagggacacagtctgcttggctcttctggactgag	-474
-473	ccatcctcatcaccgagatcctccctgaattcagcccacgacagccaccccggccgtttt	-414
-413	ccttgttctgtgtgggaagggaggcagcgggtggttatcaacctcaccctgcagaggag	-354
-353	gcacctgaggcccagaggagggagggatgggtctaacccagaaccacagatggctctga	-294
-293	gccgggggcctgtccaccctcccaggccgacgtcagtggccgcaggactgcctgggccct	-234
233	gctaggcctgctcacctctgaggcctctggggtgagaggttcagtcctggaaacacttca	-174
173	gttetagggggetgggggcagcagcaagttggagttttggggtaccctgcttcacagggc	-114
113	ccttggcaaggaggcaggtggggtctaaggacaagcagtccttactttgggagtcaacc	-54
-53 1	ccggcgtggtggctgctgcaggttgcacactgggccacagaggatccagcaaggATGAAG M $\kappa$	6 2
7	AAATGGAGCAGCACAGACTTGGGGGCAGCTGCGGACCCACTCCAAAAGGACACCTGCCCA	66
3	KWSSTDLGAAADPLQKDTCP	22
67	GACCCCTGGATGGAGACCCTAACTCCAGGCCACCTCCAGCCAAGCCCCAGCTCTCCACG	126
23	D P L D G D P N S R P P P A K P Q L S T	42
127	GCCAAGAGCCGCACCCGGCTCTTTGGGAAGGGTGACTCGGAGGAGGCCTTTCCCGGTGGAT	186
43	A K S R T R L F G K G D S E E A F P V D	62
187	MCCCCMC3 CC3 CC3 3 CCMC3	
63	TGCCCTCACGAGGAAGGTGAGCTGGACCTCCTGCCCGACCATCACAGTCAGCCCTGTTATC C P H E E G E L D S C P T I T V S P V I	246 82
247	ACCATCCAGAGGCCAGGAGACGCCCCACCGGTGCCAGGCTGCTGTCCCAGGACTCTGTC	
83	T I Q R P G D G P T G A R L L S Q D S V	306 102
		102
307	GCCGCCAGCACCGAGAAGACCCTCAGGCTCTATGATCGCAGGAGTATCTTTGAAGCCGTT	366
103	AASTEKTLRLYDRRSIFEAV	122
367	GCTCAGAATAACTGCCAGGATCTGGAGAGCCTGCTGCTCTTCCTGCAGAAGAGCAAGAAG	426
123	AQNNCQDLESLLLFLQKSKK	142
427	CACCTCACAGACAACGAGTTCAAAGACCCTGAGACAGGGGAAGACCTGTCTGCTGAAAGCC	486
143	H L T D N E F K D P E T G K T C L L K A	162
487	ATGCTCAACCTGCACGACGGCACAGAACACCATCCCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCCTC	

### 7/41

163	M	L	N	L	Н	D	G	Q	N	T	T	I	P	L	L	L	E	I	A	R	182
547	CA	מ מ	CCA	CAC	ССТ	ממטי	CCN	CCT	יייים	א מי <i>י</i> י	ccc	CAC	יריודי א	CAC	CCN	C 2 C	CM N	CER	C N N	GGGC	606
183	0		D		L				V					T	D D	S	Y	Y	CAA K		606 202
100	¥	•	_	_	_	••	_	~	•	.,	•	. "	-	•		5	_	1		G	202
607	CA	GAC	AGC	ACT	GCA	CAT	CGC	CAI	'CGA	GAG	ACG	CAA	CAT	'GGC	CCT	сст	GAC	ССТ	ССТ	GGTG	666
203	0	T	A	L	н	I	A		E	R		N		A	L	V	T	L	L	v	222
	æ	_		_	••	_	••	_	_	••		• •	••	••	_	•	-		-	•	
667	GA	GAA	CGG	AGC	AGA	CGT	CCA	GGC	TGC	:GGC	CCA	TGG	GGA	CTT	СТТ	таа	GAA	AAC	CAA	AGGG	726
223	E		G		D	v			A								к		ĸ		242
							_											_		_	
727	CG	GCC	TGG	ATT	CTA	CTT	CGG	TGA	ACI	'GCC	CCI	GTC	CCI	'GGC	CGC	GTG	CAC	CAA	CCA	GCTG	786
243		₽		F	Y	F	G	E	L	P	L					С	T	N	Q	L	262
																			_		
787	GG	CAT	CGT	GAA	GTT	CCT	GCI	GCA	GAA	CTC	CTG	GCA	GAC	GGC	CGA	CAT	CAG	CGC	CAG	GGAC	846
263	G	I	V	K	F	L	L	Q	N	S	W	Q	T	A	D	I	s	A	R	D	282
847	TC	GGT	GGG	CAA	CAC	GGT	GCI	'GCA	CGC	CC1	'GGT	'GGA	GGI	'GGC	CGA	CAA	CAC	GGC	CGA	CAAC	906
283	S	V	G	N	T	V	L	H	A	L	V	E	V	A	D	N	T	A	D	N	302
907	ACC	GAA	GTT	TGT	GAC	ĠAG	CAT	GTA	CAA	TGA	GAT	TCI	'GAI	CCT	GGG	GGC	CAA	ACT	GCA	CCCG	966
303	T	K	F	V	T	s	М	Y	N	E	I	L	I	L	G	A	K	L	H	P	322
967																				AGCT	1026
323	T	L	K	L	E	E	L	T	N	K	K	G	M	T	P	L	A	L	A	A	342
4000																					
1027																				CGAG	1086
343	G	T	G	K	I	G	V	L	A	Y	I	L	Q	R	E	I	Q	E	P	E	362
1087	ma		~~.	~~	~m~		~~~														
363		R.		CCT L			GAA K		T T											GCTG	1146
363	C	K	п	مد	5	R	r	F	T	E	W	A	Y	G	P	V	Н	S	S	L	382
1147	ጥልረ	CA	ССТ	כיזירי	CTC	יר א ידי	CCA	CAC	ריייכ	CCA	CAA	CNN	CTC	-C-m	CCT	CC3	CCT	C አ ጥ		CTAC	1206
383	Y		L	s	C	I	D	T	C	E		N.	S	V	L	GGA E	V	GAI I	A	Y	402
505	•	_	_	J	•	-	J	•	Č		10	.,	3	٧	n	2	٧	_	^	•	402
1207	AGO	CAG	CAG	CGA	GAC	ccc	TAA	TCG	CCA	CGA	САТ	GCT	ייייי	CCT	CCA	ccc	CCT	CAA	CCG	ACTC	1266
403	s	s		E	T		N		Н					v		P	L	N	R		422
					_	_				-		_	_	•	_	_	_	•		_	
1267	CTC	3CA	GGA	CAA	GTG	GGA	CAG	ATT	CGT	CAA	.GCG	CAT	CTT	CTA	CTT	CAA	CTT	CCT	GGT	CTAC	1326
423		Q		K			R		v			I	F	Y	F	N		L	V		442
1327	TGC	CT	GTA	CAT	GAT	CAT	CTT	CAC	CAT	GGC	TGC	CTA	.CTA	CAG	GCC	CGT	GGA	TGG	CTT	GCCT	1386
443	C	L	Y	M	I	I	F	${f r}$	M	Α	A	Y	Y	R	₽	v	D	G	L	P	462
1387	CCC	CTT'	TAA	GAT	GGA	AAA	AAT	TGG	AGA	CTA	TTT	CCG	AGT	TAC	TGG	AGA	GAT	CCT	GTC:	TGTG	1446
463	P	F	K	M	E	K	I	G	D	Y	F	R	V	T	G	E	I	L	s	v	482
										•											
1447																				GTCG	1506
483	L	G	G	V	Y	F	F	F	R	G	I	Q	Y	F	L	Q	R	R	P	S	502
1507																				GTTC	1566
503	M	K	T	Ļ	F	V	D	S	Y	S	E	M	L	F	F	L	Q	S	L	F	522
1													<b></b> -		<b>_</b>						
																				GGTA	1626
523	M	L	A	T	٧	V	Ţ	¥	F.	S	н	Ĺ	K	E	Y	V	A	S	M	V	542
1627	ψm.c	ירוחיר	CCIII.	~~~	C TO TO		CMC	C > C	~ * *	~ x m	~~m	~m×	CM2	C 2 C				~~	~~~	GATG	1606
102/	110	اند	CUT	الاقات	CTT	افاقاق	فاتدت	GAU	CAA	CAT	GUT	CIA	CTA	CAC	فانات	نىانات	TTT(	CCA	Aل	JAT'G	1686

FIG. 3CONT'D

543	F S L A L G W T N M L Y Y T R G F Q Q M	562
1687 563		
1747	7 GTCTACATCGTCTTCTTGTTCGGGTTTTCCACAGCGGTGGTGACGCTGATTGAAGACG	GG 1806
583		
1807	AAGAATGACTCCCTGCCGTCTGAGTCCACGTCGCACAGGTGGCGGGGGCCTGCCT	.GG 1866
603	3 KND SLPSESTSHRWRGPACR	622
1867		
623		
1927		
643		
1987		TC 2046
663		
2047		
683		
2107		
703		
2167		
723		
2227		
743		
2287		
763		
2347 783		
2407		
803		
2467	AAGCCAGAGGACGCTGAGGTCTTCAAGAGTCCTGCCGCTTCCGGGGAGAAGtqaqqac	at 2526
823		839
2527	cacgcagacagcactgtcaacactgggccttaggagaccccgttgccacggggggctg	ct 2586
2587	gagggaacaccagtgctctgtcagcagcctggcctggtctgtgcctgcc	cc 2646
2647	caaatctgtgctggacaagctgtgggaagcgttcttggaagcatggggagtgatgtac	at 2706
2707	ccaaccgtcactgtccccaagtgaatctcctaacagactttcaggtttttactcactt	ta 2766
2767		
2827		
2887	datettggeteaetgeaacetetgeteeegggtteaagegattettetgetteagtete	cc 2946

# FIG. 3cont'd

2947	aagtagettggattacaggtgageactaceacgeeeggetaatttttgtatttttaatag	3006
3007	${\tt agacggggtttcaccatgttggccaggctggtctcgaactcttgacctcaggtgatctgc}$	3066
3067	ccgccttggcctcccaaagtgctgggattacaggtgtgagccgctgcgctcggccttctt	3126
3127	tgattttatattattaggagcaaaagtaaatgaagcccaggaaaacacctttgggaacaa	3186
3187	actetteetttgatggaaaatgeagaggeeetteetetgtgeegtgettget	3246
3247	acctgcccgggtggtttgggggtgtttggtgtttcctccctggagaagatgggggaggctg	3306
3307	teccaeteccagetetggcagaateaagetgttgcagcagtgcettettcateett	3366
3367	acgatcaatcacagtctccagaagatcagctcaattgctgtgcaggttaaaactacagaa	3426
3427	ccacatcccaaaggtacctggtaagaatgtttgaaagatcttccatttctaggaacccca	3486
3487	gtcctgcttctccgcaatggcacatgcttccactccatactggcatcctcaaataa	3546
3547	acagatatgtatacaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	

FIG. 3cont'd

### 10/41

## FIG. 4

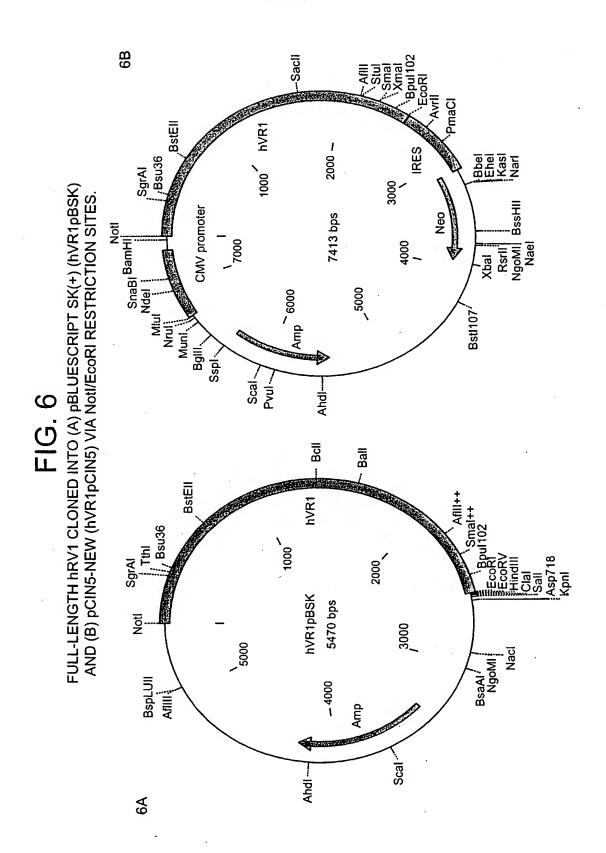
### AMINO ACID SEQUENCE OF hVR1

	1	MKKWSSTDLG	AAADPLQKDT	CPDPLDGDPN	SRPPPAKPQL	STAKSRTRLF				
	51	GKGDSEEAFP	VDCPHEEGEL	DSCPTITVSP	VITIQRPGDG	PTGARLLSQD				
	101	SVAASTEKTL	RLYDRRSIFE	AVAQNNCQDL	ESLLLFLQKS	KKHL <u>T</u> DNEFK				
	151	DPETGKTCLL	KAMLNLHDGQ	NTTIPLLLEI	ARQTDSLKEL	VNASYTDSYY				
	201	KGQTALHIAI	ERRNMALVTL	LVENGADVQA	AAHGDFFKKT	KGRPGFYFGE				
	251	LPLSLAACTN	QLGIVKFLLQ	NSWQTADISA	RDSVGNTVLH	ALVEVADNTA				
	301	DNTKFVTSMY	NEILILGAKL	HPTLKLEELT	NEKGMTPLAL	AAGTGKIGVL				
	351	AYILQREIQE	PECRHLSRKF	<b>T</b> EWAYGPVHS	SLYDLSCIDT	CEKNSVLEVI				
	401	AYSSSETPNR	HDMLLVEPLN	RLLQDKWDRF	VKRIFYFNFL	VYCLYMIIFT				
	451	MAAYYRPVDG	LPPFKMEKIG	DYFRVTGEI	SVLGGVYFFF	RGIQY <mark>FLORR</mark>				
	501	PSMKTLFVI S	YSEMLFFLQS	LEMIATVVLY	es ilkeyvas	MVFSLALGWT				
	551	NMLYYTRGFQ:	QMGIYAVMIE	KMILRDLCRE	MFVYIVFLFG.	FSTAVVTLIE				
	601	DGKNDSLPSE	STSHRWRGPA	CRPPDSSYNS	LYSTCLELFK	FTIĢMGDLEF				
	651	TENYDEKAVE:	LILLLAYVIL	TYTLLIMLT	ALMGETVNKI	AQESKNIWKL				
	701	QRAITILDTE	KSFLKCMRKA	FRSGKLLQVG	YTPDGKDDYR	WCFRVDEVNW				
	751	TTWNTNVGII	NEDPGNCXGV	KRTLSFSLRS	SRVSGRHWKN	FALVPLLREA				
	801	SARDRQSAQP	EEVYLRQFSG	SLKPEDAEVF	KSPAASGEK*					
Key										
T/S pr	T/S predicted phosphorylation sites									
20	Transmembrane domains									
	Ankyrin binding domains									

### 11/41 FIG. 5

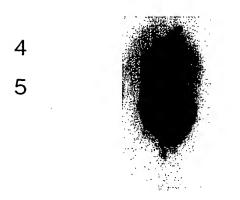
COMPARISON OF THE AMINO ACID SEQUENCE OF THE RAT (VR1) AND HUMAN (hVR1) VANILLOID PROTEINS.

	ANDITO	WALL (HALLI) A	MINICOLD FA	JIEINS.	
VR1	10	20	30	40	50
	MEQRASLDSEES MKKWSSTDLGAA	PUBLOKUACEDI POSESÕENOCIDI	PT DCDDNCDDD	PVKPHIFTTRS	RTRLE
hVR1	60	70	80	90	100
VR1	GKGDSEEASPLD	CPYEEGGLASC	PIITVSSVLTI	ORPGDGPASVE	PSSQD
hVR1	GKGDSEEAFPVD	CPHEEGELDSC	PTITVSPVITI	QRPGDGPTGAF	LLSQD
	110	120	130	140	150
VR1	SVSAG.EKPPRL				
hVR1	SVAASTEKTLRL 160	YDRRSIFEAVA( 170			
VR1	DPETGKTCLLKA		180 IALLLDVARKT	190 DST.KOFVNASV	200 TTD S V V
hVR1	DPETGKTCLLKA				
	210	220	230	240	250
VR1	KGQTALHIAIER	with an experience of the state	19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19.	and the contract of the state of the contract of the state of the stat	
hVR1	KGQTALHIAIER			DFFKKTKGRPG	FYFGE
VR1	260	270	280	290	300
	LPLSLAACTNOL				
hVR1	LPLSLAACTNOL	350 ระ <i>กับ</i> รักา <i>ก</i> ับอ <i>พใ</i>	STADISAKDŠĶ 330	GNIVLHALVEV 340	ADN'I V. 350
VR1	DNTKFVTSMYNE		LKLEEITNRKG	LTPLALAASSG	KIGVL
hVR1	DNTKFVTSMYNE	ALLEST AND CONTROL OF THE PARTY		and the first of the second of	e in a line of the Market of
	360	370	380	390	400
VR1	AYILQREIHEPE	Contract to the contract of th		Language Comprehensive Committee Com	5.0
hVR1	AYILQREIQEPE				
VR1	410 AYSSSETPNRHDI	420	430	440	450
hVR1	AYSSSETPNRHD				
HAKT	460	470	480	490	500
VR1	AAAYYRPVEGLP	PYKLKWTVGDYI	RVTGEILSVS	GGVYFFFRGIQ	YFLOR
hVR1	MAAYYRPVDGLP	PFKMEK.IGDYI	RVTGEILSVL	GGVYFFFRGIQ	YFLQR
VR1	510	520	530	540	550
	RPSLKSLFVDSY	TO SECTION ASSESSMENT OF A SECTION ASSESSMENT OF THE SECTION ASSESSMEN	er er i 1994 av forester i Livin ber in de de village	- Chillian Address Committee Control	24. 15 21. 24.
hVR1	RPSMKTLFVDSY:	240 74 TOSTA	<del>LLATVVLYESH</del> 580	LKEYVASMVFS 590	LALGW 600
VR1	TNMLYYTRGFQQ				
hVR1	TNMLYYTRGFQQ	さずる はななな ちゃくだんしゃ たっぱんしゃ こ	the first terminal and the contract the cont	and the state of t	1. 6
	610	620	630	640	650
VR1	EDGKNNSLPMES	Sustante Later Ada " inter and		<b>CLELFKFTIG</b>	
hVR1	EDGKNDSLPSEST	SHRWRGPACRE	PDSSYNSLYS	<b>CLELFKFTIG</b>	MGDLE
VR1	660	670	680	690	700
	FTENYDEKAVEI				
hVR1	FTENYDFKAVFI 710	720	730	SETVNKFAQES 740	750
VR1	LORALTILDTEKS		GKLLOVGETPI	GKDDYRWCFR	VDEVN
hVR1	LORATTILDTEKS				
	760	770	780	790	800
VR1	WITWNTNVGIINE				
hVR1	WTTWNTNVGLINE			GRHWKNFALV	PLLRE
VR1	810 ASTRORHATOOEF	820 WOTKHV7CQTX	830 PROAFVEKOSM	AFDED W	
hVR1	ASARDROSAQPE	Company of the Compan	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	大学 アエスプラー 東京 スプライス かりていた。	
TAKT	harman all Maria Anar Re till	an a short of the	THE SHAREST MAY SAUSES		



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

FIG. 7
SLOT HYBRIDISATION WITH hVR1 PROBE



Well

1A hDRG 2A rDRG 1B hDRG

3A Water

4B EST3 clone

5B 260bp Amplicon from Brain cDNA

FIG. 8
WESTERN BLOT PROBED WITH ANTI-hVR1 ANTIBODIES.
ARROW POINTS TO hVR1 SPECIFIC BAND

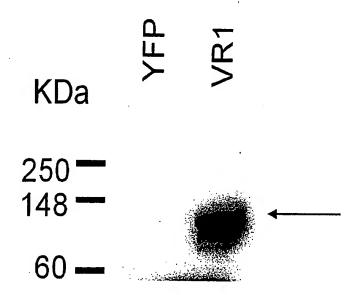


FIG. 9
IN SITU LOCALISATION OF VR1 IN RAT DRG TISSUE SECTIONS.
ARROW POINTS TO A VR1 EXPRESSING SMALL DIAMETER
(<25µn) NEURONE CELL BODY, MAGNIFICATION USED 147x10.

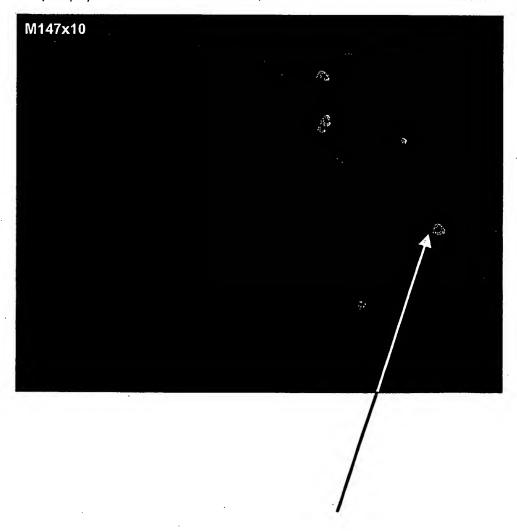
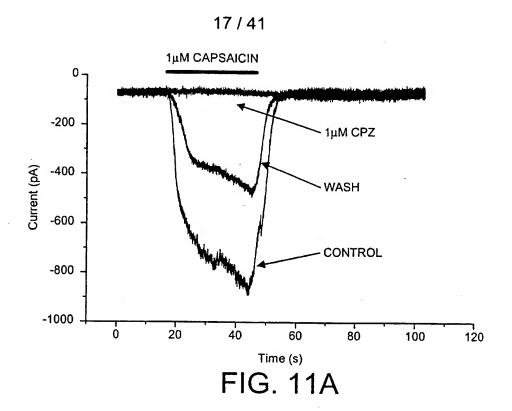


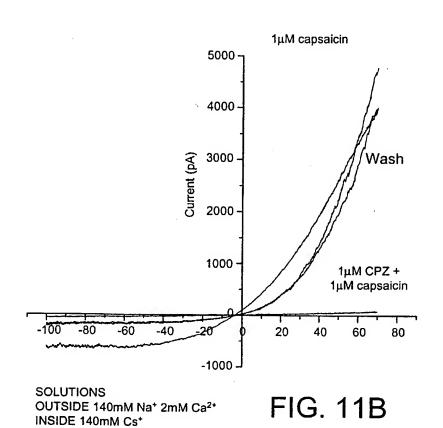
FIG. 10A



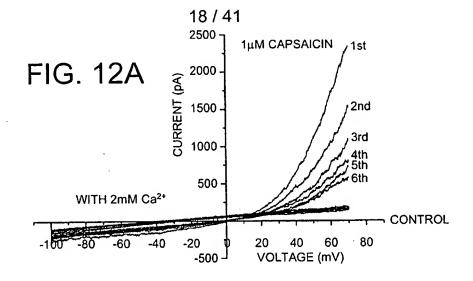


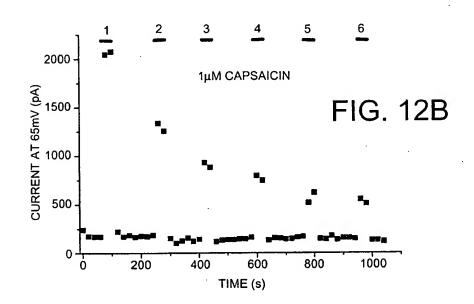
FIG. 10B

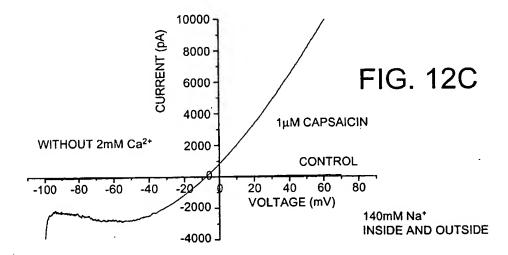




**SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)** 







SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

13A pCIN5-new in HEK293T, 24hr transient expression, stimulated with 3µM capsaicin at time point 52 secs of time course



138 hVR1pCIN5 in HEK293T, 24hr expression, stimulated with 1 µM capsaicin at time point 52 seconds

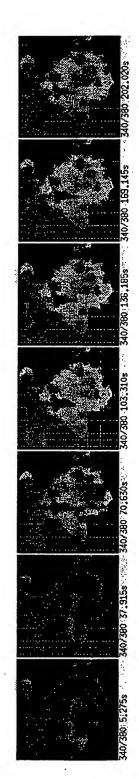


13C hVR1pCIN5 in HEK293T, 24hr transient expression, 20 min pre-incubation with 10 uM capsazepine, stimulated with 1  $\mu$ M capsaicin at time point 52 seconds of time course



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

13D hVR1pCIN5 in HEK293T, 24hr transient expression, stimulated with 10uM anandamide at time point 52 seconds



13E hVR1pCIN5 in HEK293T, 24hr transient expression, 20 min pre-incubation in 10uM capsazepine, stimulated with 10uM anandamide at time point 52 sec

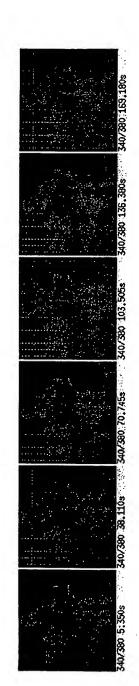


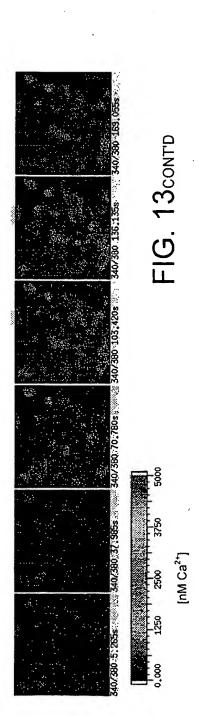
FIG. 13contr



13F hVR1pCIN5 in HEK293T cells, 24hr transient expression, stimulated with 1uM Resiniferatoxin at time point 52 seconds



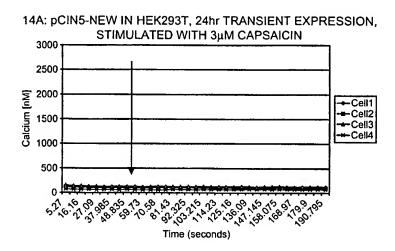
136 hVR1pCIN5 in HEK293T, 24hr transient expression, 20 min pre-incubation with 10 uM capsazepine, stimulated with 1 uM Resiniferatoxin at time point 52 seconds

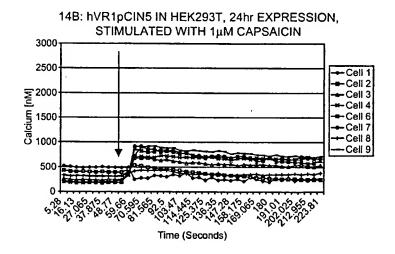


22 / 41

FIG. 14

EXPOSURE OF TRANSFECTED CELLS TO AGONISTS (ADDITION INDICATED BY ARROW).





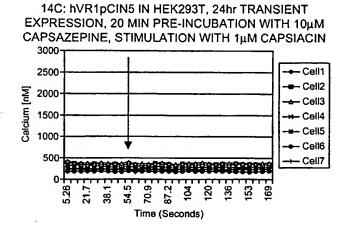
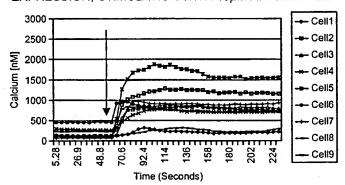


FIG. 14contd

14D: hVR1pCIN5 IN HEK293T, 24hR TRANSIENT EXPRESSION, STIMULATION WITH  $10\mu M$  ANANDAMIDE



14E: hVR1pCIN5 IN HEK293T, 24hr TRANSIENT EXPRESSION, 20.MIN PRE-INCUBATION IN 10µM CAPAZEPINE, STIMULATED WITH 10µM ANANDAMIDE

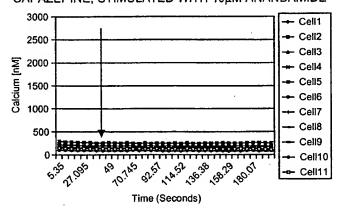
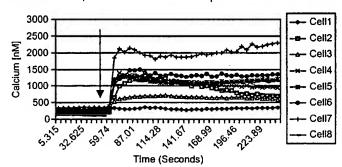
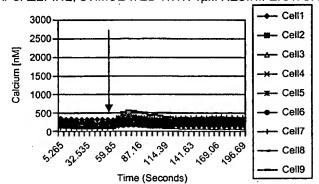


FIG. 14contid

14F: hVR1pCIN5 IN HEK293T CELLS, 24hr TRANSIENT EXPRESSION, STIMULATED WITH 1 µM RESINIFERATOXIN



14G: hVR1pCIN5 IN HEK293T, 24hr TRANSIENT EXPRESSION, 20 MIN PRE-INCUBATION WITH 10μM CAPSAZEPINE, STIMULATED WITH 1 µM RESINIFERATOXIN



#### **hVR1 ASSAY**

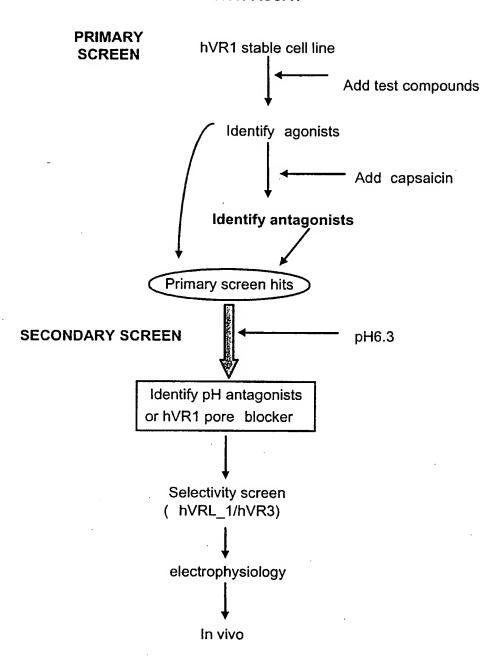
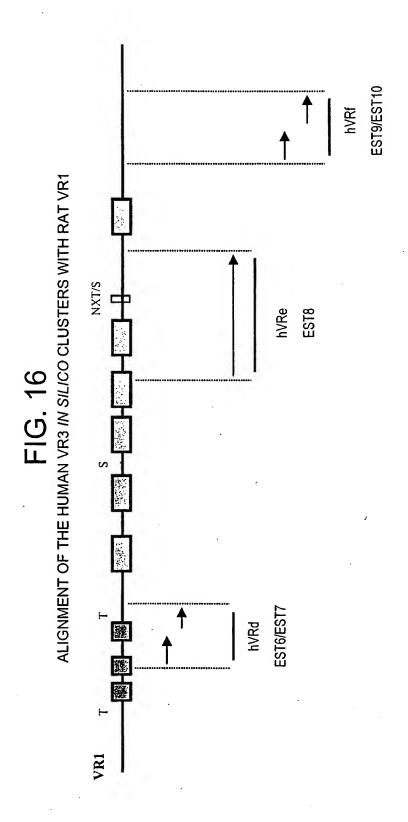


FIG. 15



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

### FIG. 17

# hVR3 SEQUENCE INCLUDING 5' UTR (nt -686 TO nt 0) CODING REGION (nt1 TO nt 2889), 3'UTR (nt 2890 TO nt 3418)

-684	ttacgcgttaagaaatacccaagcttatgcatcaagcttggtaccgagctcggatccact	-625
-624	agtaccgccggccagtgtgctggaattcaaggtgaggaggaggagcatggatcctgggagc	-565
-564	gagtgtgtgcaggccagggagggctttccagaggagcccagttgagctggaacaccagtg	-505
-504	gggaggagttgaccagcaaaggtgcagggagggatcagcactttgcactggggagcagag	-445
444	tttgtgcactggggaagtcaactcaagtattggagcctcagtttcctgttctgtaaaatg	-385
-384	ggttcatcatgacagtgtttgatgaggaaaaggactgccggcctacacagcaagtccaca	-325
324	tggattttctgagcccctcctgtgcctgaagcccacggttaatggttctgccttagcagg	-265
264	tgettaccacgtgccaggcactgcactgcactggccactggactgcatgttctgtccatg	-205
204	aggettggatatececatettacagatcaggaagetgaggetatgaaatgtegaettget	-145
144	caatgtcatggaatgactaagtgtggagcctggatttgaacttggctctctggggctcca	-85
-84	aagctggetttettggteageagtagggtetgggateeaagtatggggteeeagettgae	-25
-24	cctgaagtccaccctctttcagctaATGCCCAGGGTAGTTGGACCTGGGGCCAATTTGTG	35
36	TTTCCAGGTTCGTGAAAGAGGCTCCTGTTGCAGTTCCCGCCTGAGGCTGGCGGCCAACCA	95
96	CATCTGGGAGTGGCCTCCCTGTGCCCCTGTCATTACAACGGTGGCTTTGAAGCAGCTGGC	155
156	AGCACTGCTGCTTGTCCACGTGGGAGGGGGCTTCCTGGAGCCCCCGGCCCCTGGCCGGGTT	215
216	CTGCCTGACTCCCCTTTCATTCCCTTGCAGGCTGAGCAGTGCAGACGGGCCTGGGGCAGG	275
276	CATGCCGGATTCCAGCGAAGGCCCCCGCGCGGGGGCCCGGGGAGGTGGCTGAGCTCCCCGG	335
336	GGATGAGAGTGGCACCCCAGGTGGGGAGGCTTTTCCTCTCTCT	395

396	TGAGGGGGAGGATGGCTCCCTTTCGCCCTCACCGGCTGATGCCAGTCGCCCTGCTGGCCC	455
456	AGGCGATGGGCGACCAAATCTGCGCATGAAGTTCCAGGGCGCCCTTCCGCAAGGGGGTGCC	515
516	CAACCCCATCGATCTGCTGGAGTCCACCCTATATGAGTCCTCGGTGGTGCCTGGGCCCAA	575
576	GAAAGCACCCATGGACTCACTGTTTGACTACGGCACCTATCGTCACCACTCCAGTGACAA	635
636	CAAGAGGTGGAGGAAGAAGATCATAGAGAAGCAGCCGCAGAGCCCCAAAGCCCCTGCCCC	695
696	TCAGCCGCCCCCATCCTCAAAGTCTTCAACCGGCCTATCCTCTTTGACATCGTGTCCCG	755
756	GGGCTCCACTGCTGACCTGGACGGGCTGCTCCCATTCTTGCTGACCCACAAGAAACGCCT	815
816	AACTGATGAGGAGTTTCGAGAGCCATCTACGGGGAAGACCTGCCTG	875
876	GAACCTGAGCAATGGCCGCAACGACACCATCCCTGTGCTGCTGGACATCGCGGAGCGCAC	935
936	CGGCAACATGCGGGAGTTCATTAACTCGCCCTTCCGTGACATCTACTATCGAGGTCAGAC	995
996	AGCCCTGCACATCGCCATTGAGCGTCGCTGCAAACACTACGTGGAACTTCTCGTGGCCCA	1055
1056	GGGAGCTGATGTCCACGCCCAGGCCCGTGGGCGCTTCTTCCAGCCCAAGGATGAGGGGGG	1115
1116	CTACTTCTACTTTGGGGAGCTGCCCCTGTCGCTGGCTGCCTGC	1175
1176	TGTCAACTACCTGACGGAGAACCCCCACAAGAAGGCGGACATGCGGCGCCAGGACTCGCG	1235
1236	AGGCAACACAGTGCTGCATGCGCTGGTGGCCATTGCTGACAACACCCGTGAGAACACCAA	1295
1296	GTTTGTTACCAAGATGTACGACCTGCTGCTGCTCAAGTGTGCCCGCCTCTTCCCCGACAG	1355
1356	CAACCTGGAGGCCGTGCTCAACAACGACGGCCTCTCGCCCCTCATGATGGCTGCCAAGAC	1415
1416	GGGCAAGATTGGGATCTTTCAGCACATCATCCGGCGGGAGGTGACGGATGAGGACACACG	1475
1476	GCACCTGTCCCGCAAGTCCAAGGACTGGGCCTATGGGCCAGTGTATTCCTCGCTTTATGA	1535

# FIG. 17cont'd

### 29 / 41

1536	CCTCTCCTCCTGGACACGTGTGGGGAAGAGGCCTCCGTGCTGGAGATCCTGGTGTACAA	1595
1596	CAGCAAGATTGAGAACCGCCACGAGATGCTGGCTGTGGAGCCCATCAATGAACTGCTGCG	1655
L656	GGACAAGTGGCGGAAGTTCGGGGCCGTCTCCTTCTACATCAACGTGGTCTCCTACCTGTG	1715
1716	TGCCATGGTTATCTTCACTCTCACCGCCTACTACCAGCCGCTGGAGGGCACACCGCCGTA	1775
L776	CCCTTACCGCACCACGGTGGACTACCTGCGGCTGGCTGGC	1835
1836	TGGGGTCCTGTTCTTCACCAACATCAAAGACTTGTTCATGAAGAAATGCCCTGGAGT	1895
1896	GAATTCTCTCTTCATTGATGGCTCCTTCCAGCTGCTCTACTTCATCTACTCTGTCCTGGT	1955
1956	GATCGTCTCAGCAGCCCTCTACCTGGCAGGGATCGAGGCCTACCTGGCCATGATGGTCTT	2015
2016	TGCCCTGGTCCTGGGCTGAATGCCCTTTACTTCACCCGTGGGCTGAAGCTGACGGG	2075
2076	GACCTATAGCATCATGATCCAGAAGATTCTCTTCAAGGACCTTTTCCGATTCCTGCTCGT	2135
2136	CTACTTGCTCTTCATGATCGGCTACGCTTCAGCCCTGGTCTCCCTGAACCCGTGTGC	2195
2196	CAACATGAAGGTGTGCAATGAGGACCAGACCAACTGCACAGTGCCCACTTACCCCTCGTG	2255
2256	CCGTGACAGCGAGACCTTCAGCACCTTCCTCCTGGACCTGTTTAAGCTGACCATCGGCAT	2315
2316	GGGCGACCTGGAGATGCTGAGCACCAAGTACCCCGTGGTCTTCATCATCCTGCTGGT	2375
2376	GACCTACATCATCCTCACCTCTGTGCTGCTCCTCAACATGCTCATTGCCCTCATGGGCGA	2435
2436	GACAGTGGGCCAGGTCTCCAAGGAGAGCAAGCACATCTGGAAGCTGCAGTGGGCCACCAC	2495
2496	CATCCTGGACATTGAGCGCTCCTTCCCCGTATTCCTGAGGAAGGCCTTCCGCTCTGGGGA	2555
2556	GATGGTCACCGTGGGCAAGAGCTCGGACGGCACTCCTGACCGCAGGTGGTGCTTCAGGGT	2615
2616		2675

## FIG. 17<sub>CONT'D</sub>

2676	CAAGAATGAGACCTACCAGTATTATGGCTTCTCGCATACCGTGGGCCGCCTCCGCAGGGA	2735
2736	TCGCTGGTCCTCGGTGGTACCCCGCGTGGTGGAACTGAACAAGAACTCGAACCCGGACGA	2795
2796		2855
2856	CCCCCGCAAGTGGAGGACTGATGACGCCCCGCTCtagggactgcagcccagcccagctt	2915
2916		2975
2976		3035
3036		3095
3096	gctcctatggagtcacataagccaacgccagagcccctccacctcaggccccagcccctg	3155
3156		3215
3216		3275
3276		3335
3336	ggggccctcggcgtggggccatgccttctgtgtgttctgtagtgtctgggatttgccggt	3395
3396	geteaataaatgtttatteattgaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa 3433	

FIG. 17contro

### FIG. 18

### NUCLEOTIDE AND AMINO ACID SEQUENCE OF hVR3 INCLUDING THE 5'UTR (nt -684 TO nt 0), CODING REGION (nt1 TO 2889) AND 3'UTR (nt 2890 TO nt 3418)

-684	ttacgcgttaagaaatacccaagcttatgcatcaagcttggtaccgagctcggatccact	-625
-624	agtaccgccggccagtgtgctggaattcaaggtgaggaggaggagcatggatcctgggagc	-565
-564	gagtgtgtgcaggccagggagggctttccagaggagcccagttgagctggaacaccagtg	-505
-504	gggaggagttgaccagcaaaggtgcagggagggatcagcactttgcactggggagcagag	-445
-444	tttgtgcactggggaagtcaactcaagtattggagcctcagtttcctgttctgtaaaatg	-385
-384	ggttcatcatgacagtgtttgatgaggaaaaggactgccggcctacacagcaagtccaca	-325
-324	tggattttctgagccctcctgtgcctgaagcccacggttaatggttctgccttagcagg	-265
-264	tgcttaccacgtgccaggcactgcactgcactggccactggactgcatgttctgtccatg	-205
-204	aggettggatatececatettacagateaggaagetgaggetatgaaatgtegaettget	-145
-144	caatgtcatggaatgactaagtgtggagcctggatttgaacttggctctctggggctcca	-85
-84	aagetggetttettggteageagtagggtetgggateeaagtatggggteeeagettgae	-25
-24 1	cctgaagtccaccctctttcagcta $ATGCCCAGGGTAGTTGGACCTGGGGCCAATTTGTG$ M P R V V G P G A N L C	35 12
36	TTTCCAGGTTCGTGAAAGAGGCTCCTGTTGCAGTTCCCGCCTGAGGCTGGCGGCCAACCA	95
13	F Q V R E R G S C C S S R L R L A A N H	32
96	CATCTGGGAGTGGCCTCCCTGTCCCTGTCATTACAACGGTGGCTTTGAAGCAGCTGGC	155
33	I W E W P P C A P V I T T V A L K Q L A	52
156	AGCACTGCTGCTTGTCCACGTGGGAGGGGGCTTCCTGGAGCCCCCGCCCCTGGCCGGGTT	215
53	ALLLVHVGGGFLEPPPLAGF	72
216	CTGCCTGACTCCCCTTTCATTCCCTTGCAGGCTGAGCAGTGCAGACGGGCCTGGGGCAGG	275
73	C L T P L S F P C R L S S A D G P G A G	92
276	CATGGCGGATTCCAGCGAAGGCCCCCGCGCGGGGGCCCGGGGAGGTGGCTGAGCTCCCCGG	335
93	M A D S S E G P R A G P G E V A E L P G	112
336	GGATGAGAGTGGCACCCCAGGTGGGGAGGCTTTTCCTCTCTCCTCCCTGGCCAATCTGTT	395
113	D E S G T P G G E A F P L S S L A N L F	132
396	TGAGGGGGAGGATGGCTCCCTTTCGCCCTCACCGGCTGATGCCAGTCGCCCTGCTGGCCC	455
133	E G E D G S L S P S P A D A S R P A G P	152
456	AGGCGATGGGCGACCAAATCTGCGCATGAAGTTCCAGGGCGCCTTCCGCAAGGGGGTGCC	515
153	G D G R P N L R M K F Q G A F R K G V P	172
516	CAACCCCATCGATCTGCTGGAGTCCACCCTATATGAGTCCTCGGTGGTGCCTGGGCCCAA	575
173	N P I D L L E S T L Y E S S V V P G P K	192

576	GAAAGCACCCATGGACTCACTGTTTGACTACGGCACCTATCGTCACCACTCCAGTGACAA	635
193	KAPMDSLFDYGTYRHHSSDN	212
636	CAAGAGGTGGAGGAAGAAGATCATAGAGAAGCCAGCCGCAGAGCCCCAAAGCCCCTGCCCC	695
213		232
696	TCAGCCGCCCCCATCCTCAAAGTCTTCAACCGGCCTATCCTCTTTGACATCGTGTCCCG	755
233		252
756	GGGCTCCACTGCTGACCTGGACGGGCTGCTCCCATTCTTGCTGACCCACAAGAAACGCCT	815
253		272
816		875
273		292
876		935
293		312
936		995
313		332
996		1055
333		352
1056		1115
353		372
1116	The state of the s	1175
373		392
1176		1235
393		412
1236	The state of the s	1295
413	GNTVLHALVAIADNTRENTK	432
1296	GTTTGTTACCAAGATGTACGACCTGCTGCTGCTCAAGTGTGCCCGCCTCTTCCCCGACAG	1355
433	F V T K M Y D L L L K C A R L F P D S	452
1356	The state of the s	1415
453	NLEAVLNNDGLSPLMMAAKT	472
1416	GGGCAAGATTGGGATCTTTCAGCACATCATCCGGCGGGGGGGG	1475
473	GKIGIFQHIIRREVTDEDTR	492
1476		1535
493		512
1536	The state of the s	1595
513		532
1596	- The state of the	1655
533		552
1656	The second secon	
553	D K W R K F G A V S F Y I N V V S Y L C	572

# FIG. 18contd

1716	TGCCATGGTTATCTTCACTCTCACCGCCTACTACCAGCCGCTGGAGGGCACACCGCCGTA	1775
573	AMVIFTLTAYYQPLEGTPPY	592
1776	CCCTTACCGCACCACGGTGGACTACCTGCGGCTGGCTGGC	1835
593	PYRTTVDYLRLAGEVITLFT	612
1836	TGGGGTCCTGTTCTTCACCAACATCAAAGACTTGTTCATGAAGAAATGCCCTGGAGT	1895
613	G V L F F F T N. I K D L F M K K C P G V	632
1896	GAATTCTCTCTCATTGATGGCTCCTTCCAGCTGCTCTACTTCATCTACTCTGTCCTGGT	1955
633	NSLFIDGSFQLLYFIYSVLV	652
1956	GATCGTCTCAGCAGCCCTCTACCTGGCAGGGATCGAGGCCTACCTGGCCATGATGGTCTT	2015
653	I V S A A L Y L A G I E A Y L A M M V F	672
2016	TGCCCTGGTCCTGGGCTGGATGAATGCCCTTTACTTCACCCGTGGGCTGAAGCTGACGGG	2075
673	ALVLGWMNALYFTRGLKLTG	692
2076	GACCTATAGCATCATGATCCAGAAGATTCTCTTCAAGGACCTTTTCCGATTCCTGCTCGT	2135
693	TYSIMIQKILFKDLFRFLLV	712
2136	CTACTTGCTCTTCATGATCGGCTACGCTTCAGCCCTGGTCTCCCTCC	2195
713	Y L L F M I G Y A S A L V S L L N P C A	732
2196	CAACATGAAGGTGTGCAATGAGGACCAGACCAACTGCACAGTGCCCACTTACCCCTCGTG	2255
733	N M K V C N E D Q T N C T V P T Y P S C	752
2256	CCGTGACAGCGAGACCTTCAGCACCTTCCTCCTGGACCTGTTTAAGCTGACCATCGGCAT	2315
753	RDSETFSTFLLDLFKLTIGM	772
2316	GGGCGACCTGGAGATGCTGAGCAGCACCAAGTACCCCGTGGTCTTCATCATCCTGCTGGT	2375
773	G D L E M L S S T K Y P V V F I I L L V	792
2376	GACCTACATCATCCTCACCTCTGTGCTGCTCCTCAACATGCTCATTGCCCTCATGGGCGA	2435
793	TYIILTS V L L N M L I A L M G E	812
2436	GACAGTGGGCCAGGTCTCCAAGGAGAGCAAGCACATCTGGAAGCTGCAGTGGGCCACCAC	2495
813	TVGQVSKESKHIWKLQWATT	832 .
2496	CATCCTGGACATTGAGCGCTCCTTCCCCGTATTCCTGAGGAAGGCCTTCCGCTCTGGGGA	2555
833	ILDIERSFPVFLRKAFRSGE	852
2556	GATGGTCACCGTGGGCAAGAGCTCGGACGGCACTCCTGACCGCAGGTGGTGCTTCAGGGT	2615
853	MVTVGKSSDGTPDRRWCFRV	872
2616	GGATGAGGTGAACTGGTCTCACTGGAACCAGAACTTGGGCATCATCAACGAGGACCCGGG	2675
		892
2676	CAAGAATGAGACCTACCAGTATTATGGCTTCTCGCATACCGTGGGCCGCCTCCGCAGGGA	2735
893	K N E T Y Q Y Y G F S H T V G R L R R D	912
2736	TCGCTGGTCCTCGGTGGTACCCCGCGTGGTGGAACTGAACAAGAACTCGAACCCGGACGA	2795
913	RWSSVVPRVVELNKNSNPDE	932
2796	GGTGGTGGTGCCTCTGGACAGCATGGGGAACCCCCGCTGCGATGGCCACCAGCAGGGTTA	2855
		952

FIG. 18cont'd

6000	- CCCCGCAAGIGGACGACGATGACGCCCCGCTCtagggactgcagcccagctt	2915
953	PRKWRTDDAPL	963
2916	ctctgcccactcatttctagtccagccgcatttcagcagtgccttctggggtgtcccccc	2975
2976	acaccctgctttggccccagaggcgagggaccagtggaggtgccagggaggccccaggac	3035
3036	cctgtggtcccctggctctgcctcccaccctggggtgggggctcccggccacctgtctt	3095
3096	getectatggagteacataageeaacgeeagageeeeteeaceteaggeeeeageeeetg	3155
3156	cctctccattatttatttgctctgctctcaggaagcgacgtgacccctgccccagctgga	3215
3216	acctggcagaggccttaggaccccgttccaagtgcactgcccggccaagccccagcctca	3275
3276	gcctgcgcctgagctgcatgcgccaccatttttggcagcgtggcagctttgcaaggggct	3335
3336	ggggccctcggcgtggggccatgccttctgtgtgttctgtagtgtctgggatttgccggt	3395
396	gctcaataaatgtttattcattgaaaaaaaaaaaaaa 3433	

FIG. 18cont'd

## FIG. 19

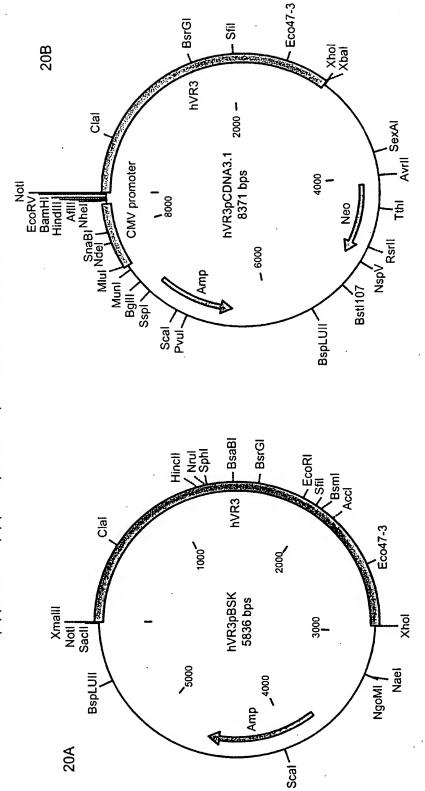
### AMINO ACID SEQUENCE OF hVR3

	,
1	MPRVVGPGAN LCFQVRERGS CCSSRLRLAA NHIWEWPPCA PVITTVALKQ
51	LAALLLVHVG GGFLEPPPLA GFCLTPLSFP CRLSSADGPG AGMADSSEGP
101	RAGPGEVAEL PGDESGTPGG EAFPLSSLAN LFEGEDGSLS PSPADASRPA
151	GPGDGRPNLR MKFQGAFRKG VPNPIDLLES TLYESSVVPG PKKAPMDSLF
201	DYGTYRHHSS DNKRWRKKII EKQPQSPKAP APQPPPILKV FNRPILFDIV
251	SRGSTADLDG LLPFLLTHKK RLTDEEFREP STGKTCLPKA LLNLSNGRND
301	TIPVLLDIAE RTGNMREFIN SPFRDIYYRG QTALHIAIER RCKHYVELLV
351	AQGADVHAQA RGRFFQPKDE GGYFYFGELP LSLAACTNQP HIVNYLTENP
401	HKKADMRRDD SRGNTVLHAL VAIADNTREN TKFVTKMYDL LLLKCARLFP
451	DSNLEAVLNN DGLSPLMMAA KTGKIGIFQH IIRREVTDED TRHLSRKSKD
501	WAYGPVYSSL YDLSSLDTCG EEASVLEILV YNSKIENRHE MLAVEPINEL
551	LRDKWRKFGA VSEVINVVSY LCAMVIETLY AYYOPLEGTP PYPYRTTVDY
601	LRLAGEVITE FTGVEFFFTN IKDLFMKKCP GVNSLFIDGS FOLLYFIYSV
651	LVIVSAALYE AGIEAYLAMM VFALVLGWMN&ALYFTRGLKU%TGTYSIMGOK
701	ILFKDLERELSINYHLEMIGYSASALNSLLNP CANMKVCNED QTNCTVPTYP
751	SCRDSETFST FLLDLFKLTI GMGDLEMLSS TKYPVVFIIL IVTYIILTSV
801	HENNIHALM&GETVGQVSKE SKHIWKLQWA TTILDIERSF PVFLRKAFRS
851	GEMVTVGKSS DGTPDRRWCF RVDEVNWSHW NQNLGIINED PGKNETYQYY
901	GFSHTVGRLR RDRWSSVVPR VVELNKNSNP DEVVVPLDSM GNPRCDGHQQ
951	GYPRKWRTDD APL

Key

Transmen	brane	doma	ins
 Ankurin	hindir	a do	main

FULL-LENGTH hVR3 CLONED INTO (A) pBLUESCRIPT SK(+) (hVR3pBSK) AND (B) pCDNA3.1(+) (hVR1pCDNA3.1) VIA Notl/Xhol RESTRICTION SITES. FIG. 20



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

# FIG. 21

A MULTIPLE COMPARISON OF THE AMINO ACID SEQUENCES OF THE RAT VR1 AND THE HUMAN VANILLOID RECEPTORS, hVR1, hVRL-1 AND hRV3

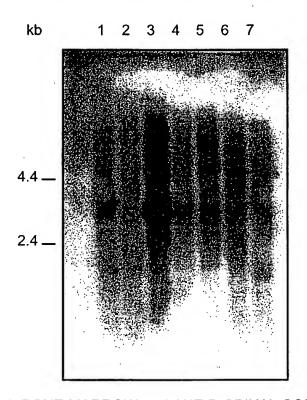
		10	20	30	40	50
VR1	~~~~~	~~~~~~	~~~~~~	.~~~~~~	·~~~~~~~	~~
hVR1	~~~~~~		~~~~~~	.~~~~~~		~~
hVRL-1	~~~~~~	.~~~~~~	~~~~~~	.~~~~~~		~~
hVR3	MPRVVGPG	NLCFQVRER	GSCCSSRLRI	.aanhiwewpi	PCAPVITTVAL	KQ
		60	70	80	90	100
VR1	~~~~~~		~~~~~~	.~~~~~~~		~~
hVR1	~~~~~~		~~~~~~~	~~~~~~		~~
hVRL-1	~~~~~~	.~~~~~~	~~~~~~	.~~~~~~		~~
hVR3	LAALLLVHV	GGGFLEPPP:	LAGFCLTPLS	FPCRLSSADO	SPGAGMADSSE	GP
		110	120	130	140	150
VR1	~~~~~~~				ESESPPÕENS	
hVR1					BAAADPLQKDT	
hVRL-1	~~~~~~~	.~~~~~~	~~~~~~	.~~~~~~~	.~~~~~~~~	~~
hVR3	RAGPGEVAE	LPGDESGTP	GGEAFPLSSI	ANLFEGEDGS	SLSPSPADASR	PA
		160	170	180	190	200
VR1	חספחפחסאר				EASPLDCPYE	
hVR1					EASPLICETE	
hVRL-1				the Bade per Major et e a	DGSEADRGKL	
hVR3					ESSVVPGPKK	
	T,444 TANK TANKER	210	220			
VR1	CTACCUTT			230	240 EKP.PRLYDR	250
hVR1					EKT . LRLYDR	
hVRL-1					PDP.NR.FDR	
hVR3					PPPILKVFNR	
11110	PEDELDIGE			•		
	Card male designation of the second	260	270	280	290	300
VR1	IFDAVAOSI	GOETFATTA	FLORSKKRLI	DSEFEDPETC	KTCLLKAMLN	LH
hVR1 hVRL-1					KTCLLKAMLN	
hVR3	TENEVISEG	PEDLAGLEE.	LISKISKILI	DSETTEGSTG	KTCLMKAVLN KTCLPKALLN	TIK.
HAKS	TEHTKOKGS					
	: parkanina and candada to	310	320	330	340	350
VR1	NGONDTIAL	LLDVARKTD:	slkofvnasy	TDSYYKGQTA	LHIAIERRNM	TL
hVR1	DCONTTIPL	LLE LAROTD	SLKELVNASY	TDSYYKGOTA	LHIATERRNM LHIATEKRSL	AL
hVRL-1	DGVNACILI	LLQIDRDSG	NPOPLVNAOC	TDDYYRGHSA	LHIAIEKRSL	QC
hVR3	MGRNDTIPV	LLLLLIAERTG	NMREFINSPE	KULYYRGQTA	LHIAIERRCK	HY
	177	360	370	380	390	400
VR1					AACTNOLAIV	
hVR1	VILLYENGA	DVQAAAHGDI	FFKKTKGRPG	EYFGELPLSI	AACTNOLGIV	KF'
hVRL-1	VKLLVENGA	NVHARACGR	FFQKGQG.TC	FYFGELPLSI	AACTKQWDV <b>V</b>	SY
hVR3	VEITVAOGA	DVHAQARGRI	FFQPKDEGGY	FYFGELPLSI	AACTNOPHIV	NY
		410	420	430	440	450
VR1					VISMYNE ILI	
hVR1					VTSMYNE ILI	
hVRL-1					.VTSMYDGLLQ	
hVR3	LTENPHKKA	DMRRQDSRG	NTVLHALVAI	ADNTRENTKE	VTKMYDLLIL	KC
		460	470	480	490	500
VR1	AKEHPTLKI	EE ITNRKGL	TPLALAASSG	KIGVLAYILO	RETHEPECRH	13
hVR1	AKUHEDIKI	EELTNKKGM	PLALAAGTC	KIGVIAYIL	REIOEPECRH	
hVRL-1	ARLCPIVOE	EDIRNLODE	TPLKLAAKEG	KIEIFRHIL	REFSGLSH	15
hVR3	ARIFFDSNI	EAVLNNDGI	SPLMAAKT	KIĞIFOHIIF	<u>ŽĖ</u> VTDEDT <u>ŘÍ</u>	TS:

•	510	520	530	540	550
VR1	RKFTEWAYGPVHSSLYDL				
hVR1	RKFTEWAYGPVHSSLYDL	-		Comp. 15m	
hVRL-1	RKFTEWCYGPVRVSLYDL				5 1 1
hVR3	RKSKDWAYGPVYSSLYDL				
					•
	560 EPLNRLLODKWDRFVKRI	570	580	590	600
VR1	and a street of the contract o		and the second of the second of		
hVR1	EPLNRLLQDKWDRFVKRI				
hVRL-1	EPLNKLLQAKWDLLIPK.				
hVR3	EPINELLRDKWRKFGAVS	FAINAASAT	CAMVIETLT	AYYQPLEG	LPPA
	610	620	630	640	650
VR1	KLKNTVGDYFRVTGE ILS				
hVR1	KMEN. IGDYFRVTGEILS				
hVRL-1	. Lnaevgnsmlltghili	LLGGIYLLV	GQLW. YFWRI	RHVFIWISFI	DSYF
hVR3	PYRTTV.DYLRLAGEVIT	LFTGVLFFF	TNIKDLEMK	KCPGVNSLEII	OGSF
	660	670	680	690	700
VR1	EILFFVQSLFMLVSVVLY	FSORKEYVA	SMVFSLAMG	TNMLYYTRGE	MOOT
hVR1	EMLFFLQSLFMLATVVLY				
hVRL-1	EILFLFQALLTVVSQVLC				
hVR3	QLLYFIYSVLVIVSAALY	LAGIEAYLA	MMVFALVLG	MNALYFTRGI	LKLT
	710	720	730	740	750
VR1	GIYAVMIEKMILRDLCRF	MEVYLVELE			
hVR1	GIYAVMIEKMILRDLCRF				
hVRL-1	GIYSVMIQKVILRDLLRF				
hVR3	GTYSIMIQKILFKDLFRF				
	760		790	700	900
17D1	760	770	780	790	800
VR1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN	770 SYNSLYSTC	LELFKFTIG	<b>IGDLE FTENYI</b>	DEKA
hVR1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC	LELFKFTIG LELFKFTIG	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI	OFKA OFKA
hVR1 hVRL-1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC QYRGILEAS	LELFKFTIG LELFKFTIG LELFKFTIG	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGELAFQEQLI	OFKA OFKA IFRG
hVR1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC QYRGILEAS TFSTFL	LELFKFTIG LELFKFTIG LELFKFTIG LDLFKLTIG	MGDLEFTENYI MGDLEFTENYI MGELAFQEQLI MGDLEMLSSTI	OFKA OFKA HFRG CYPV
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3	MESTPHKCRGSACK. PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTY PSCR. DSE 810	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL 820	LELFKFTIG LELFKFTIG LELFKFTIG LDLFKLTIG 830	MGDLEFTENYI MGDLEFTENYI MGELAFQEQLI MGDLEMLSSTI 840	OFKA OFKA HFRG CYPV 850
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE 810 VEILLLAYVILTYILL	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL 820 NMITALMGE	LELFKFTIG LELFKFTIG LELFKFTIG LOLFKLTIG 830 TVNKIAQESI	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGELAFQEQLI AGDLEMLSSTI 840 KNIWKLQRAIT	DFKA DFKA HFRG CYPV 850
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE 810 VEILLLAYVILTYILLL VEILLLAYVILTYILLL	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL 820 NMLIALMGE NMLIALMGE	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LDLFKLTIG 830 TVNKIAGESI TVNKIAGESI	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGELAFQEQLI AGDLEMLSSTI 840 MIWKLORATI MIWKLORATI	DFKA DFKA HFRG CYPV 850 TILD
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1 hVRL-1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE 810 VEILLLAYVILTYILLL VEILLLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLLLAYVILTYILLL	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL 820 MMLTALMGE MMLTALMGE	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG B30 TVNKIAGESI TVNKIAGESI TVNKIAGESI	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGELAFQEQLI AGDLEMLSSTI 840 MIWKLORATI MIWKLORATI WIWKLORATI	OFKA OFKA HFRG (YPV 850 HILD HILD SVLE
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE 810 VETILLLAYVILTYILLL VFTILLLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLLLAYVILTYILLL VFTILLLAYVILTYILLL VFTILLLAYVILTYILLL	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKLTIG 830 TVNKIAGESI TVNKIAGESI TVNSVATOSI TVGQVSKËSI	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGELAFQEQLI AGDLEMLSSTI 840 MIWKLORATI MIWKLORATI WIWKLORATI	OFKA OFKA HFRG (YPV 850 HILD HILD SVLE
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE 810 VEILLLAYVILTYILLL VFIILLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL VFIILLVTYILLTSVILL VFIILLVTYILLTSVILL 860	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG 830 TVNKIAĢESI TVNKIAĢESI TVNSVATOSI TVGQVSKĒSI 880	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGELAFQEQLI AGDLEMLSSTI 840 KNIWKLORALI KNIWKLORALI VSIWKLOKALI KHIWKLOWATI 890	DEKA DEKA HERG CYPV 850 FILD CYLE FILD 900
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE 810 VEIILLAYVILTYILLL VFIILLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLICAYVILTYILLL VFIILLVTYILTSVLLL 860 TEKSFLKCMKAFRSGKL	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE 870 LOVGFTFDG	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKLTIG 830 TVNKIAQESI TVNKIAQESI TVNSVATOSI TVGQVSKESI 880 KDDYRWGFRV	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGELAFQEQLI AGDLEMLSSTI 840 KNIWKLORAII KNIWKLORAII NSIWKLOKAIS KHIWKLOWATI 890 //DEVNWTTWNI	DEKA DEKA HERG CYPV 850 HLD HLD SVLE HLD 900 ENVG
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE 810 VEILLLAYVILTYILLL VFIILLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLLLAYVILTYILLL VFIILLVTYILTSVLLL 860 TEKSFLKCMRKAFRSGKL	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE 100GPTPDG LOVGPTPDG	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKLTIG 830 TVNKIAGESI TVNKIAGESI TVNSVATOSI TVGQVSKESI 880 KDDYRWCFRV	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEMLSSTH 840 ANIWKLORATI ANIWKLORATI ASIWKLOWATI 890 ADEVNWTTWN AGDLEFTENYI	DEKA DEKA HERG KYPV 850 HLD FULE HLD 900 HNG
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1 hVR1-1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE 810 VEILLLAYVILTYILLL VFIILLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL VFIILLVTYILTSVLLL 860 TEKSFLKCMKAFRSGKL MENGYWWG.RKKQRAGVM	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKLTIG 830 TVNKIAQESI TVNKIAQESI TVNSVATOSI TVGQVSKESI 880 KDDYRWCFRI KODYRWCFRI KODYRWCFRI SPDERWCFRI	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGELAFQEQLI AGDLEMLSSTI 840 ANIWKLORAII ANIWKLORAII ASIWKLOKAIS KHIWKLOWATI 890 ADEVNWTTWNI ADEVNWTTWNI ADEVNWTTWNI ACEVNWASWEQ	DEKA DEKA HERG KYPV 850 HLD FULD FULD FULD FULD FULD FULD FULD FU
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE 810 VEILLLAYVILTYILLL VFIILLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLLLAYVILTYILLL VFIILLVTYILTSVLLL 860 TEKSFLKCMRKAFRSGKL	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKLTIG 830 TVNKIAQESI TVNKIAQESI TVNSVATOSI TVGQVSKESI 880 KDDYRWCFRI KODYRWCFRI KODYRWCFRI SPDERWCFRI	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGELAFQEQLI AGDLEMLSSTI 840 ANIWKLORAII ANIWKLORAII ASIWKLOKAIS KHIWKLOWATI 890 ADEVNWTTWNI ADEVNWTTWNI ADEVNWTTWNI ACEVNWASWEQ	DEKA DEKA HERG KYPV 850 HLD FULD FULD FULD FULD FULD FULD FULD FU
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1 hVR1-1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE 810 VETILLLAYVILTYILLL WETILLLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL ENGINE 860 TEKSFLKCMRKAFRSGKL MENGYWWC.RKKQRAGVM IERSFPVFLRKAFRSGEM 910	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE LOVGETPDG LOVGETPDG LOVGYTPDG LTVGTKPDG VTVGKSSDG	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG 830 TVNKIAGESI TVNKIAGESI TVNSVATDSI TVGQVSKESI 880 KODYRWCFRI SPDERWCFRI TPDRRWCFRI 930	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEMLSSTH 840 ANTWKLORATI ANTWKLORATI ASTWKLOKATI 890 ADEVNWTTWNI ADEVNWTTWNI ADEVNWSWEG ADEVNWSHWNG 940	DEKA DEKA HERG YPV 850 HID SVLE HID 900 ENVG ENVG PLP SALE 950
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1 hVR1-1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE  810 VEITLLLAYVILTYILLL VEITLLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL VEITLLAYVILTYILLL E60 TEKSFLKCMRKAFRSGKL MENGYWWC.RKKQRAGVM IERSFPVFLRKAFRSGEM  910 IINEDPGNCEGVK	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE 10VGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG LOVGYTPDG LTVGTKPDG VTVGKSSDG 920 RTLSFSLRS	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG 1 B30 FVNKIAGESI FVNKIAGESI FVNSVATDSV FVOGVSKESI 880 KODYRWGERV KODYRWGERV SPDERWGERV 1 PDRRWGERV 930	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEF	DEKA DEKA HERG YPV  850 HID SVLE HID 900 ENVG ENVG 950 HIG
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1 hVR1-1 hVR3	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE 810 VETILLLAYVILTYILLL WETILLLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL ENGINE 860 TEKSFLKCMRKAFRSGKL MENGYWWC.RKKQRAGVM IERSFPVFLRKAFRSGEM 910	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE 10VGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG LOVGYTPDG LTVGTKPDG VTVGKSSDG 920 RTLSFSLRS	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG 1 B30 FVNKIAGESI FVNKIAGESI FVNSVATDSV FVOGVSKESI 880 KODYRWGERV KODYRWGERV SPDERWGERV 1 PDRRWGERV 930	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEF	DEKA DEKA HERG YPV  850 HID SVLE HID 900 ENVG ENVG 950 HIG
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE  810  VEITLLLAYVILTYILLL VFITLLLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL VFITLLVTYILTYILLL EKSFLKCMRKAFRSGKL TEKSFLKCMRKAFRSGKL MENGYWWC.RKKQRAGVM IERSFPVFLRKAFRSGEM  910  IINEDPGNCEGVK TLCEDPSGAGVP	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE 10VGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG LTVGTKPDG VTVGKSSDG 920 RTLSFSLRS RTLSFSLRS	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG 830 FVNKIAGESI FVNKIAGESI FVNKVATOSI FVNGVSKESI 880 KODYRWGERV KODYRWGERV SPDERWGERV 930 S	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTEN AGDL	DEKA DEKA DEKA HERG YPV 850 HILD SVLE HILD 900 ENVG ENVG PS0 FILE 950 FILE VVRV
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE 810 VEILLLAYVILTYILLL VFIILLLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL VFIILLVTYILTSVLLL 860 TEKSFLKCMRKAFRSGKL TEKSFLKCMRKAFRSGKL MENGYWWC.RKKQRAGVM IERSFPVFLRKAFRSGEM 910 IINEDPGNCEGVK	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE 10VGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG LTVGTKPDG VTVGKSSDG 920 RTLSFSLRS RTLSFSLRS	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG 830 FVNKIAGESI FVNKIAGESI FVNKVATOSI FVNGVSKESI 880 KODYRWGERV KODYRWGERV SPDERWGERV 930 S	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTEN AGDL	DEKA DEKA DEKA HERG YPV 850 HILD SVLE HILD 900 ENVG ENVG PS0 FILE 950 FILE VVRV
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3 VR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1-1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE  810  VEITLLLAYVILTYILLL VFITLLLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL VFITLLVTYILTYILLL EKSFLKCMRKAFRSGKL TEKSFLKCMRKAFRSGKL MENGYWWC.RKKQRAGVM IERSFPVFLRKAFRSGEM  910  IINEDPGNCEGVK TLCEDPSGAGVP	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE 10VGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG LTVGTKPDG VTVGKSSDG 920 RTLSFSLRS RTLSFSLRS	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG 830 FVNKIAGESI FVNKIAGESI FVNKVATOSI FVNGVSKESI 880 KODYRWGERV KODYRWGERV SPDERWGERV 930 S	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTEN AGDL	DEKA DEKA DEKA HERG YPV 850 HILD SVLE HILD 900 ENVG ENVG PS0 FILE 950 FILE VVRV
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3 VR1 hVRL-1 hVR3 VR1 hVR1-1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE  810 VEILLLAYVILTYILLL VFILLLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL VFILLLYTILTSVLLL SERVERSER  10 TEKSFLKCMRKAFRSGKL MENGYWWG.RKKQRAGVM IERSFPVFLRKAFRSGEM  910 IINEDPGNCEGVK TLCEDPSGAGVP IINEDPGKWETYQYYGFS	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 MILIALMGE MILIALMGE NILIALMGE 870 LOVGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG LTVGTKPDG 920 RTLSFSLRS RTLSFSLRS RTLENPVLA HTVGRLRRD	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG 830 TVNKIAGES TVNKIAGES TVNKIAGES TVNSVATDS TVGQVSKES 880 KODYRWCFR KODYRWCFR 930 G 930 G PPKI RWSSVVPRV 980	GOLEFTENYI GOLEFTENYI GOLEFTENYI GOLEFTENYI 1GELAFQEQLI 1GOLEMLSSTF 840 ONIWKLQRAI 1NSIWKLQRAI 1NSIWKLQWAT 1NSIWKL	DEKA DEKA DEKA HERG YPV 850 HILD SVLE HILD 900 ENVG ENVG PS0 FILE 950 FILE VVRV
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3  VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3  VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3  VR1 hVRL-1 hVR3	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE  810 VEILLLAYVILTYLLLL VFILLLAYVILTYLLLL MVLLLILAYVILTYLLL MVLLLILAYVILTYLLL S60 TEKSFLKCMKKAFRSGKL TEKSFLKCMKKAFRSGKL MENGYWWG.RKKQRAGVM IERSFPVFLRKAFRSGEM  910 IINEDPGNCEGVK TLCEDPSGAGVP TINEDPGKWETYQYYGFS  960 PLIRDASTRORHATQGEE	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL	LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG LELFKETIG 830 IVNKIAGESI TVNKIAGESI TVNKIAGESI TVNKIAGESI TVNKIAGESI TVNGOVSKESI 880 KODYRWCFRV SPDERWCFRV 930 G PPKI RWSSVVPRVV 980 LKPEDAEVFI	IGDLEFTENYI IGDLEFTEN IGDLEFTENYI IGDLEFTENYI IGDLEFTENYI IGDLEFTENYI IGDLEFTE	DEKA DEKA DEKA HERG YPV 850 HILD SVLE HILD 900 ENVG ENVG PS0 FILE 950 FILE VVRV
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3  VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3  VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3  VR1 hVRL-1 hVR3  VR1 hVR1 hVR1 hVR1 hVR1	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE  810 VEITLLLAYVILTYILLL VEITLLLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL VFITLLVTYILTSVLLL 860 TEKSFIKCMRKAFRSGKL MENGYWWC.RKKQRAGVM IERSFPVFLRKAFRSGEM 910 IINEDPGNCEGVK TLCEDPSGAGVP ITNEDPGKWETYQYYGFS 960 PLLRDASTRDRHATQQEE PLLREASARDRQSAQPEE OLLOSN	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE 10VGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG VTVGKSSDG 920 RTLSFSLRS RTLSFSLRS RTLENPVLA HTVGRLRRD 970 VOLKHYTGS	LELFKETIG  LELFKETIG  LELFKETIG  830  FVNKIAGESI  FVNKIAGESI  FVNKIAGESI  FVNSVATDSI  FVNSVATDSI  FVNSVATDSI  880  KODYRWGFRI  SPDERWGFRI  1PDRRWGFRI  930  S	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTEN AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTEN AG	DEKA DEKA DEKA HERG YPV 850 HILD SVLE HILD 900 ENVG ENVG PS0 PS0 FEV FALV VVRV
hVR1 hVRL-1 hVR3  VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3  VR1 hVR1-1 hVR3  VR1 hVRL-1 hVR3  VR1 hVR1 hVR1-1 hVR3	MESTPHKCRGSACK.PGN SESTSHRWRGPACRPPDS ATESVQPMEGQEDEGNGA TNCTVPTYPSCR.DSE  810 VEILLLAYVILTYILLL VFILLLAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL MVLLLILAYVILTYILLL TERSFERCMRKAFRSGKL TERSFERCMRKAFRSGKL MENGYWWG.RKKQRAGVM IERSFPVFLRKAFRSGEM  910 IINEDPGNCEGVK TLCEDPSGAGVP TINEDPGKWETYQYYGFS  960 PLLRDASTRDRHATQQEE PLLREASARDRQSAQPEE	770 SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC SYNSLYSTC OYRGILEAS TFSTFL. 820 NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE NMLTALMGE 10VGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG LOVGFTPDG VTVGKSSDG 920 RTLSFSLRS RTLSFSLRS RTLENPVLA HTVGRLRRD 970 VOLKHYTGS	LELFKETIG  LELFKETIG  LELFKETIG  830  FVNKIAGESI  FVNKIAGESI  FVNKIAGESI  FVNSVATDSI  FVNSVATDSI  FVNSVATDSI  880  KODYRWGFRI  SPDERWGFRI  1PDRRWGFRI  930  S	AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTEN AGDLEFTENYI AGDLEFTEN AG	DEKA DEKA DEKA HERG YPV 850 HILD SVLE HILD 900 ENVG ENVG PS0 PS0 FEV FALV VVRV

FIG. 21 CONT'D

WO 00/32766

FIG. 22A HYBRIDISATION OF A NORTHERN BLOT WITH hVR3



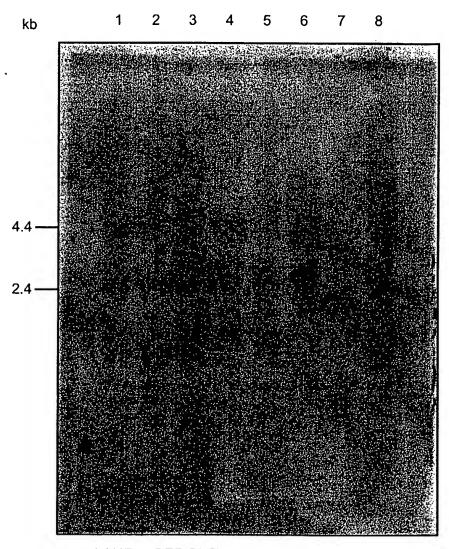
LANE 1: BONE MARROW

LANE 2: ADRENAL GLAND LANE 6: THYROID

LANE 3: TRACHEA LANE 4: LYMPH NODE LANE 5: SPINAL CORD

LANE 7: STOMACH

FIG. 22B
HYBRIDISATION OF NORTHERN BLOT WITH hVR3 PROBE



LANE 1: PERIPHERAL BLOOD

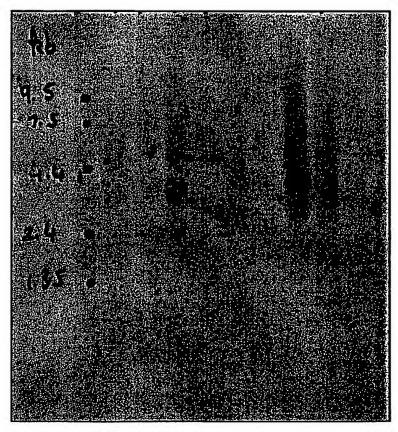
LEUKOCYTE LANE 2: COLON

LANE 3: SMALL INTESTINE

LANE 4: UTERUS
LANE 5: TESTIS
LANE 6: PROSTATE
LANE 7: THYROID
LANE 8: SPLEEN

FIG. 22C HYBRIDISATION OF A MULTI-TISSUE NORTHERN BLOT WITH THE hVR3 PROBE

2 1 7 8



LANE 1: HEART

LANE 2: BRAIN

LANE 3: PLACENTA

LANE 4: LUNG

LANE 5: LIVER

LANE 6: SKELETAL MUSCLE

LANE 7: KIDNEY

LANE 8: PANCREAS

#### SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> Glaxo Group Ltd
Tate, Simon N
Delany, Natalie S
Sanseau, P

<120> Novel Receptors

<130> PG3606

<140>

<141>

<150> GB 9826359.3

<151> 1998-12-01

<160> 40

<170> PatentIn Ver. 2.1

<210> 1

<211> 4365

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (775)..(3294)

<400> 1

ccccagcca cacacaca cgcacacaca tacacaca cacacaggct taaccattca 60

aaggccagaa gcttgacaga tgttgattca taaaaatgca aaagccaaaa tccaaaatct 120

tgtataagct cagtggctgt ggcagcgagg ttgaagagca aaggcaggcc gggcacctgg 180

WO 00/32766 2 PCT/EP99/09284

ctg	atga	tgt	gtgg	accc	gt t	gcac	agca	g gg	cccg	cagt	gcg	gtgt	ggg	tgtg	ggtggg	240
cca	gtct	ctg	ccgc	tcac	cc t	attc	cagg	g ac	acag	tctg	ctt	ggct	ctt	ctgg	actgag	300
ccat	tcct	cat	cacc	gaga	tc c	taca	tgaa	t tc	agcc	cacg	aca	gcca	ccc	cggc	cgtttt	360
ccti	tgtt	ctg	tgtg	ggaa	gg g	aggc	agcg	c gg	tggt	tatc	aac	ctca	ccc	tgca	gaggag	420
gcad	cctga	agg	ccca	gaga	cg a	ggag	ggat	g gg	tcta	accc	aga	acca	cag	atgg	ctctga	480
gcc	9999	gcc	tgtc	cacc	ct c	ccag	gccg	a cg	tcag	tggc	cgc	agga	ctg	cctg	ggccct	540
gcta	aggc	ctg	ctca	cctc	tg a	ggcc	tctg	<b>3</b> 99	tgag	aggt	tca	gtcc	tgg	aaac	acttca	600
gtto	etage	3 <b>9</b> 9	gctġ	<b>333</b> 3	ca g	cage	aagti	t gg	agtt	ttgg	ggt	accc	tgc	ttca	cagggc	660
cctt	ggca	ag (	gagg	gcag	gt g	gggt	ctaaç	g ga	caag	cagt	cct	tact	ttg	ggagt	tcaacc	720
ccgg	gegt <u>e</u>	jgt (	gget	getge	ca g	gttgo	cacad	c tg	ggcci	acag	aggi	atcc	agc	aagg	atg Met 1	777
aaq	aaa	taa	agc	agc	aca	gac	tta	ggg	gca	act	aca	gac	cca	ctc	Caa	825
														Leu		023
			5					10					15			
aag	gac	acc	tgc	cca	gac	CCC	ctg	gat	gga	gac	cct	aac	tcc	agg	cca	873
Lys	Asp	Thr	Cys	Pro	Asp	Pro	Leu	Asp	Gly	qaA	Pro	Asn	Ser	Arg	Pro	
		20					25					30				
cct	cca	gcc	aag	ccc	cag	ctc	tcc	acg	gcc	aag	agc	cgc	acc	cgg	ctc	921
Pro	Pro	Ala	Lys	Pro	Gln	Leu	Ser	Thr	Ala	Lys	Ser	Arg	Thr	Arg	Leu	
	35					40					45					

ttt ggg aag ggt gac tcg gag gat ttc ccg gtg gat tgc cct cac 969

60

65

Phe Gly Lys Gly Asp Ser Glu Glu Ala Phe Pro Val Asp Cys Pro His

55

50

gag	gaa	a ggt	gag	ctg	gac	tcc	tgc	ccg	acc	ato	aca	gto	ago	cct	gtt	1017
Glu	Glu	ı Gly	Glu	Leu	Asp	Ser	Сув	Pro	Thr	Ile	Thr	· Val	. Sei	Pro	Val	
				70	ı				75					80	)	
٠																
ato	acc	ato	cag	agg	cca	gga	gac	ggc	ccc	acc	ggt	gcc	ago	cto	ctg	1065
Ile	Thr	Ile	Gln	Arg	Pro	Gly	Asp	Gly	Pro	Thr	Gly	Ala	Arc	Let	Leu	
			85					90					95	;		
tcc	cag	gac	tct	gtc	gcc	gcc	agc	acc	gag	aag	acc	cto	agg	cto	tat	1113
Ser	Gln	Asp	Ser	Val	Ala	Ala	Ser	Thr	Glu	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Leu	Tyr	
		100					105					110				
gat	cgc	agg	agt	atc	ttt	gaa	gcc	gtt	gct	cag	aat	aac	tgc	cag	gat	1161
Asp	Arg	Arg	Ser	Ile	Phe	Glu	Ala	Val	Ala	Gln	Asn	Asn	Сув	Gln	Asp	
	115					120					125					
															ě	
ctg	gag	agc	ctg	ctg	ctc	ttc	ctg	cag	aag	agc	aag	aag	cac	ctc	aca	1209
Leu	Glu	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Phe	Leu	Gln	Lys	Ser	Lys	Lys	His	Leu	Thr	
130					135					140					145	
·															•	
gac	aac	gag	ttc	aaa	gac	cct	gag	aca	ggg	aag	acc	tgt	ctg	ctg	aaa	1257
Asp	Asn	Glu	Phe	Lys	Asp	Pro	Glu	Thr	Gly	Lys	Thr	Cys	Leu	Leu	Lys	
				150					155					160		
gcc	atg	ctc	aac	ctg	cac	gac	gga	cag	aac	acc	acc	atc	ccc	ctg	ctc	1305
Ala	Met	Leu	Asn	Leu	His	Asp	Gly	Gln	Asn	Thr	Thr	Ile	Pro	Leu	Leu	
			165					170					175			
ctg	gag	atc	gcg	cgg	caa	acg	gac	agc	ctg	aag	gag	ctt	gtc	aac	gcc	1353
Leu	Glu	Ile	Ala	Arg	Gln	Thr	Asp	Ser	Leu	Lys	Glu	Leu	Val	Asn	Ala	
		180					185					190				
agc.	tac	acg	gac	agc	tac	tac	aag	ggc	cag	aca	gca	ctg	cac	atc	gcc	1401
			Asp													
	195					200					205					

ac															c gga	
11	e Gl	u Ar	g Ar	g As	n Me	t Al	a Le	u Vai	LTh	r Le	u Le	u Va	l Gl	u As	n Gly	
21					21					220					225	
•																
gc	a ga	c gt	c ca	g gc	t gc	g gc	c cat	ggc	g qa	c tto	: tt	t aac	7 882	9 80	c aaa	1497
Al	a As	p Va	1 G1	n Al	a Al	a Ala	a Hie	Gly	, Agi	n Phe	Dh.	a tue		. m.	r Lys	1497
				23					23!			- Lyc	, Dy			
									20.	•				240	J	
ggg	a ca	a cc	t aa	a tt	c ta	- ++ <i>i</i>					4					
Gly	. Are	y Pr	0 61	r Dhe	D Trees	e Dhe		gaa		3 666	: CT	g tcc	cto	gco	geg	1545
		,	24		= TYI	Pile	a GTA			ı Pro	Let	ı Ser	Leu	Ala	a Ala	
			24:	•				250					255			
4																
															tgg	1593
Cys	Thi			ı Let	ı Gly	Ile	. Val	Lys	Phe	Leu	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser	Trp	
		260	)				265					270				•
cag	acg	gco	gac	ato	ago	gcc	agg	gac	tcg	gtg	ggc	aac	acg	gtq	ctg	1641
Gln	Thr	Ala	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ala	Arg	Asp	Ser	Val	Gly	Asn	Thr	Val	Leu	
	275					280					285					
cac	gcc	ctg	gtg	gag	gtg	gcc	gac	aac	acσ	acc	gac	aac	200	224		1600
								Asn								1689
290					295						nap	non	Int	гЛа		
									6	300					305	
ata	aca	200	at~	+20			- 4 4									
Val	The	con	wat.	T	aat	gag	att	ctg	atc	ctg	ggg	gcc	aaa	ctg	cac	1737
Val	THE	Set	Met		Asn	GIU	Ile	Leu	Ile	Leu	Gly	Ala	Lys	Leu	His	
				310					315					320		
								•								
ccg	acg	ctg	aag	ctg	gag	gag	ctc	acc	aac	aag	aag	gga	atg	acg	ccg	1785
Pro	Thr	Leu	Lys	Leu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Thr	Asn	Lys	Lys	Gly	Met	Thr	Pro	
			325					330					335			
ctg	gct	ctg	gca	gct	ggg.	acc	ggg	aag	atc	gga	qtc	tta	acc	tat	att	1833
								Lys								1033
		340			-		345			1				- X T	TIG	
							243					350				

ctc	cag	cgg	gag	atc	cag	gag	ccc	gag	tgc	agg	cac	ctg	tcc	agg	aag	1881
Leu	Gln	Arg	Glu	Ile	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Сув	Arg	His	Leu	Ser	Arg	Lys	
	355					360					365					
ttc	acc	gag	tgg	gcc	tac	ggg	ccc	gtg	cac	tcc	tcg	ctg	tac	gac	ctg	1929
Phe	Thr	Glu	Trp	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Pro	Val	His	Ser	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Leu	
370					375					380					385	
	tġc		_		_		_		_		-				_	1977
Ser	Сув	Ile	Asp	Thr	Сув	Glu	Lув	Asn	Ser	Val	Leu	Glu	Val	Ile	Ala	
				390					395					400		
														,		
	agc	_	•	•				_		•	_					2025
Tyr	Ser	Ser	Ser	Glu	Thr	Pro	Asn		His	yab	Met	Leu	Leu	Val	Glu	
			405					410				·	415			
-	ctg		_		•	_	-	_		_	_		•	_	_	2073
Pro	Leu		Arg	Leu	Leu	Gln	_	Lув	Trp	Asp	Arg	Phe	Val	Lys	Arg	
		420					425					430				
					•	_	_		_	-		_			ttc	2121
Ile	Phe	Tyr	Phe	Asn	Phe		Val	Tyr	Сув	Leu	_	Met	Ile	Ile	Phe	
	435					440					445					
	atg	-	_						_		_				_	2169
	Met	Ala	Ala	Tyr	-	Arg	Pro	Val	Aap	_	Leu	Pro	Pro	Phe		
450					455					460					465	
_	gaa			-	_			-								2217
Met	Glu	Lys	Ile	_	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Arg		Thr	GIĀ	Glu	He		ser	
				470					475					480		
								<b></b> .			_4.4		<b></b>	<b></b> .		2265
	tta															2265
vai	Leu	GIÀ	Gly	val	Tyr	rne	Lue	Phe	arg	GIÀ	116	GIN	Tyr	rne	Leu	

cag	agg	cgg	ccg	tcg	atg	aag	acc	ctg	ttt	gtg	gac	agc	tac	agt	gag	2313
Gln	Arg	Arg	Pro	Ser	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Phe	Val	Asp	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Glu	
		500					505					510				
atg	ctt	ttc	ttt	ctg	cag	tca	ctg	ttc	atg	ctg	gcc	acc	gtg	gtg	ctg	2361
Met	Leu	Phe	Phe	Leu	Gln	Ser	Leu	Phe	Met	Leu	Ala	Thr	Val	Val	Leu	
	515					520					525					
tac	ttc	agc	cac	ctc	aag	gag	tat	gtg	gct	tcc	atg	gta	ttc	tcc	ctg	2409
Tyr	Phe	Ser	His	Leu	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Val	Ala	Ser	Met	Val	Phe	Ser	Leu	
530					535					.540					545	
gad	ttg	ggc	tgg	acc	aac	atg	ctc	tac	tac	acc	cgc	ggt	ttc	cag	cag	2457
Ala	Leu	Gly	Trp	Thr	Asn	Met	Leu	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Arg	Gly	Phe	Gln	Gln	
				550					555					560		
atg	ggc	atc	tat	gcc	gtc	atg	ata	gag	aag	atg	atc	ctg	aga	gac	ctg	2505
Met	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Ala	Val	Met	Ile	Glu	Lув	Met	Ile	Leu	Arg	Asp	Leu	
			565					570					575			
tgc	cgt	ttc	atg	ttt	gtc	tac	atc	gtc	ttc	ttg	ttc	ggg	ttt	tcc	aca	2553
Cys	Arg	Phe	Met	Phe	Val	Tyr	Ile	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Gly	Phe	Ser	Thr	
		580					585					590				
gcg	gtg	gtg	acg	ctg	att	gaa	gac	ggg	aag	aat	gac	tec	ctg	ccg	tct	2601
Ala	Val	Val	Thr	Leu	Ile	Glu	Авр	Gly	Lys	Asn	qaA	Ser	Leu	Pro	Ser	
	595					600					605					
gag	tcc	acg	tcg	cac	agg	tgg	cgg	ggg	cct	gcc	tgc	agg	CCC	ccc	gat	2649
lu	Ser	Thr	Ser	His	Arg	Trp	Arg	Gly	Pro	Ala	Cys	Arg	Pro	Pro	Asp	
510					615					620					625	
agc	tcc	tac	aac	agc	ctg	tac	tcc	acc	tgc	ctg	gag	ctg	ttc	aag	ttc	2697
Ser	Ser	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Thr	Сув	Leu	Glu	Leu	Phe	Lys	Phe	
				630					635					640		

WO 00/32766 7 PCT/EP99/09284

acc atc ggc atg ggc gac ctg gag ttc act gag aac tat gac ttc aag Thr Ile Gly Met Gly Asp Leu Glu Phe Thr Glu Asn Tyr Asp Phe Lys get gtc ttc atc etc etg etg gcc tat gta att etc acc tac atc Ala Val Phe Ile Ile Leu Leu Leu Ala Tyr Val Ile Leu Thr Tyr Ile ctc ctg ctc aac atg ctc atc gcc ctc atg ggt gag act gtc aac aag Leu Leu Leu Asn Met Leu Ile Ala Leu Met Gly Glu Thr Val Asn Lys atc gca cag gag agc aag aac atc tgg aag ctg cag aga gcc atc acc Ile Ala Gln Glu Ser Lys Asn Ile Trp Lys Leu Gln Arg Ala Ile Thr atc ctg gac acg gag aag agc ttc ctt aag tgc atg agg aag gcc ttc Ile Leu Asp Thr Glu Lys Ser Phe Leu Lys Cys Met Arg Lys Ala Phe cgc tca ggc aag ctg ctg cag gtg ggg tac aca cct gat ggc aag gac Arg Ser Gly Lys Leu Leu Gln Val Gly Tyr Thr Pro Asp Gly Lys Asp gac tac egg tgg tgc ttc agg gtg gac gag gtg aac tgg acc acc tgg Asp Tyr Arg Trp Cys Phe Arg Val Asp Glu Val Asn Trp Thr Thr Trp aac acc aac gtg ggc atc atc aac gaa gac ccg ggc aac tgt gag ggc Asn Thr Asn Val Gly Ile Ile Asn Glu Asp Pro Gly Asn Cys Glu Gly gtc aag cgc acc ctg agc ttc tcc ctg cgg tca agc aga gtt tca ggc Val Lys Arg Thr Leu Ser Phe Ser Leu Arg Ser Ser Arg Val Ser Gly

aga cac tgg aag aac ttt gcc ctg gtc ccc ctt tta aga gag gca agt 3177 Arg His Trp Lys Asn Phe Ala Leu Val Pro Leu Leu Arg Glu Ala Ser 790 795 800

gct cga gat agg cag tct gct cag ccc gag gaa gtt tat ctg cga cag 3225 Ala Arg Asp Arg Gln Ser Ala Gln Pro Glu Glu Val Tyr Leu Arg Gln 805 810 815

ttt tca ggg tct ctg aag cca gag gac gct gag gtc ttc aag agt cct 3273
Phe Ser Gly Ser Leu Lys Pro Glu Asp Ala Glu Val Phe Lys Ser Pro
820 825 830

gcc gct tcc ggg gag aag tga ggacgtcacg cagacagcac tgtcaacact 3324 Ala Ala Ser Gly Glu Lys 835

gggccttagg agaccccgtt gccacgggg gctgctgagg gaacaccagt gctctgtcag 3384

cagcctggcc tggtctgtgc ctgcccagca tgttcccaaa tctgtgctgg acaagctgtg 3444

ggaagcgttc ttggaagcat ggggagtgat gtacatccaa ccgtcactgt ccccaagtga 3504

atctcctaac agacttcag gttttactc actttactaa acagtttgga tggtcagtct 3564

ctactgggac atgttaggcc cttgtttct ttgatttat tctttctgt gagacagagt 3624

tcactcttgt tgcccaggct ggagtgcagt ggtggatct tggctcactg caacctctgc 3684

tcccgggttc aagcgattct tctgcttcag tctcccaagt agcttggat acaggtgagc 3744

actaccacgc ccggctaatt tttgtattt taatagagac ggggtttcac catgttggcc 3804

aggctggtct cgaactcttg acctcaggtg atctgcccgc cttggcctcc caaagtgctg 3864

ggattacagg tgtgagccgc tgcgctcggc cttctttgat tttatattat taggagcaaa 3924

agtaaatgaa gcccaggaaa acacctttgg gaacaaactc ttcctttgat ggaaaatgca 3984

WO 00/32766 9 PCT/EP99/09284

gaggecette etetetgtge egtgettget eetettacet geeegggtgg tetegggggg 4044

ttggtgttte etecetggag aagatggggg aggetgteee aeteceaget etggeagaat 4104

caagetgttg cageagtgee ttetteatee tteettacga teaateacag tetecagaag 4164

ateageteaa ttgetgtgea ggttaaaaet acagaaceae ateceaaagg taeetggtaa 4224

gaatgtttga aagatettee atteetagga acceeagtee tgetteteeg caatggeaca 4284

tgetteeaet eeatecatae tggeateete aaataaacag atatgtatae aaaaaaaaaa 4344

aaaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa a

<210> 2

<211> 839

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 2

Met Lys Lys Trp Ser Ser Thr Asp Leu Gly Ala Ala Ala Asp Pro Leu

1 5 10 15

Gln Lys Asp Thr Cys Pro Asp Pro Leu Asp Gly Asp Pro Asn Ser Arg
20 25 30

Pro Pro Pro Ala Lys Pro Gln Leu Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Arg Thr Arg
35 40 45

Leu Phe Gly Lys Gly Asp Ser Glu Glu Ala Phe Pro Val Asp Cys Pro 50 55 60

His Glu Glu Gly Glu Leu Asp Ser Cys Pro Thr Ile Thr Val Ser Pro 65 70 75 80

Val Ile Thr Ile Gln Arg Pro Gly Asp Gly Pro Thr Gly Ala Arg Leu 85 90 95 Leu Ser Gln Asp Ser Val Ala Ala Ser Thr Glu Lys Thr Leu Arg Leu 100 105 110

Tyr Asp Arg Arg Ser Ile Phe Glu Ala Val Ala Gln Asn Asn Cys Gln 115 120 125

Asp Leu Glu Ser Leu Leu Phe Leu Gln Lys Ser Lys Lys His Leu 130 135 140

Thr Asp Asn Glu Phe Lys Asp Pro Glu Thr Gly Lys Thr Cys Leu Leu 145 150 155 160

Lys Ala Met Leu Asn Leu His Asp Gly Gln Asn Thr Thr Ile Pro Leu 165 170 175

Leu Leu Glu Ile Ala Arg Gln Thr Asp Ser Leu Lys Glu Leu Val Asn 180 185 190

Ala Ser Tyr Thr Asp Ser Tyr Tyr Lys Gly Gln Thr Ala Leu His Ile 195 200 205

Ala Ile Glu Arg Arg Asn Met Ala Leu Val Thr Leu Leu Val Glu Asn
210 215 220

Gly Ala Asp Val Gln Ala Ala Ala His Gly Asp Phe Phe Lys Lys Thr 225 230 235 240

Lys Gly Arg Pro Gly Phe Tyr Phe Gly Glu Leu Pro Leu Ser Leu Ala 245 250 255

Ala Cys Thr Asn Gln Leu Gly Ile Val Lys Phe Leu Leu Gln Asn Ser 260 265 270

Trp Gln Thr Ala Asp Ile Ser Ala Arg Asp Ser Val Gly Asn Thr Val 275 280 285

Leu His Ala Leu Val Glu Val Ala Asp Asn Thr Ala Asp Asn Thr Lys 290 295 300

Phe	Val	Thr	Ser	Met	Tyr	Asn	Glu	Ile	Leu	Ile	Leu	Gly	Ala	Lys	Leu
305					310					315					320
His	Pro	Thr	Leu	Lys 325	Leu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Thr 330	Asn	Lys	Lys	Gly	Met 335	Thr
Pro	Leu	Ala	Leu 340	Ala	Ala	Gly	Thr	Gly 345	ГÀв	Ile	Gly	Val	Leu 350	Ala	Tyr
Ile	Leu	Gln 355	Arg	Glu	Ile	Gln	Glu 360	Pro	Glu	Сув	Arg	His 365	Leu	Ser	Arg
Lys	Phe 370	Thr	Glu	Trp	Ala	Туг 375	Gly	Pro	Val	His	ser 380	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Asp
Leu 385	Ser	Сув	Ile	Asp	Thr 390	Сув	Glu	Lys	Asn	Ser 395	Val	Leu	Glu	Val	11e
Ala	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Ser 405	Glu	Thr	Pro	Asn	Arg 410	His	Asp	Met	Leu	Leu 415	Val
Glu	Pro	Leu	Asn 420	Arg	Leu	Leu	Gln	Asp 425	Lys	Trp	Asp	Arg	Phe 430	Val	Lys
Arg	Ile	Phe 435	Tyr	Phe	Asn	Phe	Leu 440	Val	Tyr	Сув	Leu	Tyr 445	Met	Ile	Ile
Phe	Thr 450	Met	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Туг 455	Arg	Pro	Val	Asp	Gly 460	Leu	Pro	Pro	Phe
<b>L</b> ув 465	Met	Glu	Lys	Ile	Gly 470	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Arg	Val 475	Thr	Gly	Glu	Ile	Leu 480
Ser	Val	Leu	Gly	Gly 485	Val	Tyr	Phe	Phe	Phe 490	Arg	Gly	Ile	Gln	Tyr 495	Ph∈
Leu	Gln	Arg	Arg 500	Pro	Ser	Met	Lys	Thr 505		Phe	Val	Авр	ser 510	Tyr	Ser

- Glu Met Leu Phe Phe Leu Gln Ser Leu Phe Met Leu Ala Thr Val Val 515 520 525
- Leu Tyr Phe Ser His Leu Lys Glu Tyr Val Ala Ser Met Val Phe Ser 530 540
- Leu Ala Leu Gly Trp Thr Asn Met Leu Tyr Tyr Thr Arg Gly Phe Gln 545 550 555 560
- Gln Met Gly Ile Tyr Ala Val Met Ile Glu Lys Met Ile Leu Arg Asp 565 570 575
- Leu Cys Arg Phe Met Phe Val Tyr Ile Val Phe Leu Phe Gly Phe Ser 580 585 590
- Thr Ala Val Val Thr Leu Ile Glu Asp Gly Lys Asn Asp Ser Leu Pro 595 600 605
- Ser Glu Ser Thr Ser His Arg Trp Arg Gly Pro Ala Cys Arg Pro Pro 610 . 615 620
- Asp Ser Ser Tyr Asn Ser Leu Tyr Ser Thr Cys Leu Glu Leu Phe Lys 625 630 635 640
- Phe Thr Ile Gly Met Gly Asp Leu Glu Phe Thr Glu Asn Tyr Asp Phe 645 650 655
- Lys Ala Val Phe Ile Ile Leu Leu Leu Ala Tyr Val Ile Leu Thr Tyr
  660 665 670
- Ile Leu Leu Asn Met Leu Ile Ala Leu Met Gly Glu Thr Val Asn 675 680 685
- Lys Ile Ala Gln Glu Ser Lys Asn Ile Trp Lys Leu Gln Arg Ala Ile 690 695 700
- Thr Ile Leu Asp Thr Glu Lys Ser Phe Leu Lys Cys Met Arg Lys Ala
  705 710 715 720

Phe Arg Ser Gly Lys Leu Leu Gln Val Gly Tyr Thr Pro Asp Gly Lys
725 730 735

Asp Asp Tyr Arg Trp Cys Phe Arg Val Asp Glu Val Asn Trp Thr Thr 740 745 750

Trp Asn Thr Asn Val Gly Ile Ile Asn Glu Asp Pro Gly Asn Cys Glu 755 760 765

Gly Val Lys Arg Thr Leu Ser Phe Ser Leu Arg Ser Ser Arg Val Ser 770 775 780

Gly Arg His Trp Lys Asn Phe Ala Leu Val Pro Leu Leu Arg Glu Ala 785 790 795 800

Ser Ala Arg Asp Arg Gln Ser Ala Gln Pro Glu Glu Val Tyr Leu Arg 805 810 815

Gln Phe Ser Gly Ser Leu Lys Pro Glu Asp Ala Glu Val Phe Lys Ser 820 825 830

Pro Ala Ala Ser Gly Glu Lys 835

<210> 3

<211> 838

<212> PRT

<213> Rattus norvegicus

<400> 3

Met Glu Gln Arg Ala Ser Leu Asp Ser Glu Glu Ser Glu Ser Pro Pro 1 5 10 15

Gln Glu Asn Ser Cys Leu Asp Pro Pro Asp Arg Asp Pro Asn Cys Lys
20 25 30

Pro Pro Pro Val Lys Pro His Ile Phe Thr Thr Arg Ser Arg Thr Arg 35 40 45

Leu Phe Gly Lys Gly Asp Ser Glu Glu Ala Ser Pro Leu Asp Cys Pro 50 55 60

Tyr Glu Glu Gly Gly Leu Ala Ser Cys Pro Ile Ile Thr Val Ser Ser 65 70 75 80

Val Leu Thr Ile Gln Arg Pro Gly Asp Gly Pro Ala Ser Val Arg Pro 85 90 95

Ser Ser Gln Asp Ser Val Ser Ala Gly Glu Lys Pro Pro Arg Leu Tyr
100 105 110

Asp Arg Arg Ser Ile Phe Asp Ala Val Ala Gln Ser Asn Cys Gln Glu 115 120 125

Leu Glu Ser Leu Leu Pro Phe Leu Gln Arg Ser Lys Lys Arg Leu Thr 130 135 140

Asp Ser Glu Phe Lys Asp Pro Glu Thr Gly Lys Thr Cys Leu Leu Lys 145 150 155 160

Ala Met Leu Asn Leu His Asn Gly Gln Asn Asp Thr Ile Ala Leu Leu 165 170 175

Leu Asp Val Ala Arg Lys Thr Asp Ser Leu Lys Gln Phe Val Asn Ala 180 185 190

Ser Tyr Thr Asp Ser Tyr Tyr Lys Gly Gln Thr Ala Leu His Ile Ala 195 200 205

Ile Glu Arg Arg Asn Met Thr Leu Val Thr Leu Val Glu Asn Gly
210 215 220

Ala Asp Val Gln Ala Ala Ala Asn Gly Asp Phe Phe Lys Lys Thr Lys 225 230 235 240

GIÀ	Arg	Pro	GTÅ	245	Tyr	Pne	GIÀ	Glu	250	Pro	Leu	Ser	Leu	255	Ala
Сув	Thr	Asn	Gln 260	Leu	Ala	Ile	Val	Lys 265	Phe	Leu	Leu	Gln	Asn 270	Ser	Trp
Gln	Pro	Ala 275	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ala	Arg 280	Asp	Ser	Val	Gly	Asn 285	Thr	Val	Leu
His	Ala 290	Leu	Val	Glu	Val	Ala 295	Asp	Asn	Thr	Val	Asp 300	Asn	Thr	Lys	Phe
Val 305	Thr	Ser	Met	Tyr	Asn 310	Glu	Ile	Leu	Ile	Leu 315	Gly	Ala	Lys	Leu	His 320
Pro	Thr	Leu	Lys	Leu 325	Glu	Glu	Ile	Thr	Asn 330	Arg	Lys	Gly	Leu	Thr 335	Pro
Leu	Ala	Leu	Ala 340	Ala	Ser	Ser	Gly	<b>L</b> ув 345	Ile	Gly	Val	Leu	Ala 350	Tyr	Ile
Leu	Gln	Arg 355	Glu	Ile	His	Glu	Pro 360	Glu	Сув	Arg	His	Leu 365	Ser	Arg	Lys
Phe	Thr 370	Glu	Trp	Ala	Tyr	Gly 375	Pro	Val	His	Ser	ser 380	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Leu
Ser 385	Сув	Ile	Asp	Thr	Сув 390	Glu	Lys	Àsn	ser	Val 395	Leu	Glu	Val	Ile	Ala 400
Tyr	Ser	Ser	Ser	Glu 405	Thr	Pro	Asn	Arg	His 410	Asp	Met	Leu	Leu	Val 415	Glu
Pro	Leu	Asn	Arg 420	Leu	Leu	Gln	Asp	Lys 425	Trp	Авр	Arg	Phe	Val 430	Lys	Arg
Ile	Phe	Tyr	Phe	Asn	Phe	Phe	Val	Tyr	Сув	Leu	Tyr	Met	Ile	Ile	Phe

Thr Ala Ala Ala Tyr Tyr Arg Pro Val Glu Gly Leu Pro Pro Tyr Lys
450 455 460

Leu Lys Asn Thr Val Gly Asp Tyr Phe Arg Val Thr Gly Glu Ile Leu 465 470 475 480

Ser Val Ser Gly Gly Val Tyr Phe Phe Phe Arg Gly Ile Gln Tyr Phe
485 490 495

Leu Gln Arg Arg Pro Ser Leu Lys Ser Leu Phe Val Asp Ser Tyr Ser 500 505 510

Glu Ile Leu Phe Phe Val Gln Ser Leu Phe Met Leu Val Ser Val Val 515 520 525

Leu Tyr Phe Ser Gln Arg Lys Glu Tyr Val Ala Ser Met Val Phe Ser 530 535 540

Leu Ala Met Gly Trp Thr Asn Met Leu Tyr Tyr Thr Arg Gly Phe Gln 545 550 555 560

Gln Met Gly Ile Tyr Ala Val Met Ile Glu Lys Met Ile Leu Arg Asp 565 570 575

Leu Cys Arg Phe Met Phe Val Tyr Leu Val Phe Leu Phe Gly Phe Ser 580 585 590

Thr Ala Val Val Thr Leu Ile Glu Asp Gly Lys Asn Asn Ser Leu Pro 595 600 605

Met Glu Ser Thr Pro His Lys Cys Arg Gly Ser Ala Cys Lys Pro Gly
610 620

Asn Ser Tyr Asn Ser Leu Tyr Ser Thr Cys Leu Glu Leu Phe Lys Phe 625 635 640

Thr Ile Gly Met Gly Asp Leu Glu Phe Thr Glu Asn Tyr Asp Phe Lys
645 650 655

Ala Val Phe Ile Ile Leu Leu Leu Ala Tyr Val Ile Leu Thr Tyr Ile 660 665 670

Leu Leu Asn Met Leu Ile Ala Leu Met Gly Glu Thr Val Asn Lys
675 680 685

Ile Ala Gln Glu Ser Lys Asn Ile Trp Lys Leu Gln Arg Ala Ile Thr
690 695 700

Ile Leu Asp Thr Glu Lys Ser Phe Leu Lys Cys Met Arg Lys Ala Phe 705 710 715 720

Arg Ser Gly Lys Leu Leu Gln Val Gly Phe Thr Pro Asp Gly Lys Asp
725 730 735

Asp Tyr Arg Trp Cys Phe Arg Val Asp Glu Val Asn Trp Thr Thr Trp
740 745 750

Asn Thr Asn Val Gly Ile Ile Asn Glu Asp Pro Gly Asn Cys Glu Gly
755 760 765

Val Lys Arg Thr Leu Ser Phe Ser Leu Arg Ser Gly Arg Val Ser Gly 770 780

Arg Asn Trp Lys Asn Phe Ala Leu Val Pro Leu Leu Arg Asp Ala Ser 785 790 795 800

Thr Arg Asp Arg His Ala Thr Gln Glu Glu Val Gln Leu Lys His
805 810 815

Tyr Thr Gly Ser Leu Lys Pro Glu Asp Ala Glu Val Phe Lys Asp Ser 820 825 830

Met Val Pro Gly Glu Lys 835 <210> 4

<211> 4118

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (686)..(3577)

<400> 4

ttacgogtta agaaataccc aagottatgo atcaagottg gtaccgagot cggatccact 60

agtaccgccg gccagtgtgo tggaattcaa ggtgaggaa ggagcatgga tcctgggago 120

gagtgtgtgc aggccaggga gggctttcca gaggagccca gttgagctgg aacaccagtg 180

gggaggagtt gaccagcaaa ggtgcaggga gggatcagca ctttgcactg gggagcagag 240

tttgtgcact ggggaagtca actcaagtat tggagcctca gtttcctgtt ctgtaaaatg 300

ggttcatcat gacagtgttt gatgaggaaa aggactgccg gcctacacag caagtccaca 360

tggattttct gagcccctcc tgtgcctgaa gcccacggtt aatggttctg ccttagcagg 420

tgcttaccac gtgccaggca ctgcactgca ctggccactg gactgcatgt tctgtccatg 480

aggcttggat atccccatct tacagatcag gaagctgagg ctatgaaatg tcgacttgct 540

caatgtcatg gaatgactaa gtgtggagcc tggatttgaa cttggctctc tgggggctcca 600

aagctggctt tcttggtcag cagtagggtc tgggatccaa gtatggggtc ccagcttgac 660

cctgaagtcc accctcttc agcta atg ccc agg gta gtt gga cct ggg gcc 712

Met Pro Arg Val Val Gly Pro Gly Ala

aat	: ttg	, tgt	tto	caç	gtt	cgt	gaa	aga	ggc	tcc	tgt	tgc	agt	tec	cgc	760
Asr	Leu	Cys	Phe	Glr	Val	Arg	Glu	Arg	Gly	Ser	Сув	Сув	Ser	Ser	Arg	•
10	)				15					20	)				25	
							•									
ctg	agg	ctg	gcg	gco	aac	cac	atc	tgg	gag	tgg	cct	ccc	tgt	gcc	cct	808
Leu	Arg	Leu	Ala	Ala	Asn	His	Ile	Trp	Glu	Trp	Pro	Pro	Сув	Ala	Pro	
				30					35					40		
gtc	att	aca	acg	gtg	gct	ttg	aag	cag	ctg	gca	gca	ctg	ctg	ctt	gtc	856
Val	Ile	Thr	Thr	Val	Ala	Leu	Lys	Gln	Leu	Ala	Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Val	
			45					50					55			
cac	gtg	gga	<b>9</b> 99	ggc	ttc	ctg	gag	ccc	ccg	ccc	ctg	gcç	ggg	ttc	tgc	904
His	Val	Gly	Gly	Gly	Phe	Leu	Glu	Pro	Pro	Pro	Leu	Ala	Gly	Phe	Сув	
		60					65					70				
ctg	act	CCC	ctt	tca	ttc	cct	tgc	agg	ctg	agc	agt	gca	gac	ggg	cct	952
Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Ser	Phe	Pro	Cys	Arg	Leu	Ser	Ser	Ala	Asp	Gly	Pro	
	75					80					85					
ggg	gca	ggc	atg	gcg	gat	tcc	agc	gaa	ggc	ccc	cgc	gcg	ggg	ccc	ggg	1000
Gly	Ala	Gly	Met	Ala	Asp	Ser	Ser	Glu	Gly	Pro	Arg	Ala	Gly	Pro	Gly	
90					95					100					105	
gag	gtg	gct	gag	ctc	ccc	ggg	gat	gag	agt	ggc	acc	cca	ggt	ggg	gag	1048
Glu	Val	Ala	Glu	Leu	Pro	Gly	Asp	Glu	Ser	Gly	Thr	Pro	Gly	Gly	Glu	
				110					115					120		
	•															
gct	ttt	cct	ctc	tcc	tcc	ctg	gcc	aat	ctg	ttt	gag	ggg	gag	gat	ggc	1096
Ala	Phe	Pro	Leu	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ala	Asn	Leu	Phe	Glu	Gly	Glu	Asp	Gly	
			125					130					135		•	
tcc	ctt	tcg	ccc	tca	ccg	gct	gat	gcc	agt	cgc	cct	gct	ggc	cca	ggc	1144
Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	Ser	Pro	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ser	Arg	Pro	Ala	Gly	Pro	Gly	
		140					145					150				

															aag	1192
Asp	Gly	Arg	Pro	Asn	Leu	Arg	Met	Lys	Phe	Gln	Gly	Ala	Phe	Arg	Lys	
	155					160					165					
ggg	gtg	ccc	aac	ccc	atc	gat	ctg	ctg	gag	tcc	acc	cta	tat	gag	tcc	1240
Gly	Val	Pro	Asn	Pro	Ile	qaA	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ser	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Ser	
170					175					180					185	
tcg	gtg	gtg	cct	<b>9</b> 99	ccc	aag	aaa	gca	ccc	atg	gac	tca	ctg	ttt	gac	1288
Ser	Val	Val	Pro	Gly	Pro	Lys	Lys	Ala	Pro	Met	Asp	Ser	Leu	Phe	Asp	•
				190					195					200		
tac	ggc	acc	tat	cgt	cac	cac	tcc	agt	gac	aac	aag	agg	tgg	agg	aag	1336
Tyr	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Arg	His	His	Ser	Ser	Asp	Asn	Lys	Arg	Trp	Arg	Lys	
			205					210					215			
aag	atc	ata	gag	aag	cag	ccg	cag	agc	ccc	aaa	gcc	cct	gcc	cct	cag	1384
Lys	Ile	Ile	Glu	Lys	Gln	Pro	Gln	Ser	Pro	Lys	Ala	Pro	Ala	Pro	Gln	
		220					225					230				
ccg	ccc	ccc	atc	ctc	aaa	gtc	ttc	aac	cgg	cct	atc	ctc	ttt	gac	atc	1432
Pro	Pro	Pro	Ile	Leu	Lys	Val	Phe	Asn	Arg	Pro	Ile	Leu	Phe	Asp	Ile	
	235					240					245					
gtg	tcc	cgg	ggc	tcc	act	gct	gac	ctg	gac	ggg	ctg	ctc	cca	ttc	ttg	1480
Val	Ser	Arg	Gly	Ser	Thr	Ala	Asp	Leu	Asp	Gly	Leu	Leu	Pro	Phe	Leu	
250				•	255					260					265	
ctg	acc	cac	aag	aaa	cgc	cta	act	gat	gag	gag	ttt	cga	gag	cca	tct	1528
Leu	Thr	His	Lys	Lys	Arg	Leu	Thr	Asp	Glu	Glu	Phe	Arg	Glu	Pro	Ser	
				270					275					280		
acg	ggg	aag	acc	tgc	ctg	ccc	aag	gcc	ttg	ctg	aac	ctg	agc	aat	ggc	1576
										Leu						
			285					290					295		•	

cgc	aac	gac	acc	ato	cct	gtg	ctg	ctg	gac	atc	gcg	gag	cgc	acc	ggc	1624
Arg	Asn	Asp	Thr	Ile	Pro	Val	Leu	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ala	Glu	Arg	Thr	Gly	
		300					305					310				
•																
aac	atg	cgg	gag	ttc	att	aac	tcg	ccc	ttc	cgt	gac	atc	tac	tat	cga	1672
Asn	Met	Arg	Glu	Phe	Ile	Asn	Ser	Pro	Phe	Arg	Asp	Ile	Tyr	Tyr	Arg	
	315					320					325			•	_	
ggt	cag	aca	gcc	ctg	cac	atc	gcc	att	gag	cgt	cqc	tac	aaa	cac	tac	1720
					His											
330					335					340		- 3	-3-		345	
															• • •	
gtg	gaa	ctt	ctc	gtg	gcc	caq	qqa	act	gat	atc	cac	acc	cag	acc	cat	1768
					Ala											1700
				350					355	•	5		·	360	nry.	
														500		
aaa	cac	ttc	tte	саσ	ccc	aan	aat	a a a	aaa	~~~	tac	++0	+			1016
					Pro											1816
1	9		365	<b></b>		<i>D</i> , <i>D</i>	nop	370	GLY		TYL	File	375	rne	GIY	
					•			370					375			
gag	ata	acc	cta	tca	ctg	act	acc	+ ~ ~	200	222						1064
					Leu											1864
U_u	Deu	380	neu	PET	Leu	TIG	385	Сув	THE	ABN	GIN		HIS	11e	vai	
		500					303					390				
220	+ 2.5	at a	200													
					aac											1912
ABII		Leu	Thr	GIU	Asn		HIB	Lys	Lys	Ala		Met	Arg	Arg	Gln	
	395					400					405					
									•							
					aca											1960
	Ser	Arg	Gly	Asn	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Ala	Leu	Val	Ala	Ile	Ala	Asp	
410					415				•	420					425	
					acc											2008
Asn	Thr	Arg	Glu	Asn	Thr	Lys	Phe	Val	Thr	Lys	Met	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Leu	
				430					435					440		

cta	ctc	aan	tat	acc	cac	ctc	++0	ccc	~~~	200		a <b>+</b> a			gtg	2056
																2056
Leu	Den	гåв		ATG	ALG	neu	Pne		Asp	ser	Asn	Leu			Val	
			445					450					455			
ctc	aac	aac	gac	ggc	ctc	tcg	ccc	ctc	atg	atg	gct	gcc	aag	acg	ggc	2104
Leu	Asn	Asn	Asp	Gly	Leu	Ser	Pro	Leu	Met	Met	Ala	Ala	Lys	Thr	Gly	•
		460					465					470				
								•								
aag	att	ggg	atc	ttt	cag	cac	atc	atc	cgg	cgg	gag	gtg	acg	gat	gag	2152
Lys	Ile	Gly	Ile	Phe	Gln	His	Ile	Ile	Arg	Arg	Glu	Val	Thr	Asp	Glu	
	475					480					485			-		
gac	aca	caa	cac	cta	tcc	cac	aaσ	tcc	aad	gac	taa	aca	tat	aaa	cca	2200
					Ser											2200
490		9			495	9	-,-	501	Dy S		11p	nia	TYL	GIY		
4,50					473					500					505 ·	
_4 ~			4													
					tat											2248
Val	Tyr	Ser	Ser		Tyr	Asp	Leu	Ser	Ser	Leu	Asp	Thr	Сув	Gly	Glu	
				510					515					520		
gag	gcc	tcc	gtg	ctg	gag	atc	ctg	gtg	tac	aac	agc	aag	att	gag	aac	2296
Glu	Ala	Ser	Val	Leu	Glu	Ile	Leu	Val	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Lys	Ile	Glu	Asn	
			525					530					535			
			•													
cgc	cac	gag	atg	ctg	gct	gtg	gag	ccc	atc	aat	gaa	ctg	ctq	cgg	gac	2344
					Ala									-	-	
		540					545					550				
ааσ	taa	caa	aaq	ttc	ggg	acc	atc	tcc	++0	<b>+</b> 2.0	24.0	220	~+ ~	<b>~+</b> ~		2202
					Gly											2392
2,0		nrg	БУБ	FIIC	GLY		Val	ser	Pne	TYF		Asn	vaı	val	ser	
	555					560					565					
									•							
					gtt											2440
Tyr	Leu	Сув	Ala	Met	Val	Ile	Phe	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ala	Tyr	Tyr	Gln	Pro	
570					575					580					585	

ctg	gag	ggc	aca	ccg	ccg	tac	cct	tac	cgc	acc	acg	gtg	gac	tac	ctg	2488
Leu	Glu	Gly	Thr	Pro	Pro	Tyr	Pro	Tyr	Arg	Thr	Thr	Val	Asp	Tyr	Leu	
				590					595					600		
cgg	ctg	gct	ggc	gag	gtc	att	acg	ctc	ttc	act	ggg	gtc	ctg	ttc	ttc	2536
	Leu												_			
			605					610			•		615			
ttc	acc	aac	atc	aaa	gac	ttg	ttc	atg	aag	aaa	tgc	cct	gga	ata	aat	2584
	Thr															
		620					625		_	-		630	-			
tct	ctc	ttc	att	gat	ggc	tcc	ttc	cag	ctg	ctc	tac	ttc	atc	tac	tct	2632
	Leu															
	635					640					645					
																•
gtc	ctg	gtg	atc	gtc	tca	gca	qcc	ctc	tac	cta	qca	aga	atc	σασ	acc	2680
	Leu														-	
550					655				-4-	660		1			665	
			•												005	
ac	ctg	qcc	ato	ato	atc	ttt	acc	cta	atc	cta	aac	taa	ato	aat	acc	2728
	Leu												_		_	2,20
•				670					675		1			680		
									0,0					000		
:tt	tac	ttc	acc	cat	aaa	cta	aaq	cta	aco	aaa	acc	tat	aac	atc	ato	2776
	Tyr															2770
	-1-		685	••••	<b>01</b>	Dou	D J G	690	****	Gly	1111	TYL	695	116	nec	
			003	,				030					093			
ıtc	cag	220	a++	at a	++0	224	~~~	a++	***						<b>.</b>	2024
												_		_		2824
TE	Gln		TIE	Leu	Pne	гув		Leu	Pne	Arg	Pne		Leu	Val	Tyr	
		700					705					710				
	ctc															2872
eu	Leu	Phe	Met	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Ala	Leu	Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Asn	
	715					720					725					

															aca Thr	2920
730				-	735		- Oyu		<b>U1</b> u	740			VOI	Cys	745	
																•
gtg	ccc	act	tac	ccc	tcg	tgc	cgt	gac	agc	gag	acc	ttc	ago	acc	ttc	2968
Val	Pro	Thr	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Сув	Arg	Asp	Ser	Glu	Thr	Phe	Ser	Thr	Phe	
				750					755					760		
															atg	3016
Leu	Leu	Asp		Phe	Lys	Leu	Thr		Gly	Met	Gly	Asp	Leu	Glu	Met	
			765					770					775			
cta	agc	agc	acc	ааσ	tac	ccc	ata	atc	++0	ato	ata	at a	a+ a			2064
		Ser														3064
		780		-2-	-2-		785	***		116	116	790	Deu	AGI	XIIIE .	
	٠											,,,,				
tac	atc	atc	ctc	acc	tct	gtg	ctg	ctc	ctc	aac	atg	ctc	att	gcc	ctc	3112
Tyr	Ile	Ile	Leu	Thr	Ser	Val	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asn	Met	Leu	Ile	Ala	Leu	
	795					800					805					
		gag														3160
	Gly	Glu	Thr	Val		Gln	Val	Ser	Lys	Glu	Ser	Lys	His	Ile	Trp	
810					815					820					825	
224	a+~		<b>.</b>				- 4 -									
		cag														3208
ыyы	Deu	Gln	пр	830	THE	THE	116	Leu		116	GIU	Arg	Ser		Pro	
				000					835					840		
gta.	ttc	ctg	agg	aag	gcc	ttc	cqc	tct	aaa	gag	ato	atc	acc	ata	gac	3256
		Leu														
			845				_	850	•		•		855		2	
													_			
aag	agc	tcg	gac	ggc	act	cct	gac	cgc	agg	tgg	tgc	ttc	agg	gtg	gat	3304
Lys	Ser	Ser	Asp	Gly	Thr	Pro	qaA	Arg	Arg	Trp	Сув	Phe	Arg	Val	Asp	
		860					865					870				

WO 00/32766	25	PCT/EP99/09284

gag gtg aac tgg tct cac tgg aac cag aac ttg ggc atc atc aac gag 3352 Glu Val Asn Trp Ser His Trp Asn Gln Asn Leu Gly Ile Ile Asn Glu 875 880 885

gac ccg ggc aag aat gag acc tac cag tat tat ggc ttc tcg cat acc 3400 Asp Pro Gly Lys Asn Glu Thr Tyr Gln Tyr Tyr Gly Phe Ser His Thr 890 895 900 905

gtg ggc cgc ctc cgc agg gat cgc tgg tcc tcg gtg gta ccc cgc gtg 3448

Val Gly Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Arg Trp Ser Ser Val Val Pro Arg Val

910 915 920

gtg gaa ctg aac aag aac tcg aac ccg gac gag gtg gtg gtg cct ctg 3496
Val Glu Leu Asn Lys Asn Ser Asn Pro Asp Glu Val Val Pro Leu
925 930 935

gac agc atg ggg aac ccc cgc tgc gat ggc cac cag cag ggt tac ccc 3544

Asp Ser Met Gly Asn Pro Arg Cys Asp Gly His Gln Gln Gly Tyr Pro
940 945 950

cgc aag tgg agg act gat gac gcc ccg ctc tag ggactgcagc ccagccccag 3597
Arg Lys Trp Arg Thr Asp Asp Ala Pro Leu
955 960

cecacacect getttggeec cagaggegag ggaccagtgg aggtgecagg gaggeeceagg 3717
gaccetgtgg teccetgget etgeeteece accetgggt gggggeteec ggecacetgt 3777
ettgeteeta tggagteaca taagccaacg ceagageece tecaceteag gececageec 3837
etgeetetee attattatt tgetetgete teaggaageg acgtgaceec tgeeceaget 3897
ggaacetgge agaggeetta ggacceegtt ceaagtgeae tgeecggea ageeceagee 3957
teageetgeg ectgagetge atgegeeace attattggea gegtggeage tttgeaaggg 4017

gctggggccc tcggcgtggg gccatgcctt ctgtgtgttc tgtagtgtct gggatttgcc 4077

4118

<210> 5

<211> 963

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 5

Met Pro Arg Val Val Gly Pro Gly Ala Asn Leu Cys Phe Gln Val Arg

1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Gly Ser Cys Cys Ser Ser Arg Leu Arg Leu Ala Ala Asn His

Ile Trp Glu Trp Pro Pro Cys Ala Pro Val Ile Thr Thr Val Ala Leu
35 40 45

Lys Gln Leu Ala Ala Leu Leu Val His Val Gly Gly Phe Leu 50 55 60

Glu Pro Pro Pro Leu Ala Gly Phe Cys Leu Thr Pro Leu Ser Phe Pro 65 70 75 80

Cys Arg Leu Ser Ser Ala Asp Gly Pro Gly Ala Gly Met Ala Asp Ser 85 90 95

Ser Glu Gly Pro Arg Ala Gly Pro Gly Glu Val Ala Glu Leu Pro Gly
100 105 110

Asp Glu Ser Gly Thr Pro Gly Gly Glu Ala Phe Pro Leu Ser Ser Leu 115 120 125

Ala Asn Leu Phe Glu Gly Glu Asp Gly Ser Leu Ser Pro Ser Pro Ala 130 135 140 Asp Ala Ser Arg Pro Ala Gly Pro Gly Asp Gly Arg Pro Asn Leu Arg
145 150 155 160

Met Lys Phe Gln Gly Ala Phe Arg Lys Gly Val Pro Asn Pro Ile Asp 165 170 175

Leu Leu Glu Ser Thr Leu Tyr Glu Ser Ser Val Val Pro Gly Pro Lys
180 185 190

Lys Ala Pro Met Asp Ser Leu Phe Asp Tyr Gly Thr Tyr Arg His His
195 200 205

Ser Ser Asp Asn Lys Arg Trp Arg Lys Lys Ile Ile Glu Lys Gln Pro 210 215 220

Gln Ser Pro Lys Ala Pro Ala Pro Gln Pro Pro Pro Ile Leu Lys Val 225 230 235 240

Phe Asn Arg Pro Ile Leu Phe Asp Ile Val Ser Arg Gly Ser Thr Ala
245 250 255

Asp Leu Asp Gly Leu Leu Pro Phe Leu Leu Thr His Lys Lys Arg Leu 260 265 270

Thr Asp Glu Glu Phe Arg Glu Pro Ser Thr Gly Lys Thr Cys Leu Pro 275 280 285

Lys Ala Leu Leu Asn Leu Ser Asn Gly Arg Asn Asp Thr Ile Pro Val 290 295 300

Leu Leu Asp Ile Ala Glu Arg Thr Gly Asn Met Arg Glu Phe Ile Asn 305 310 315 320

Ser Pro Phe Arg Asp Ile Tyr Tyr Arg Gly Gln Thr Ala Leu His Ile 325 330 335

Ala Ile Glu Arg Arg Cys Lys His Tyr Val Glu Leu Leu Val Ala Gln 340 345 350

- Gly Ala Asp Val His Ala Gln Ala Arg Gly Arg Phe Phe Gln Pro Lys 355 360 365
- Asp Glu Gly Gly Tyr Phe Tyr Phe Gly Glu Leu Pro Leu Ser Leu Ala 370 375 380
- Ala Cys Thr Asn Gln Pro His Ile Val Asn Tyr Leu Thr Glu Asn Pro 385 390 395 400
- His Lys Lys Ala Asp Met Arg Arg Gln Asp Ser Arg Gly Asn Thr Val 405 410 415
- Leu His Ala Leu Val Ala Ile Ala Asp Asn Thr Arg Glu Asn Thr Lys
  420 425 430
- Phe Val Thr Lys Met Tyr Asp Leu Leu Leu Leu Lys Cys Ala Arg Leu 435 440 445
- Phe Pro Asp Ser Asn Leu Glu Ala Val Leu Asn Asn Asp Gly Leu Ser 450 455 460
- Pro Leu Met Met Ala Ala Lys Thr Gly Lys Ile Gly Ile Phe Gln His
  465 470 475 480
- Ile Ile Arg Arg Glu Val Thr Asp Glu Asp Thr Arg His Leu Ser Arg
  485 490 495
- Lys Ser Lys Asp Trp Ala Tyr Gly Pro Val Tyr Ser Ser Leu Tyr Asp 500 505 510
- Leu Ser Ser Leu Asp Thr Cys Gly Glu Glu Ala Ser Val Leu Glu Ile 515 520 525
- Leu Val Tyr Asn Ser Lys Ile Glu Asn Arg His Glu Met Leu Ala Val 530 535 540
- Glu Pro Ile Asn Glu Leu Leu Arg Asp Lys Trp Arg Lys Phe Gly Ala 545 550 555 560

- Val Ser Phe Tyr Ile Asn Val Val Ser Tyr Leu Cys Ala Met Val Ile 565 570 575
- Phe Thr Leu Thr Ala Tyr Tyr Gln Pro Leu Glu Gly Thr Pro Pro Tyr 580 585 590
- Pro Tyr Arg Thr Thr Val Asp Tyr Leu Arg Leu Ala Gly Glu Val Ile 595 600 605
- Thr Leu Phe Thr Gly Val Leu Phe Phe Phe Thr Asn Ile Lys Asp Leu 610 615 620
- Phe Met Lys Lys Cys Pro Gly Val Asn Ser Leu Phe Ile Asp Gly Ser 625 635 640
- Phe Gln Leu Leu Tyr Phe Ile Tyr Ser Val Leu Val Ile Val Ser Ala 645 650 655
- Ala Leu Tyr Leu Ala Gly Ile Glu Ala Tyr Leu Ala Met Met Val Phe 660 665 . 670
- Ala Leu Val Leu Gly Trp Met Asn Ala Leu Tyr Phe Thr Arg Gly Leu 675 680 685
- Lys Leu Thr Gly Thr Tyr Ser Ile Met Ile Gln Lys Ile Leu Phe Lys
  690 695 700
- Asp Leu Phe Arg Phe Leu Leu Val Tyr Leu Leu Phe Met Ile Gly Tyr 705 710 715 720
- Ala Ser Ala Leu Val Ser Leu Leu Asn Pro Cys Ala Asn Met Lys Val 725 730 735
- Cys Asn Glu Asp Gln Thr Asn Cys Thr Val Pro Thr Tyr Pro Ser Cys
  740 745 750
- Arg Asp Ser Glu Thr Phe Ser Thr Phe Leu Leu Asp Leu Phe Lys Leu
  755 760 765

- Thr Ile Gly Met Gly Asp Leu Glu Met Leu Ser Ser Thr Lys Tyr Pro
  770 780
- Val Val Phe Ile Ile Leu Leu Val Thr Tyr Ile Ile Leu Thr Ser Val 785 790 795 800
- Leu Leu Leu Asn Met Leu Ile Ala Leu Met Gly Glu Thr Val Gly Gln 805 810 815
- Val Ser Lys Glu Ser Lys His Ile Trp Lys Leu Gln Trp Ala Thr Thr 820 825 830
- Ile Leu Asp Ile Glu Arg Ser Phe Pro Val Phe Leu Arg Lys Ala Phe 835 840 845
- Arg Ser Gly Glu Met Val Thr Val Gly Lys Ser Ser Asp Gly Thr Pro 850 855 860
- Asp Arg Arg Trp Cys Phe Arg Val Asp Glu Val Asn Trp Ser His Trp 865 870 875 880
- Asn Gln Asn Leu Gly Ile Ile Asn Glu Asp Pro Gly Lys Asn Glu Thr 885 890 895
- Tyr Gln Tyr Tyr Gly Phe Ser His Thr Val Gly Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp 900 905 910
- Arg Trp Ser Ser Val Val Pro Arg Val Val Glu Leu Asn Lys Asn Ser 915 920 925
- Asn Pro Asp Glu Val Val Pro Leu Asp Ser Met Gly Asn Pro Arg 930 935 940
- Cys Asp Gly His Gln Gln Gly Tyr Pro Arg Lys Trp Arg Thr Asp Asp 945 950 955 960

Ala Pro Leu

<210> 6

<211> `764

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 6

Met Thr Ser Pro Ser Ser Ser Pro Val Phe Arg Leu Glu Thr Leu Asp

1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Gln Glu Asp Gly Ser Glu Ala Asp Arg Gly Lys Leu Asp Phe 20 25 30

Gly Ser Gly Leu Pro Pro Met Glu Ser Gln Phe Gln Gly Glu Asp Arg 35 40 45

Lys Phe Ala Pro Gln Ile Arg Val Asn Leu Asn Tyr Arg Lys Gly Thr 50 55 60

Gly Ala Ser Gln Pro Asp Pro Asn Arg Phe Asp Arg Asp Arg Leu Phe 65 70 75 80

Asn Ala Val Ser Arg Gly Val Pro Glu Asp Leu Ala Gly Leu Pro Glu 85 90 95

Tyr Leu Ser Lys Thr Ser Lys Tyr Leu Thr Asp Ser Glu Tyr Thr Glu 100 105 110

Gly Ser Thr Gly Lys Thr Cys Leu Met Lys Ala Val Leu Asn Leu Lys 115 120 125

Asp Gly Val Asn Ala Cys Ile Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Ile Asp Arg Asp 130 135 140

Ser Gly Asn Pro Gln Pro Leu Val Asn Ala Gln Cys Thr Asp Asp Tyr 145 150 155 160

Tyr Arg Gly His Ser Ala Leu His Ile Ala Ile Glu Lys Arg Ser Leu 165 170 175

- Gln Cys Val Lys Leu Leu Val Glu Asn Gly Ala Asn Val His Ala Arg 180 185 190
- Ala Cys Gly Arg Phe Phe Gln Lys Gly Gln Gly Thr Cys Phe Tyr Phe 195 200 205
- Gly Glu Leu Pro Leu Ser Leu Ala Ala Cys Thr Lys Gln Trp Asp Val 210 215 220
- Val Ser Tyr Leu Leu Glu Asn Pro His Gln Pro Ala Ser Leu Gln Ala 225 235 240
- Thr Asp Ser Gln Gly Asn Thr Val Leu His Ala Leu Val Met Ile Ser 245 250 255
- Asp Asn Ser Ala Glu Asn Ile Ala Leu Val Thr Ser Met Tyr Asp Gly
  260 265 270
- Leu Leu Gln Ala Gly Ala Arg Leu Cys Pro Thr Val Gln Leu Glu Asp
  275
  280
  285
- Ile Arg Asn Leu Gln Asp Leu Thr Pro Leu Lys Leu Ala Ala Lys Glu 290 295 300
- Gly Lys Ile Glu Ile Phe Arg His Ile Leu Gln Arg Glu Phe Ser Gly 305 310 315 320
- Leu Ser His Leu Ser Arg Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Cys Tyr Gly Pro Val 325 330 335
- Arg Val Ser Leu Tyr Asp Leu Ala Ser Val Asp Ser Cys Glu Glu Asn 340 345 350
- Ser Val Leu Glu Ile Ile Ala Phe His Cys Lys Ser Pro His Arg His 355 360 365
- Arg Met Val Val Leu Glu Pro Leu Asn Lys Leu Gln Ala Lys Trp
  370 375 380

- Asp Leu Leu Ile Pro Lys Phe Phe Leu Asn Phe Leu Cys Asn Leu Ile 385 390 395 400
- Tyr Met Phe Ile Phe Thr Ala Val Ala Tyr His Gln Pro Thr Leu Lys
  405 410 415
- Lys Gln Ala Ala Pro His Leu Lys Ala Glu Val Gly Asn Ser Met Leu 420 425 430
- Leu Thr Gly His Ile Leu Ile Leu Leu Gly Gly Ile Tyr Leu Leu Val 435 440 445
- Gly Gln Leu Trp Tyr Phe Trp Arg Arg His Val Phe Ile Trp Ile Ser 450 455 460
- Phe Ile Asp Ser Tyr Phe Glu Ile Leu Phe Leu Phe Gln Ala Leu Leu 465 470 475 480
- Thr Val Val Ser Gln Val Leu Cys Phe Leu Ala Ile Glu Trp Tyr Leu
  485 490 495
- Pro Leu Leu Val Ser Ala Leu Val Leu Gly Trp Leu Asn Leu Leu Tyr 500 505 510
- Tyr Thr Arg Gly Phe Gln His Thr Gly Ile Tyr Ser Val Met Ile Gln
  515 520 525
- Lys Val Ile Leu Arg Asp Leu Leu Arg Phe Leu Leu Ile Tyr Leu Val 530 535 540
- Phe Leu Phe Gly Phe Ala Val Ala Leu Val Ser Leu Ser Gln Glu Ala 545 550 555 560
- Trp Arg Pro Glu Ala Pro Thr Gly Pro Asn Ala Thr Glu Ser Val Gln
  565 570 575
- Pro Met Glu Gly Gln Glu Asp Glu Gly Asn Gly Ala Gln Tyr Arg Gly 580 585 590

- Ile Leu Glu Ala Ser Leu Glu Leu Phe Lys Phe Thr Ile Gly Met Gly 595 600 605
- Glu Leu Ala Phe Gln Glu Gln Leu His Phe Arg Gly Met Val Leu Leu 610 615 620
- Leu Leu Leu Ala Tyr Val Leu Leu Thr Tyr Ile Leu Leu Leu Asn Met 625 630 635 640
- Leu Ile Ala Leu Met Ser Glu Thr Val Asn Ser Val Ala Thr Asp Ser

  645 650 655
- Trp Ser Ile Trp Lys Leu Gln Lys Ala Ile Ser Val Leu Glu Met Glu 660 665 670
- Asn Gly Tyr Trp Trp Cys Arg Lys Lys Gln Arg Ala Gly Val Met Leu 675 680 685
- Thr Val Gly Thr Lys Pro Asp Gly Ser Pro Asp Glu Arg Trp Cys Phe 690 695 700
- Arg Val Glu Glu Val Asn Trp Ala Ser Trp Glu Gln Thr Leu Pro Thr 705 710 715 720
- Leu Cys Glu Asp Pro Ser Gly Ala Gly Val Pro Arg Thr Leu Glu Asn
  725 730 735
- Pro Val Leu Ala Ser Pro Pro Lys Glu Asp Glu Asp Gly Ala Ser Glu 740 745 750
- Glu Asn Tyr Val Pro Val Gln Leu Leu Gln Ser Asn 755 760

```
35
 WO 00/32766
<210> 7
<211> 18
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer
<400> 7
atttaggtga cactatag
                                                                    18
<210> 8
<211> 20
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer
<400> 8
taatacgact cactataggg
                                                                   20
<210> 9
<211> 19
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
```

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer

19

<220>

<400> 9

ggaaacagct atgaccatg

```
<210> 10
<211> 17
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer
<400> 10
gtaaaacgac ggccagt
                                                                   17
<210> 11
<211> 20
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer
<400> 11
aattaaccct cactaaaggg
                                                                   20
<210> 12
<211> 20
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer
<400> 12
tctacttcgg tgaactgccc
                                                                   20
```

36

PCT/EP99/09284

<210> 13 <211> 20 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 13 acggcaggga gtcattcttc 20 <210> 14 <211> 19 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 14 ctgcagaact cctggcaga 19 <210> 15 <211> 20 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 15 gtcaccaccg ctgtggaaaa 20

37

PCT/EP99/09284

<210> 16 <211> 21 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 16 tcctctggct tccaacccgt t 21 <210> 17 <211> 20 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 17 gaactgggca gaaagtgcct 20 <210> 18 <211> 21 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 18 ctggagttag ggtctccatc c 21

38

PCT/EP99/09284

<210> 19 <211> 43 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 19 gtcatagcgg ccgcgccc accatgaaga aatggagcag cac 43 <210> 20 <211> 20 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 20 aggcccactc ggtgaacttc 20 <210> 21 <211> 20 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 21 gacgagcatg tacaatgaga 20

39

PCT/EP99/09284

PCT/EP99/09284 40 <210> 22 <211> 20 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 22 gtcaccaccg ctgtggaaaa 20 <210> 23 <211> 20 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 23 tgtggacagc tacagtgaga 20 <210> 24 <211> 32 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 24 tgcactgaat tcgagcactg gtgttccctc ag 32

```
.WO 00/32766
                                        41
                                                                PCT/EP99/09284
  <210> 25
  <211> 20
  <212> DNA
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer
  <400> 25
  tgtggacagc tacagtgaga
                                                                      20
  <210> 26
  <211> 19
  <212> DNA
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer
  <400> 26
  gtggaaaacc cgaacaaga
                                                                     19
<210> 27
 <211> 23
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic sequence
 <400> 27
 Cys His Ile Phe Thr Thr Arg Ser Arg Thr Arg Leu Phe Gly Lys Gly
   1
                    5
                                       10
                                                            15
```

Asp Ser Glu Glu Ala Ser Cys

<210> 28

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic sequence

<400> 28

Cys Gly Ser Leu Lys Pro Glu Asp Ala Glu Val Phe Lys Asp Ser Met

1 5 10 15

Val Pro Gly Glu Lys

20

<210> 29

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer

<400> 29

atggccacca gcagggttac

20

<210> 30

<211> 18

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer

<400> 30 tctgccaggt tccagctg 18 <210> 31 <211> 41 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 31 gtcatagcgg ccgcgccca ccatgcccag ggtagttgga c 41 <210> 32 <211> 20 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 32 cacctcttgt tgtcactgga 20 <210> 33 <211> 23 . <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 33 caaatctgcg catgaagttc cag 23

43

PCT/EP99/09284

WO 00/32766 44 PCT/EP99/09284

```
<210> 34
```

<211> 23

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer

<400> 34

gccacgagaa gttccacgta gtg

23

<210> 35

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer

<400> 35

gctgctccca ttcttgctga

20

<210> 36

<211> 32

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer

<400> 36

tgcactctcg agaaatgagt gggcagagaa gc

32

WO 00/32766 45 PCT/EP99/09284 <210> 37 <211> 20 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 37 atggccacca gcagggttac 20 <210> 38 <211> 18 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 38 tctgccaggt tccagctg 18 <210> 39 <211> 20 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer <400> 39 acaagaaggc ggacatgcgg 20

WO 00/32766 46 PCT/EP99/09284

<210> 40

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer

<400> 40

atctcgtggc ggttctcaat

20

int. .tional Application No PCT/EP 99/09284

		P 99/09284	
A. CLASS IPC 7	C12N15/12 C07K14/705 C12N15/85 C12N5/10 C07N	(16/28	
According	to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
	SSEARCHED		
IPC 7	locumentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) ${\tt C12N-C07K}$		
Documenta	ation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields o	earched	
Electronic	data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms use	d)	
C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
Х	CATERINA, M.J. ET AL.: "The capsaicin receptor: a heat-actvated ion channel in the pain pathway" NATURE,	1-3,6,9, 14-16, 45-47	
	vol. 389, no. 6653, 23 October 1997 (1997-10-23), pages 816-824, XP002075020 cited in the application abstract		
	page 819; figures 5A,C page 820, column 2, line 13 -page 821, column 1, line 29 page 823, column 2, line 13 - line 14		
Χ.	page 817, column 2, line 12 -page 820, column 1, line 21	26	
A	page 823, column 2, line 19 -page 824, column 1, line 5	4,5,7,8, 10-13, 17-25, 48-51	
χ Furth	er documents are listed in the continuation of box C. X Patent family members are listed	n annex.	
Special cat	egories of cited documents :  "T" later document published after the linter or priority date and not in conflict with	national filing date	
consider d E" earlier d filling da 'L" docume	ocument but published on or after the international ate.  The which may throw doubts on priority, claim(a) or	ory underlying the aimed invention be considered to	
citation citation O" docume other m	s cited to establish the publication date of another or other special reason (as specified)  nt referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or seans  eans	aimed invention entive step when the	
later th	an the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent f		
	ctual completion of the international search  Date of mailing of the international sear	rch report	
<del></del>	April 2000 09/05/2000		
ame and m	ailing address of the ISA  European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2  NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk  Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,		
	Fax: (431-70) 340-3016 Fuchs, U		

int. .tional Application No PCT/EP 99/09284

Category °	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT  Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	
	appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
	page 817; figures 2A-C page 818; figures 3A-F	
X	EMBL Database, Heidelberg, FRG Emest2 accession number AA700891 22 December 1997 Hillier, L. ET AL.: "zj40d01.s1 Soares fetal liver spleen 1NFLS S1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 452737 3'" XP002135284 the whole document	6,7
X	EMBL Database, Heidelberg, FRG Emest6 accession number AI089668 19 August 1998 NCI/NINDS-CGAP: "qa10f06.x1 NCI_CGAP_Brn23 Homo sapiens cDNA clone IMAGE:1686371 3'" XP002135285 the whole document	6,8
X	BIRO, T. ET AL.: "Recent Advances in Understanding of Vanilloid Receptors: A Therapeutic Target for Treatment of Pain and Inflammation in Skin" JOURNAL OF INVESTIGATIVE DERMATOLOGY SYMPOSIUM PROCEEDINGS, vol. 2, no. 1, August 1997 (1997-08), pages 56-60, XP002075021	48,49
1	abstract page 57; table 1 page 58, column 1, line 8 -column 2, line 16	50,51
, X	WO 99 37675 A (THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA) 29 July 1999 (1999-07-29)	1,2,4,6, 7,9,10, 12,14, 15,23, 24,26, 45,46,
	abstract page 1, line 1 -page 3, line 30 SEQ ID NOS: 33 and 34 page 100 -page 106 page 58 -page 59; claims 1,24-6,8-14,19	48,50
	-/	

Interational Application No PCT/EP 99/09284

C.(Continua	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	PCT/EP 99	709284
Category *	Citation of document, with indication,where appropriate, of the relevant passages		Relevant to claim No.
		Helevant to daim No.	
),X	EP 0 943 683 A (SMITHKLINE BEECHAM PLC) 22 September 1999 (1999-09-22)  abstract		1,2,4,6, 7,9,10, 12,14, 15,23, 24,26, 45,46
	page 2, line 1 - line 31 SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 2 page 14-16		
	page 36 -page 37; claims 1-14		
•			
			•
			•
			•
	continuation of second sheel) (July 1992)		

mernational application No.

PCT/EP 99/09284

Box I	Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This Inte	ernational Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1.	Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority. namely:
2. X	Claims Nos.: 27–45
	because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:  see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
3.	Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II	Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This Inte	mational Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
1.	As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2.	As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3.	As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4.	No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims: It is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark (	The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.  No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

International Application No. PCT/EP 99 A9284

### FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

Claims Nos.: 27-45

Claims 27 - 45 refer to a compound which modulates human vanilloid receptor activity without giving a true technical characterization. Moreover, except two compounds already known in the prior art, no such compounds are defined in the application. In consequence, the scopes of said claims are ambigous and vague, and their subject matter is not sufficiently disclosed and supported (Art. 5 and 6 PCT).

No search can be carried out for such purely speculative claims whose wording is, in fact, a mere recitation of the result to be achieved.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

Information on patent family members

Int. donal Application No PCT/EP 99/09284

Patent document cited in search repor	t	Publication date	;	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9937675	A	29-07-1999	AU AU WO	2466799 A 9115698 A 9909140 A	09-08-1999 08-03-1999 25-02-1999
EP 0943683	Α	22-09-1999	JP	11279196 A	12-10-1999

Form PCT/ISA/210 (patent family annex) (July 1992)